

更新したAWS-Solutions-Associate専門知識内容 &資格試験におけるリーダーオファー &検証するAWS-Solutions-Associate最新資料



P.S.JPNTestがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2026 Amazon AWS-Solutions-Associateダンプ: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1FSeaVREoeo5tVlvoG1128KubuC__TUUS

持ってきた製品があなたにふさわしくないと感じることはよくありますか？ AWS-Solutions-Associate学習ガイドを使用することに決めた場合、問題に遭遇することは決してないことを伝えたいと思います。私たちのAWS-Solutions-Associate学習教材は、あなたが期待できない高品質を持っています。AWS-Solutions-Associate学習教材のガイダンスで経験を積むと、以前よりも短時間で過ごすことができ、明らかに進歩を感じることができません。また、AWS-Solutions-Associateのテストクイズは、進歩に役立つことがわかります。

この試験は、候補者がAWSプラットフォーム上でスケーラブルで費用対効果の高い、セキュアなアプリケーションを設計・展開できる能力を検証することを目的としています。AWSサービスとその使用方法、高可用性で故障に強いシステムの設計・展開、費用対効果の高いソリューションの設計・展開、セキュリティとコンプライアンス、トラブルシューティングなど、幅広いトピックをカバーしています。この試験に合格することは、個人がAWSプラットフォーム上でスケーラブルで信頼性の高いアプリケーションを設計・展開するために必要なスキルと知識を持っていることを証明し、AWSを使用するあらゆる組織にとって貴重な資産となります。

AWS-Solutions-Associate試験は、AWS Solutions Architect認定トラックのエントリーレベルの認定です。この試験は、AWSアーキテクチャの原則、AWSサービス、ベストプラクティス、AWSコスト最適化戦略、AWSセキュリティベストプラクティスなど、いくつかの分野で知識とスキルをテストするように設計されています。この試験に合格することは、AWSの専門知識を潜在的な雇用主またはクライアントに実証する素晴らしい方法です。

>> AWS-Solutions-Associate専門知識内容 <<

AWS-Solutions-Associate最新資料 & AWS-Solutions-Associateテスト資料

空想は人間が素晴らしいアイデアをたくさん思い付くことができますが、行動しなければ何の役に立たないのです。AmazonのAWS-Solutions-Associate認定試験に合格のにどうしたらいいかと困っているより、パソコンを起動して、JPNTestをクリックしたほうがいいです。JPNTestのトレーニング資料は100パーセントの合格率を保証しますから、あなたのニーズを満たすことができます。

AWS-Solutions-Associate試験に合格すると、AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate (SAA-C02) 認定を受けることができます。この認定は3年間有効であり、再認定試験を受けるか、より高度なAWS認定を取得することで更新することができます。この認定を取得することで、AWSクラウドコンピューティングにおける専門知識を証明し、熟練したAWSソリューションアーキテクトとして認められることができます。

Amazon AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate (SAA-C03) 認定 AWS-Solutions-Associate 試験問題 (Q245-Q250):

質問 # 245

A company uses an application to present metrics from sporting events to the public. The application must scale quickly during live events and must store these metrics for long-term reporting purposes. The company's architecture includes the following:

- * Amazon EC2 instances that run in an Auto Scaling group in private subnets
- * A network Load Balancer That runs in public subnets
- * A MongoDB database cluster that runs across multiple EC2 instances

A solutions architect must implement a solution that minimizes operational overhead. The solution also must be able to scale automatically. What should the solutions architect set up to meet these requirements?

- A. Amazon Redshift
- B. EC2 instances that run MySQL
- C. An Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance
- **D. An Amazon DynamoDB database**

正解: D

質問 # 246

A solutions architect needs to ensure that API calls to Amazon DynamoDB from Amazon EC2 instances in a VPC do not travel across the internet.

Which combination of steps should the solutions architect take to meet this requirement? (Choose two.)

- **A. Create a gateway endpoint for DynamoDB.**
- **B. Create a security group entry in the endpoint's security group to provide access.**
- C. Create an interface endpoint for Amazon EC2.
- D. Create an elastic network interface for the endpoint in each of the subnets of the VPC.
- E. Create a route table entry for the endpoint.

