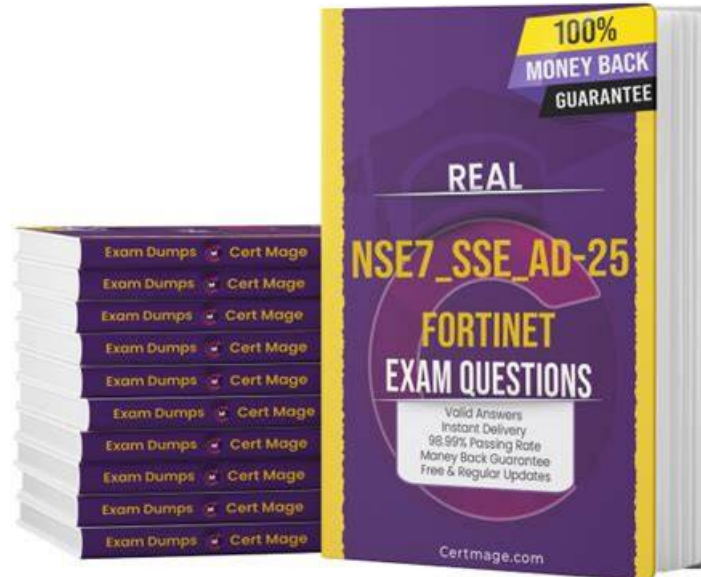


Valid Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 Questions: 100% Authentic [2026]



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Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 Exam Overview:

Certification Vendor:	Fortinet
Exam Name:	Fortinet NSE 7 - FortiSASE 25 Enterprise Administrator (NSE7_SSE_AD-25)
Exam Number:	NSE7_SSE_AD-25
Available Languages:	English
Exam Format:	Multiple choice, Scenario-based questions
Related Certifications:	Fortinet NSE 7 Enterprise Firewall Fortinet NSE 8 (Expert Level)
Recommended Training:	FortiSASE Administration Training (official courses) Fortinet NSE 7 Certification Prep Resources
Exam Registration:	Fortinet Training Institute Fortinet Certifications Overview
Sample Questions:	Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 Sample Questions
Exam Way:	Proctored online or test center delivery depending on region and provider availability.
Pre Condition:	Recommended experience with Fortinet NSE 6-level technologies and networking/security fundamentals.
Official Syllabus URL:	https://training.fortinet.com

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Revealing whether or not a man succeeded often reflect in the certificate he obtains, so it is in IT industry. Therefore there are many people wanting to take Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 exam to prove their ability. However, want to pass Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 Exam is not that simple. But as long as you get the right shortcut, it is easy to pass your exam. We have to commend Lead1Pass exam dumps that can avoid detours and save time to help you sail through the exam with no mistakes.

Fortinet NSE7_SSE_AD-25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	SASE deployment and management: This section focuses on deploying and managing FortiSASE for branch and remote users, configuring advanced inspection features, and managing endpoint profiles and compliance rules.
Topic 2	SASE architecture and integration: This domain covers integrating FortiSASE into existing networks, identifying core SASE components, and evaluating their roles in advanced deployment scenarios.
Topic 3	Secure Private Access (SPA): This domain includes designing SPA use cases, deploying SPA with SD-WAN, and implementing ZTNA with tagging rules and access proxy configurations.
Topic 4	Analytics: This section covers troubleshooting connectivity and endpoint issues, analyzing dashboards and logs, and reviewing reports related to user traffic and security events.

Fortinet NSE 7 - FortiSASE 25 Enterprise Administrator Sample Questions (Q77-Q82):

NEW QUESTION # 77

When accessing the FortiSASE portal for the first time, an administrator must select data center locations for which three FortiSASE components? (Choose three.)

- A. SD-WAN hub
- B. Logging
- C. Endpoint management
- D. Points of presence
- E. Authentication

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:

When accessing the FortiSASE portal for the first time, an administrator must select data center locations for the following FortiSASE components:

* Endpoint Management:

* The data center location for endpoint management ensures that endpoint data and policies are managed and stored within the chosen geographical region.

* Points of Presence (PoPs):

* Points of Presence (PoPs) are the locations where FortiSASE services are delivered to users.

