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Both practice exams (web-based & desktop) give a Splunk SPLK-2003 real exam feeling and identify your mistakes so you can overcome your weaknesses before the SPLK-2003 final test. The desktop Splunk SPLK-2003 Practice Test software works on Windows after software installation. You can take the web-based Splunk Phantom Certified Admin SPLK-2003 practice exam via any operating system.

The SPLK-2003 exam is designed for individuals who already possess a basic understanding of Phantom and want to further develop their skills in security automation and orchestration. SPLK-2003 exam consists of 65 multiple-choice questions and lasts for 90 minutes. The questions are designed to test the candidate's knowledge of Phantom architecture, deployment, and administration. Additionally, the exam also covers topics such as playbook creation, incident response automation, and integration with other security tools.

By earning the Splunk Phantom Certified Admin certification, professionals can demonstrate their mastery of the Splunk Phantom platform and their ability to configure and manage it effectively. Splunk Phantom Certified Admin certification also validates their expertise in security automation and orchestration, which is becoming increasingly important in today's rapidly evolving threat landscape. SPLK-2003 is a globally recognized certification that can help professionals advance their career in the field of security automation and orchestration.

Splunk Phantom platform is an advanced security orchestration, automation, and response (SOAR) solution that helps organizations to automate their security operations. It is designed to streamline the process of identifying and responding to cybersecurity threats. The platform is highly customizable and can be tailored to meet the specific needs of different organizations. The SPLK-2003 exam ensures that candidates have a thorough understanding of the platform and can administer it effectively.

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Splunk Phantom Certified Admin Sample Questions (Q27-Q32):

NEW QUESTION # 27

Which of the following will show all artifacts that have the term results in a filePath CEF value?

- A. `.../result/artifact?_query_cef_filepath_icontains="results"`
- B. `...rest/artifacts/filePath="%results%"`
- C. `.../result/artifacts/cef/filePath= '%results%'`
- D. `.../rest/artifact?_filter_cef_filePath_icontain="results"`

Answer: D

Explanation:

The `_filter` parameter is used to filter the results based on a field value, and the `icontain` operator is used to perform a case-insensitive substring match. The `filePath` field is part of the Common Event Format (CEF) standard, and the `cef_` prefix is used to access CEF fields in the REST API.

To query and display all artifacts that contain the term "results" in a `filePath` CEF (Common Event Format) value, using the REST API endpoint with a filter parameter is effective. The filter `_filter_cef_filePath_icontain="results"` is applied to search within the artifact data for `filePath` fields that contain the term "results", disregarding case sensitivity. This method allows users to precisely locate and work with artifacts that meet specific criteria, aiding in the investigation and analysis processes within Splunk SOAR.

NEW QUESTION # 28

Which of the following will show all artifacts that have the term results in a filePath CEF value?

- A. `.../result/artifact?_query_cef_filepath_icontains="results"`
- B. `...rest/artifacts/filePath="%results%"`
- C. `.../result/artifacts/cef/filePath= '%results%'`
- D. `.../rest/artifact?_filter_cef_filePath_icontain="results"`

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is A because the `_filter` parameter is used to filter the results based on a field value, and the `icontain` operator is used to perform a case-insensitive substring match. The `filePath` field is part of the Common Event Format (CEF) standard, and the `cef_` prefix is used to access CEF fields in the REST API. The answer B is incorrect because it uses the wrong syntax for the REST API. The answer C is incorrect because it uses the wrong endpoint (result instead of artifact) and the wrong syntax for the REST API. The answer D is incorrect because it uses the wrong syntax for the REST API and the wrong spelling for the `icontains` operator.

Reference: Splunk SOAR REST API Guide, page 18.

To query and display all artifacts that contain the term "results" in a `filePath` CEF (Common Event Format) value, using the REST API endpoint with a filter parameter is effective. The filter `_filter_cef_filePath_icontain="results"` is applied to search within the artifact data for `filePath` fields that contain the term "results", disregarding case sensitivity. This method allows users to precisely locate and work with artifacts that meet specific criteria, aiding in the investigation and analysis processes within Splunk SOAR.

NEW QUESTION # 29

A filter block with only one condition configured which states: `artifact.*.cef.sourceAddress !=` , would permit which of the following

data to pass forward to the next block?

- A. Non-null destinationAddresses
- B. Null IP addresses
- **C. Non-null IP addresses**
- D. Null values

Answer: C

Explanation:

A filter block with only one condition configured which states: `artifact.*.cef.sourceAddress !=` , would permit only non-null IP addresses to pass forward to the next block. The `!=` operator means "is not null". The other options are not valid because they either include null values or other fields than `sourceAddress`. See Filter block for more details. A filter block in Splunk SOAR that is configured with the condition `artifact.*.cef`.

`sourceAddress !=` (assuming the intention was to use `!=` to denote 'not equal to') is designed to allow data that has non-null `sourceAddress` values to pass through to subsequent blocks. This means that any artifact data within the container that includes a `sourceAddress` field with a defined value (i.e., an actual IP address) will be permitted to move forward in the playbook. The filter effectively screens out any artifacts that do not have a source address specified, focusing the playbook's actions on those artifacts that contain valid IP address information in the `sourceAddress` field.

NEW QUESTION # 30

What are indicators?

- **A. Artifact values that can appear in multiple containers.**
- B. Action results that may appear in multiple containers.
- C. Artifact values with special security significance.
- D. Action result items that determine the flow of execution in a playbook.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Indicators in Splunk SOAR (formerly Phantom) are crucial elements used to detect and respond to security incidents.

Indicators are data points or patterns that suggest the presence of malicious activity or potential security threats.

They can be anything from IP addresses, domain names, file hashes, URLs, email addresses, or other observable artifacts.

Indicators help security teams identify and correlate events across different sources to understand the scope and impact of an incident.

NEW QUESTION # 31

Which of the following can the format block be used for?

- **A. To create text strings that merge state text with dynamic values for input or output.**
- B. To generate HTML or CSS content for output in email messages, user prompts, or comments.
- C. To generate string parameters for automated action blocks.
- D. To generate arrays for input into other functions.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The format block in Splunk SOAR is utilized to construct text strings by merging static text with dynamic values, which can then be used for both input to other playbook blocks and output for reports, emails, or other forms of communication. This capability is essential for customizing messages, commands, or data processing tasks within a playbook, allowing for the dynamic insertion of variable data into predefined text templates.

This feature enhances the playbook's ability to present information clearly and to execute actions that require specific parameter formats.

NEW QUESTION # 32

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