正解: A、B

解説:

B and E are the correct answers because they allow the solutions architect to ensure that API calls to Amazon DynamoDB from Amazon EC2 instances in a VPC do not travel across the internet. By creating a gateway endpoint for DynamoDB, the solutions architect can enable private connectivity between the VPC and DynamoDB. By creating a security group entry in the endpoint's security group to provide access, the solutions architect can control which EC2 instances can communicate with DynamoDB through the endpoint.

References:

Gateway Endpoints

Controlling Access to Services with VPC Endpoints

質問 # 247

A company has an on-premises server that uses an Oracle database to process and store customer information. The company wants to use an AWS database service to achieve higher availability and to improve application performance. The company also wants to offload reporting from its primary database system.

Which solution will meet these requirements in the MOST operationally efficient way?

- A. Use Amazon RDS deployed in a Multi-AZ cluster deployment to create an Oracle database. Direct the reporting functions to use the reader instance in the cluster deployment.
- B. Use Amazon RDS in a Single-AZ deployment to create an Oracle database. Create a read replica in the same zone as the primary DB instance. Direct the reporting functions to the read replica.
- C. Use AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS) to create an Amazon RDS DB instance in multiple AWS Regions. Point the reporting functions toward a separate DB instance from the primary DB instance.
- **D. Use Amazon RDS deployed in a Multi-AZ instance deployment to create an Amazon Aurora database. Direct the reporting functions to the reader instances.**

正解: D

解説:

Explanation

Amazon Aurora is a fully managed relational database that is compatible with MySQL and PostgreSQL. It provides up to five times better performance than MySQL and up to three times better performance than PostgreSQL. It also provides high availability and durability by replicating data across multiple Availability Zones and continuously backing up data to Amazon S3. By using Amazon RDS deployed in a Multi-AZ instance deployment to create an Amazon Aurora database, the solution can achieve higher availability and improve application performance.

Amazon Aurora supports read replicas, which are separate instances that share the same underlying storage as the primary instance. Read replicas can be used to offload read-only queries from the primary instance and improve performance. Read replicas can also be used for reporting functions. By directing the reporting functions to the reader instances, the solution can offload reporting from its primary database system.

A: Use AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS) to create an Amazon RDS DB instance in multiple AWS Regions. Point the reporting functions toward a separate DB instance from the primary DB instance.

This solution will not meet the requirement of using an AWS database service, as AWS DMS is a service that helps users migrate databases to AWS, not a database service itself. It also involves creating multiple DB instances in different Regions, which may increase complexity and cost.

B: Use Amazon RDS in a Single-AZ deployment to create an Oracle database. Create a read replica in the same zone as the primary DB instance. Direct the reporting functions to the read replica. This solution will not meet the requirement of achieving higher availability, as a Single-AZ deployment does not provide failover protection in case of an Availability Zone outage. It also involves using Oracle as the database engine, which may not provide better performance than Aurora.

C: Use Amazon RDS deployed in a Multi-AZ cluster deployment to create an Oracle database. Direct the reporting functions to use the reader instance in the cluster deployment. This solution will not meet the requirement of improving application performance, as Oracle may not provide better performance than Aurora. It also involves using a cluster deployment, which is only supported for Aurora, not for Oracle.

Reference URL: <https://aws.amazon.com/rds/aurora/>

質問 # 248

You have created a Route 53 latency record set from your domain to a machine in Northern Virginia and a similar record to a machine in Sydney.

When a user located in U S visits your domain he will be routed to:

- A. Both, Northern Virginia and Sydney
- B. Sydney
- C. Northern Virginia
- D. Depends on the Weighted Resource Record Sets

正解: C

解説:

If your application is running on Amazon EC2 instances in two or more Amazon EC2 regions, and if you have more than one Amazon EC2 instance in one or more regions, you can use latency-based routing to route traffic to the correct region and then use weighted resource record sets to route traffic to instances within the region based on weights that you specify.

For example, suppose you have three Amazon EC2 instances with Elastic IP addresses in the US East (Virginia) region and you want to distribute requests across all three IPs evenly for users for whom US East (Virginia) is the appropriate region. Just one Amazon EC2 instance is sufficient in the other regions, although you can apply the same technique to many regions at once.

Reference: <http://docs.aws.amazon.com/Route53/latest/DeveloperGuide/Tutorials.html>

質問 # 249

Will I be alerted when automatic failover occurs?

- A. No
- B. Yes
- C. Only if Cloudwatch configured
- D. Only if SNS configured

正解: B