Selecting PoP locations ensures optimal performance and connectivity for users based on their geographical distribution.

* Logging:

* The data center location for logging determines where log data is stored and managed. This is crucial for compliance and regulatory requirements, as well as for efficient log analysis and reporting.

References:

FortiOS 7.6 Administration Guide: Details on initial setup and configuration steps for FortiSASE.

FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Explains the importance of selecting data center locations for various FortiSASE components.

NEW QUESTION # 78

What can be configured on FortiSASE as an additional layer of security for FortiClient registration?

- A. user verification
- B. security posture tags
- C. application inventory
- D. device identification

Answer: A

Explanation:

The end user must enter their credential to register FortiClient With FortiSASE. Enabling this feature provides an additional layer of security during FortiClient Registration.

NEW QUESTION # 79

One user has reported connectivity issues; no other users have reported problems. Which tool can the administrator use to identify the problem? (Choose one answer)

- A. Forensics service to obtain detailed information about the user's remote computer performance.
- B. Digital experience monitoring (DEM) to evaluate the performance metrics of the remote computer.
- C. Mobile device management (MDM) service to troubleshoot the connectivity issue.
- D. SOC-as-a-Service (SOCaaS) to get information about the user's remote computer.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In a FortiSASE deployment, Digital Experience Monitoring (DEM) is the primary diagnostic tool used to troubleshoot connectivity and performance issues specifically for a single user or endpoint.

* End-to-End Visibility: DEM provides real-time, end-to-end visibility into the network path between the end-user's device and the application they are trying to reach. This is critical when only one user reports an issue, as it allows administrators to pinpoint whether the problem resides on the local device, the local ISP, the SASE backbone, or the destination application.

* Performance Metrics: The DEM agent (often integrated with the FortiMonitor agent on the endpoint) collects granular performance metrics such as latency, jitter, packet loss, and RTT (Round Trip Time). It also provides device-specific health data, including CPU and memory usage, to determine if the connectivity issue is actually caused by the remote computer's performance.

* Hop-by-Hop Analysis: Unlike standard monitoring, DEM offers End-to-End Continuous Hop Analytics. This path monitoring visualizes every "hop" in the traffic route and highlights exactly where degraded service is occurring. For a single user experiencing issues while everyone else is fine, this tool immediately triangulates if a specific "problem hop" in their unique connection path is the cause.

* Operational Comparison: * MDM (A) is used for managing device configurations and software distribution, not for real-time network performance troubleshooting.

* Forensics (C) is a security-focused service used for investigating malware incidents or data breaches, not for measuring network latency.

* SOCaaS (D) is a managed security service for threat monitoring and event triage; while it handles "security" connectivity issues (like a blocked IP), it is not a tool for performance metric evaluation.

NEW QUESTION # 80

You have configured FortiSASE Secure Private Access (SPA) deployment.

Which statement is true about traffic flows? (Choose two.)

- A. When using zero trust network access (ZTNA) traffic goes from an endpoint directly to a ZTNA access proxy.
- B. When using SD-WAN private access, traffic goes from an endpoint directly to an SPA hub.
- C. When using SD-WAN private access, traffic goes from an endpoint to a FortiSASE POP, and then to an SPA hub.
- D. When using zero trust network access, traffic goes from an endpoint to a FortiSASE POP, and then to a ZTNA access proxy.

