

最新更新HPE7-A11考試證照擁有模擬真實考試環境與場境的軟件VCE版本&有效的HP HPE7-A11



我們提供的產品是可以100%把你推上成功，那麼IT行業的巔峰離你又近了一步。如果你還沒有通過考試的信心，在這裏向你推薦一個最優秀的參考資料。在上面你可以免費下載我們提供的關於 HP HPE7-A11 題庫的部分考題及答案測驗我們的可靠性。只需要短時間的學習就可以通過考試的最新的 HPE7-A11 考古題出現了。選擇最新的 HPE7-A11 考題會將對你有很大幫助，你需要考前用考試模擬題隨機做練習，重複做上幾次。

為了每位IT認證考試的考生切身利益，我們網站提供NewDumps HP的HPE7-A11考試培訓資料是根據考生的需要而定做的，由我們NewDumps資質深厚的IT專家專門研究出來的，他們的奮鬥結果不僅僅是為了幫助你們通過考試，而且是為了讓你們有一個更好的明天。

>> HPE7-A11考試證照 <<

HP HPE7-A11最新題庫資源，HPE7-A11考試心得

IT測試和認證在當今這個競爭激烈的世界變得比以往任何時候都更重要，這些都意味著一個與眾不同的世界的未來，HP的HPE7-A11考試將是你職業生涯中的里程碑，並可能開掘到新的機遇，但你如何能通過HP的HPE7-A11考試？別擔心，幫助就在眼前，有了NewDumps就不用害怕，NewDumps HP的HPE7-A11考試的試題及答案是考試準備的先鋒。

最新的 HPE Aruba Networking Certified Professional HPE7-A11 免費考試真題 (Q25-Q30):

問題 #25

What is the difference between OM4 and OM5 cabling? (Select two)

- A. OM5 supports speeds up to 100 Gbps. while OM4 does not.
- B. OM5 supports Multiplexing operating in the 850 to 950 nm range, while OM4 does not.
- C. OM4 supports distances up to 100 m, while OM5 supports distances up to 150 m using 100 GBps transceivers.
- D. OM5 is approved as wide Band Multimode Fiber (WBMMF), while OM4 is not.

答案: C,D

解題說明:

The primary differences between OM4 and OM5 cabling include their support for transmission distances and the type of multimode fiber. OM4 fiber supports distances up to 100 meters when using 100 Gbps transceivers (Option A), which is suitable for most data center and enterprise networking applications. OM5, also known as Wide Band Multimode Fiber (WBMMF) (Option C), extends this capability by supporting higher wavelengths in the 850 to 950 nm range, allowing for more efficient multiplexing and potentially longer distances or higher bandwidths under certain conditions. This makes OM5 a more versatile and future-proof option for organizations looking to deploy advanced technologies like shortwave division multiplexing.

問題 #26

ACME retail has 38 locations spread out across Ave US states and two provinces in Canada.

They are looking to grow 20% over the next two years. They have an HO with a staff of 200 employees. The organization has eight Regional Managers and two VPs who work from home and the road. Stores typically have 17 employees on average per location. The two warehouses have a remote loading system and 20 employees each to load the trucks and fulfill the online orders. The warehouse has 40-foot ceilings and large metal racks to store inventory. The main location is 240K sq ft (22300 st m) and the Canadian warehouse is 130K sq ft (12100 sq m). The forklifts on the loading docks are equipped with a wireless tablet on board. A typical store is reportedly about 60,000 sq ft (5575 sq m) and smaller stores are planned at 25,000 sq ft (2320 sq m). The locations need to expand the abilities to vendors that need to add setup displays or Interactive kiosks in the stores. The current Infrastructure was installed in 2015 and used wireless N technology in a coverage model. The wiring is Cat5, and they are unsure of the fiber connections. The inventory is all placed on the floor when it is delivered to the local store. Inventory control is handled through Zebra barcode scanners, and they have had a lot of issues in getting signals throughout the stores and this makes monthly inventory difficult. The organization has a small help desk to troubleshoot issues that happen at the retail locations and PC support for the office. The company is looking to upgrade away from the current pbx system later this year. With the need to grow and cut costs, they are interested in moving the data to the cloud but need to get almost real-time inventory control for the online service to function.

