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To be eligible for the SPLK-1004 exam, candidates must first pass the Splunk Core Certified User exam, which tests basic knowledge of Splunk search, indexers, and forwarders. The advanced power user exam builds on this foundation and covers topics such as building complex queries using search commands, creating advanced visualizations with Splunk dashboards, and using Splunk's alerting and reporting features. SPLK-1004 exam is designed to challenge even the most experienced Splunk users, making it a valuable credential for those seeking to advance their careers in the field of data analysis and management.

## For more info read the reference

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The Splunk SPLK-1004 Exam consists of 60 multiple-choice questions that evaluate the candidate's knowledge of advanced Splunk search techniques, data models, and pivots. The test duration is 90 minutes, and the minimum passing score is 70%. Candidates who pass the exam will receive a certificate that recognizes their expertise in Splunk's advanced features and functionalities.

### Splunk Core Certified Advanced Power User Sample Questions (Q67-Q72):

#### NEW QUESTION # 67

Which of the following groups of commands can use multivalue functions?

- A. eval,mvexpand, andmakemv
- B. fieldformat,search, andwhere
- C. eval,fields, andwhere
- D. eval,fieldformat, andwhere

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Step by Step Explanation:

Multivalue functions in Splunk are used to manipulate fields that contain multiple values. The correct group of commands that can use multivalue functions is:

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eval, mvexpand, and makemv

Here's why this works:

\* eval: This command can use multivalue functions like mvappend(), mvcount(), and mvjoin() to manipulate multivalue fields.

\* mvexpand: This command expands multivalue fields into separate events, making it easier to work with individual values.

\* makemv: This command splits a single-value field into a multivalue field based on a delimiter.

Other options explained:

\* Option A: Incorrect because fieldformat is used for formatting display values and does not support multivalue functions.

\* Option B: Incorrect because fields is used to include or exclude fields but does not handle multivalue fields.

\* Option C: Incorrect because fieldformat and search do not support multivalue functions.

Example:

```
| makeresults
| eval products="productA,productB,productC"
| makemv delim="," products
| mvexpand products
```

References:

Splunk Documentation on Multivalue Functions: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/MultivalueEvalFunctions>

Splunk Documentation on mvexpand: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/mvexpand>

#### NEW QUESTION # 68

Which of the following attributes only applies to the form element, and not the dashboard root element of a SimpleXML dashboard?

- A. hideTitle
- B. hideEdit
- C. hideChrome
- D. **hideFilters**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In Splunk's Simple XML, certain attributes are specific to the `<form>` element and do not apply to the `<dashboard>` root element. The `hideFilters` attribute is one such attribute that is exclusive to the `<form>` element. It controls the visibility of form input elements (filters) in the dashboard.

Setting `hideFilters="true"` within the `<form>` element hides the input fields, allowing for a cleaner dashboard view when inputs are not necessary.

Reference: [Simple XML Reference - Splunk Documentation](#)

**NEW QUESTION # 69**

When possible, what is the best choice for summarizing data to improve search performance?

- A. Use the `fieldsummary` command.
- B. Report acceleration
- C. **Data model acceleration**
- D. Summary indexing

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

When possible, data model acceleration is the best choice for summarizing data to improve search performance. It is specifically designed for optimizing searches over large datasets and complex data models.

Here's why this works:

- \* Data Model Acceleration: Data model acceleration precomputes summaries of data models, enabling faster pivot operations and searches. It is ideal for use cases involving large datasets and complex relationships between fields.
- \* Performance Benefits: By accelerating data models, Splunk reduces the computational overhead of searching raw data, making it significantly faster to generate reports and visualizations.

Other options explained:

- \* Option A: Incorrect because summary indexing is better suited for aggregating data over long time ranges but is less flexible than data model acceleration.
- \* Option C: Incorrect because report acceleration is limited to specific reports and does not provide the same level of flexibility as data model acceleration.
- \* Option D: Incorrect because the `fieldsummary` command provides statistical summaries of fields but does not improve search performance for large datasets.

Example: To enable data model acceleration:

- \* Navigate to `Settings > Data Models` in Splunk.
- \* Select the data model you want to accelerate.
- \* Configure acceleration settings, such as the summary range and update frequency.

References:

- \* Splunk Documentation on Data Model Acceleration: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Knowledge/Accelerateddatamodels>
- \* Splunk Documentation on Summary Indexing: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Knowledge/Usesummaryindexing>

**NEW QUESTION # 70**

Why use the `tstats` command?

- A. To generate an accelerated data model.
- B. As an alternative to the `summary` command.
- C. **To generate statistics on indexed fields.**
- D. To generate statistics on search-time fields.

**Answer: C**

### Explanation:

The `tstats` command is used to generate statistics on indexed fields, particularly from accelerated data models. It operates on indexed-time summaries, making it more efficient than using raw data.

## NEW QUESTION # 71

Which command processes a template for a set of related fields?

- A. `xseries`
- B. `untable`
- C. `bin`
- D. `foreach`

**Answer: D**

### Explanation:

The `foreach` command applies a processing step to each field in a set of related fields. It allows repetitive operations to be applied to multiple fields in one go, streamlining tasks across several fields.

## NEW QUESTION # 72

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