Answer: A,D

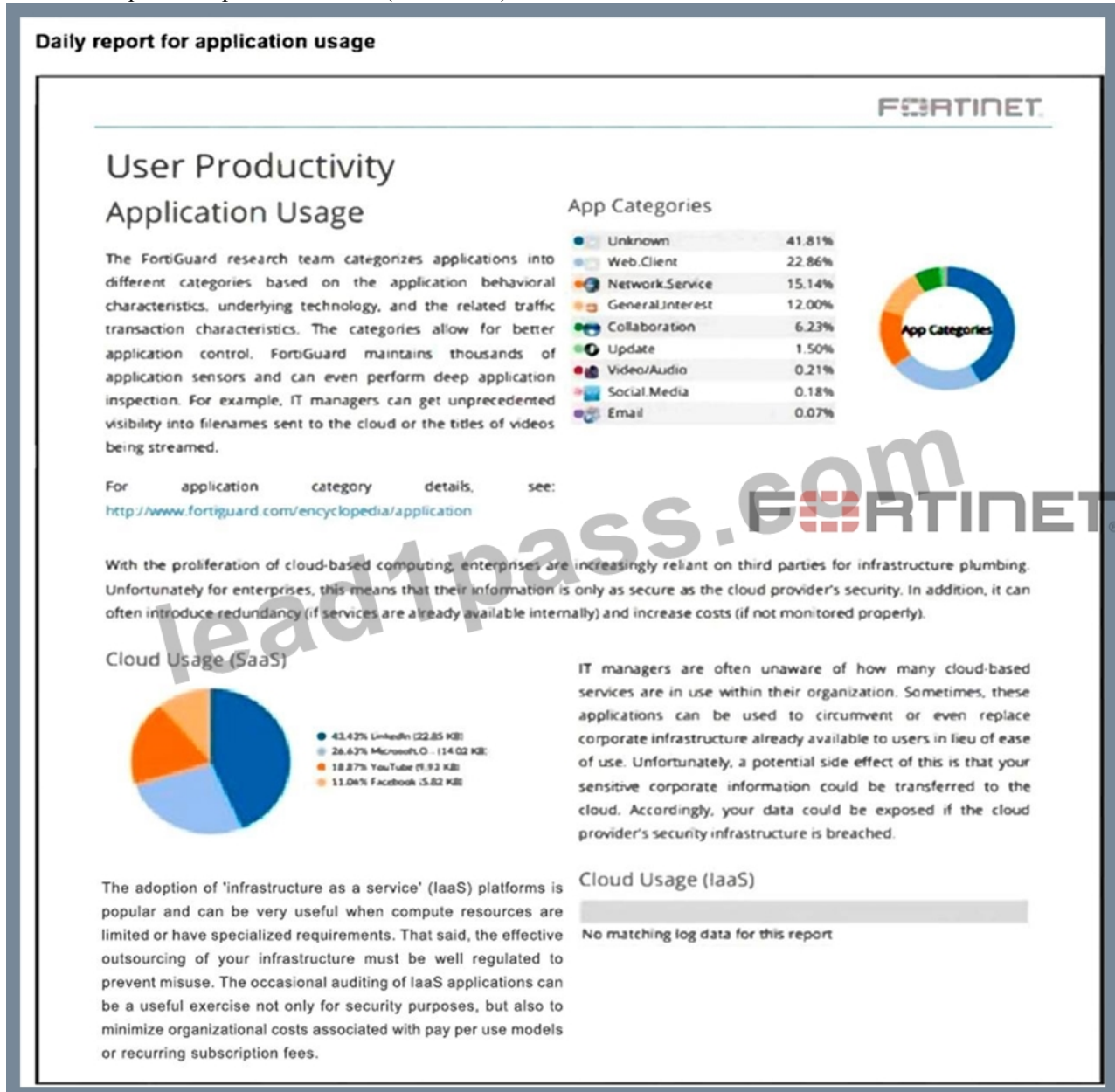
Explanation:

For ZTNA, endpoint traffic can be sent directly to the ZTNA access proxy or via a FortiSASE POP depending on configuration. For SD-WAN private access, traffic typically flows from the endpoint directly to the SPA hub for access to private resources.

NEW QUESTION # 81

Refer to the exhibit. The daily report for application usage for internet traffic shows an unusually high number of unknown applications by category.

What are two possible explanations for this? (Choose two.)



- A. The private access policy must be set to log Security Events.
- B. The inline-CASB application control profile does not have application categories set to Monitor.
- C. Deep inspection is not being used to scan traffic.
- D. Certificate inspection is not being used to scan application traffic.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

A high percentage of unknown applications often indicates that encrypted traffic is not being properly inspected. Without certificate inspection or deep inspection, FortiSASE cannot decrypt and analyze HTTPS traffic to identify applications, resulting in them being classified as "unknown."

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