The network has all been wired over the last ten years, but with the new systems being all wireless, they have seen the trend to offer wireless to all the vendors for their needs but also would like to allow employees, guests, and contractors all to use it. With the new IT director starting next week, the project has been set by the CTO of the company. The marketing group has asked how they can interact with the customers and get more info, while the IT support desk needs to cut staff in half. The office has an MDF and two IDF's located on floors one and two.

The HOF is in the basement, and you have multiple WAN circuits for the HO links. Each store has a local handoff from the cable company (ethernet) in the middle of the store in the office, so distance for the wiring is not an issue. The customer has budget concerns but does want something that could last 7+ years. What should the architect be concerned about regarding the solution? (Select two.)

- A. IP addresses
- B. multiple locations
- C. Active Directory
- D. Regulatory Domains

答案: B,D

解題說明:

In designing a network solution for ACME Retail, which operates across various regions in the US and Canada, the architect must consider Regulatory Domains and the challenges posed by multiple locations. Regulatory Domains are crucial because wireless standards and allowed frequencies vary by country, affecting how WLAN equipment is configured and deployed.

Compliance with local regulations is essential to avoid legal issues and ensure optimal network performance. The challenge of multiple locations involves ensuring consistent, high-quality network service across all sites, despite geographical distances and site-specific characteristics.

This requires a scalable, flexible network architecture that can be centrally managed while accommodating the unique needs of each location.

問題 #27

A global furniture retail company called 'No-Stair Inc.' requests you design their new WLAN infrastructure for a global footprint. Each location of 'No-Stair Inc.' has a similar layout: three small manager offices, a warehouse, and a 'retail' area. The 'retail' area and the warehouse together amount to 95% of the location. The IT department of the company is minimally engaged in their LAN refresh so the CTO of the company has shared the information below.

Current WLAN Infrastructure is based on the 802.11n "WiFi4Less" access-points series (both model 2013-INT (2.4 only internal antenna) and model 2019-EXT (dual-band external antenna only)). These AP models are standalone without any centralized management. Last year 'No-Stair Inc.' ran a project called 'secure-it' ensuring that all needed network security was implemented to

be fully compliant with their security standards. During this project, they also upgraded the AAA Infrastructure to handle the increased AAA requests. No additional Wi-Fi or security requirements are listed for this WLAN refresh, which means that 'No-Stair Inc.' will continue to use bridged SSIDs, with local breakout into different VLANs. The CTO of 'No-Stair Inc.' understands the need for you to ask additional questions to deliver the design. The questions may be sent in written form and will be answered within two weeks.

Which additional question is correct in order to collect needed information for the WLAN design?

- A. What WAN redundancy is required should a remote WAN or ISP connection fail?
- B. Give a brief list of the current critical wired issues that the existing switches do not support.
- **C. Is there a current RF survey report that you can share?**
- D. Is there an SD-WAN solution such as EdgeConnect?

答案： C

解題說明：

A current RF survey report provides essential information about the existing RF environment, coverage, interference, and propagation characteristics. This is critical input for creating an accurate and effective WLAN design for the refreshed infrastructure.

問題 #28

What is one use case for designing a 2-tier campus LAM instead of using a 3-tier?

