

SOA-C03 ミシユレーション問題 & SOA-C03 関連資料



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我々Topexamでは、あなたは一番優秀なAmazon SOA-C03問題集を発見できます。我が社のサービスもいいです。購入した前、弊社はあなたが準備したいSOA-C03試験問題集のサンプルを無料で提供します。購入した後、一年間の無料サービス更新を提供します。Amazon SOA-C03問題集に合格しないなら、180日以内で全額返金します。あるいは、他の科目の試験を変えていいです。

>> SOA-C03 ミシユレーション問題 <<

SOA-C03 関連資料 & SOA-C03 テスト資料

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Amazon SOA-C03 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Deployment, Provisioning, and Automation: This section measures the skills of Cloud Engineers and covers provisioning and maintaining cloud resources using AWS CloudFormation, CDK, and third-party tools. It evaluates automation of deployments, remediation of resource issues, and managing infrastructure using Systems Manager and event-driven processes like Lambda or S3 notifications.
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reliability and Business Continuity: This section measures the skills of System Administrators and focuses on maintaining scalability, elasticity, and fault tolerance. It includes configuring load balancing, auto scaling, Multi-AZ deployments, implementing backup and restore strategies with AWS Backup and versioning, and ensuring disaster recovery to meet RTO and RPO goals.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security and Compliance: This section measures skills of Security Engineers and includes implementing IAM policies, roles, MFA, and access controls. It focuses on troubleshooting access issues, enforcing compliance, securing data at rest and in transit using AWS KMS and ACM, protecting secrets, and applying findings from Security Hub, GuardDuty, and Inspector.

トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitoring, Logging, Analysis, Remediation, and Performance Optimization: This section of the exam measures skills of CloudOps Engineers and covers implementing AWS monitoring tools such as CloudWatch, CloudTrail, and Prometheus. It evaluates configuring alarms, dashboards, and notifications, analyzing performance metrics, troubleshooting issues using EventBridge and Systems Manager, and applying strategies to optimize compute, storage, and database performance.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Networking and Content Delivery: This section measures skills of Cloud Network Engineers and focuses on VPC configuration, subnets, routing, network ACLs, and gateways. It includes optimizing network cost and performance, configuring DNS with Route 53, using CloudFront and Global Accelerator for content delivery, and troubleshooting network and hybrid connectivity using logs and monitoring tools.

Amazon AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate 認定 SOA-C03 試験問題 (Q39-Q44):

質問 # 39

An AWS Lambda function is intermittently failing several times a day. A CloudOps engineer must find out how often this error occurred in the last 7 days.

Which action will meet this requirement in the MOST operationally efficient manner?

- A. Use Amazon Athena to query the Amazon CloudWatch logs that are associated with the Lambda function.
- **B. Use Amazon CloudWatch Logs Insights to query the associated Lambda function logs.**
- C. Use Amazon OpenSearch Service to stream the Amazon CloudWatch logs for the Lambda function.
- D. Use Amazon Athena to query the AWS CloudTrail logs that are associated with the Lambda function.

正解: B

解説:

The AWS Cloud Operations and Monitoring documentation states that Amazon CloudWatch Logs Insights provides a purpose-built query engine for analyzing and visualizing log data directly within CloudWatch. For Lambda, all invocation results (including errors) are automatically logged to CloudWatch Logs.

By querying these logs with CloudWatch Logs Insights, the CloudOps engineer can efficiently count the number of "ERROR" or "Exception" occurrences over the past 7 days using simple SQL-like commands. This method is serverless, cost-efficient, and real-time.

Athena (Options A and B) would require exporting data to Amazon S3, and OpenSearch (Option D) adds unnecessary operational complexity.

Thus, Option C provides the most efficient and native AWS CloudOps approach for rapid Lambda error analysis.

質問 # 40

A company needs to monitor its website's availability to end users. The company needs a solution to provide an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification if the website's uptime decreases to less than 99%. The monitoring must provide an accurate view of the user experience on the website.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm that is based on the website's logs that are published to a CloudWatch Logs log group. Configure the alarm to publish an SNS notification if the number of HTTP 4xx errors and 5xx errors exceeds a specified threshold.
- B. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm that is based on the website's published metrics in CloudWatch. Configure the alarm to publish an SNS notification that is based on anomaly detection.
- **C. Create an Amazon CloudWatch Synthetics heartbeat monitoring canary. Associate the canary with the website's URL for end users. Create a CloudWatch alarm for the canary. Configure the alarm to publish an SNS notification if the value of the**
- D. Create an Amazon CloudWatch Synthetics broken link checker monitoring canary. Associate the canary with the website's URL for end users. Create a CloudWatch alarm for the canary. Configure the alarm to publish an SNS notification if the value of the SuccessPercent metric is less than 99%.