- A. The network has grown beyond a few building aggregation points
- **B. The campus has small buildings with only a few wiring closets.**
- C. Access aggregation points are not scaling to meet traffic demands.
- D. Cross-campus traffic has grown beyond the capacity of a single collapsed core

答案： B

解題說明：

A 2-tier campus LAN architecture, consisting of the core and access layers, is typically suitable for smaller campuses or networks with limited numbers of wiring closets. This simplified architecture eliminates the need for a dedicated aggregation layer, which is more common in larger, more complex network environments (the 3-tier architecture). In a small campus setting with only a few wiring closets, a 2-tier design can provide sufficient performance and scalability, reducing complexity and potentially lowering costs. This architecture allows for direct connectivity between the access layer, where end devices connect to the network, and the core layer, which routes traffic to and from the campus network. The use of a 2-tier architecture in such scenarios is driven by the network's size and the simplicity of its requirements, making it an efficient and effective choice.

問題 #29

A global cruise line company needs to refresh its current fleet. They will refresh the 'insides' of the ship to be cost-effective and increase their sustainability. They will replace the complete WLAN/LAN hardware of the ship. In this refresh, the company will not refresh its current security requirements. The CIO also wants to limit the number of unused ports in the switches. Future expansion will always mean a refresh of hardware. They start with the smallest ship with a maximum of 800 guests.

Each ship has a LAN infrastructure consisting of two core switches, up to 10 redundant distribution switches, and up to 500 access switches (400 cabins, 100 technical rooms). The Core switches are located in the MDF of the ship and the distribution switches are located in the IDFs of the ship. Each cabin and technical room gets one single access switch.

The cabling structure of the ship will not be refreshed. Each IDF is connected to the MDF by SMF, of which two pairs are available for the interconnect between the core and distribution. The length of SM fiber between MDF and IDF is less than 300 meters (980 ft) and the type used is OS1. Each cabin is connected by a single OM2 pair to the IDF, the maximum length is 60 meters (200 ft). Each technical room is connected by a single OM2 pair to the IDF, with lengths between 100 and 150 meters (320 and 500 ft).

For each cabin/technical room the customer is looking to replace their current fan-less 2530/2540 without changing the requirements, except they need to upgrade the uplink to distribution switch to 10GbE to handle the increased network traffic, and the technical rooms need redundant power.

The WLAN infrastructure will be 1:1 refreshed without new cabling or new AP locations. Their WLAN infrastructure is based on the 200/300 series indoor and outdoor APs running InstantOS (less than 300 APs), the customer has no change in WLAN requirements.

The cruise line company will replace its current internet connection before the LAN/WLAN refresh. The new Internet connection will provide a 99.8% uptime, which is needed to ensure the paid guest Wi-Fi is always operational. With this new Internet connection, the CIO of the cruise line wants to base the design on the ESP architecture from Aruba because internet connection is

guaranteed.

Based on the best practices, what should be recommended as the most cost-effective switch model for the technical rooms?

- A. HPE Aruba Networking 6200M 24G Class4 PoE 4SFP+
- B. HPE Aruba Networking 6200M 36G 12SR5 Class6 PoE 4SFP+
- C. HPE Aruba Networking 6300M 24p HPE Smart Rate 1G/2.5G/5G/10G Class6 PoE and 2p 50G and 2p 25G
- D. HPE Aruba Networking 6300M 12p Class8 PoE and 36p Class6 PoE HPE Smart Rate 1G/2.5G/5G and 2p 50G and 2p 10G

答案： A

解題說明：

Port Count: The 6200M 24G switch provides enough Gigabit Ethernet ports to accommodate the technical rooms. Since each technical room is connected to a single access switch, this model strikes a balance between adequate port density and minimizing unused ports.

Power over Ethernet (PoE): Class 4 PoE capabilities are sufficient for powering devices typically used in technical rooms, such as network devices and potentially cameras or phones, without the need for excessive power delivery.

10GbE Uplinks: The switch has 4 SFP+ ports for uplinks, which can be utilized to connect to the distribution layer with 10GbE, meeting the requirement for increased network traffic handling.

Cost-Effectiveness: The 6200M series is designed for mid-sized environments, making it a more economical choice compared to higher-end models that may offer features beyond what is needed for the technical rooms.

問題 #30

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