正解: C

解説:

CloudWatch Synthetics heartbeat canaries simulate real user traffic to continuously monitor website availability and performance from an end-user perspective. By setting a CloudWatch alarm on the SuccessPercent metric and configuring it to send SNS notifications when uptime falls below 99%, the company gains accurate, automated monitoring of actual user experience with minimal operational effort.

質問 # 41

A company is using an Amazon Aurora MySQL DB cluster that has point-in-time recovery, backtracking, and automatic backup enabled. A CloudOps engineer needs to roll back the DB cluster to a specific recovery point within the previous 72 hours. Restores must be completed in the same production DB cluster.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Create an AWS Lambda function to restore an automatic backup to the existing DB cluster.
- B. Use point-in-time recovery to restore the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.
- C. Create an Aurora Replica. Promote the replica to replace the primary DB instance.
- **D. Use backtracking to rewind the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.**

正解: D

解説:

As documented in AWS Cloud Operations and Database Recovery, Aurora Backtrack allows you to rewind the existing database cluster to a chosen point in time without creating a new cluster.

This feature supports fine-grained rollback for accidental data changes, making it ideal for scenarios like table deletions or logical corruption.

Backtracking maintains continuous transaction logs and permits rewinding within a configurable window (up to 72 hours). It does not require creating a new cluster or endpoint, and it preserves the same production environment, fulfilling the operational requirement for in-place recovery.

In contrast, Point-in-Time Recovery (Option D) always creates a new cluster, while replica promotion (Option A) and Lambda restoration (Option B) are unrelated to immediate rollback operations.

Therefore, Option C, using Aurora Backtrack, best meets the requirement for same-cluster restoration and minimal downtime.

質問 # 42

A company operates compute resources in a VPC and in the company's on-premises data center. The company already has an AWS Direct Connect connection between the VPC and the on-premises data center. A CloudOps engineer needs to ensure that Amazon EC2 instances in the VPC can resolve DNS names for hosts in the on-premises data center.

Which solution will meet this requirement with the LEAST amount of ongoing maintenance?

- A. Add the hostnames and IP addresses for the on-premises hosts to the /etc/hosts file of each EC2 instance.
- B. Set up a forwarding rule for reverse DNS queries in Amazon Route 53 Resolver. Set the enableDnsHostnames attribute to true for the VPC.
- **C. Create an Amazon Route 53 Resolver outbound endpoint. Add the IP addresses of an on-premises DNS server for the domain names that need to be forwarded.**
- D. Create an Amazon Route 53 private hosted zone. Populate the zone with the hostnames and IP addresses of the hosts in the on-premises data center.

正解: C

解説:

The Route 53 Resolver outbound endpoint enables DNS queries from resources in a VPC to be forwarded to on-premises DNS servers over an existing AWS Direct Connect or VPN connection.

By creating forwarding rules that specify which domains should be resolved through the on-premises DNS servers, EC2 instances in the VPC can seamlessly resolve internal hostnames without manual configuration or ongoing maintenance. This is the most scalable and low-maintenance solution.

質問 # 43

A CloudOps engineer needs to ensure that AWS resources across multiple AWS accounts are tagged consistently. The company uses an organization in AWS Organizations to centrally manage the accounts. The company wants to implement cost allocation tags to accurately track the costs that are allocated to each business unit.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use AWS Config to evaluate tagging compliance. Use AWS Budgets to apply tags for cost allocation.
- B. Use AWS Service Catalog to provision only pre-tagged resources. Use AWS Trusted Advisor to enforce tagging across the organization.
- **C. Use Organizations tag policies to enforce mandatory tagging on all resources. Enable cost allocation tags in the AWS Billing and Cost Management console.**
- D. Configure AWS CloudTrail events to invoke an AWS Lambda function to detect untagged resources and to automatically assign tags based on predefined rules.

正解: C

解説:

Tagging is essential for governance, cost management, and automation in CloudOps operations. The AWS Organizations tag policies feature allows centralized definition and enforcement of required tag keys and accepted values across all accounts in an organization. According to the AWS CloudOps study guide under Deployment, Provisioning, and Automation, tag policies enable automatic validation of tags, ensuring consistency with minimal manual overhead.

Once tagging consistency is enforced, enabling cost allocation tags in the AWS Billing and Cost Management console allows accurate cost distribution per business unit. AWS documentation states:

"Use AWS Organizations tag policies to standardize tags across accounts. You can activate cost allocation tags in the Billing console to track and allocate costs." Option B introduces unnecessary complexity with Lambda automation. Option C detects but does not enforce tagging. Option D limits flexibility to Service Catalog resources only. Therefore, Option A provides a centrally managed, automated, and low-overhead solution that meets CloudOps tagging and cost-tracking requirements.

References: * AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate (SOA-C03) Exam Guide - Domain 3:

Deployment, Provisioning and Automation * AWS Organizations - Tag Policies * AWS Billing and Cost Management - Cost Allocation Tags * AWS Well-Architected Framework - Operational Excellence and Cost Optimization Pillars

質問 # 44

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