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Snowflake ADA-C01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Performance Monitoring and Tuning: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Infrastructure Engineers and Performance Analysts and focuses on optimizing Snowflake compute and storage resources. Candidates will need to understand how to configure and manage virtual warehouses, evaluate query profiles, and apply caching and clustering strategies for performance tuning. It also includes monitoring concurrency, resource utilization, and implementing cost optimization strategies. The ability to interpret, explain plans, apply search optimization, and manage cost controls is key for maintaining efficient Snowflake environments.

Topic 2	• Disaster Recovery, Backup, and Data Replication: This section of the exam measures the skills of Disaster Recovery Engineers and Cloud Operations Managers and covers Snowflake methods for ensuring business continuity. Candidates must understand how to replicate databases and account-level objects, implement failover strategies, and perform backup and restoration through Time Travel and Fail-safe features. The domain emphasizes replication across accounts, handling data consistency during failover, and applying cost-efficient disaster recovery strategies to maintain availability during outages or regional failures.
Topic 3	• Snowflake Security, Role-Based Access Control (RBAC), and User Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Snowflake Administrators and Cloud Security Engineers and covers authentication, access control, and network management in Snowflake. Candidates must understand how to configure authentication methods such as SSO, MFA, OAuth, and key-pair authentication, and how to manage network policies and private connectivity. The domain also tests knowledge of user and role management using SCIM, designing access control architecture, and applying the RBAC framework to ensure secure user authorization and data protection within Snowflake environments.
Topic 4	• Data Sharing, Data Exchange, and Snowflake Marketplace: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Integration Specialists and Data Platform Administrators and covers managing and implementing data-sharing solutions within Snowflake. It evaluates understanding of data sharing models across regions and clouds, secure data sharing methods, and managing provider-consumer relationships. The domain also includes the use of Snowflake Data Exchange and Marketplace to publish, consume, and manage data listings, ensuring secure collaboration and efficient data monetization.
Topic 5	• Account Management and Data Governance: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Governance Managers and Database Administrators and covers account organization, access control, and regulatory data protection. Candidates will learn how to manage organizational accounts, encryption keys, and Tri-Secret Secure implementations. It focuses on applying best practices in ORGADMIN and ACCOUNTADMIN roles, implementing masking and row access policies, and performing data classification and tagging. The domain also emphasizes data auditing, account identifiers, and effective management of tables, views, and query operations to support enterprise-wide governance standards.

Snowflake SnowPro Advanced Administrator Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61
An Administrator has a user who needs to be able to suspend and resume a task based on the current virtual warehouse load, but this user should not be able to modify the task or start a new run.
What privileges should be granted to the user to meet these requirements? (Select TWO).

- A. OWNERSHIP on the database and schema containing the task
- B. EXECUTE TASK on the task
- C. USAGE on the database and schema containing the task
- D. OWNERSHIP on the task
- E. OPERATE on the task

Answer: C,E

NEW QUESTION # 62
Which tasks can be performed by the ORGADMIN role? (Select THREE).

- A. View a list of all regions enabled for the organization.
- B. Create one or more accounts in the organization.
- C. Create secure views on application tables within the organization.
- D. Create a reader account to share data with another organization.
- E. Perform zero-copy cloning on account data.
- F. View usage information for all accounts in the organization.

Answer: A,B,F

Explanation:
Explanation
A user with the ORGADMIN role can perform the following tasks1:
*Create one or more accounts in the organization.
*View a list of all regions enabled for the organization.
*View usage information for all accounts in the organization.
Option C is incorrect because creating secure views on application tables is not a function of the ORGADMIN role, but rather a function of the roles that have access to the tables and schemas within the accounts. Option E is incorrect because performing zero-copy cloning on account data is not a function of the ORGADMIN role, but rather a function of the roles that have the CLONE privilege on the objects within the accounts. Option F is incorrect because creating a reader account to share data with another organization is not a function of the ORGADMIN role, but rather a function of the roles that have the CREATE SHARE privilege on the objects within the accounts.

NEW QUESTION # 63
An Administrator receives data from a Snowflake partner. The partner is sharing a dataset that contains multiple secure views. The Administrator would like to configure the data so that only certain roles can see certain secure views.
How can this be accomplished?

- A. Clone the data and insert it into a company-owned share and apply the desired RBAC on the new tables.
- B. Individually grant imported privileges onto the schema in the share.
- C. Apply RBAC directly onto the partner's shared secure views.
- D. Create views over the incoming shared database and apply the desired RBAC onto these views.

Answer: D

Explanation:
According to the Snowflake documentation1, secure views are only exposed to authorized users who have been granted the role that owns the view. Therefore, applying RBAC directly onto the partner's shared secure views (option A) is not possible, as the administrator does not own those views. Individually granting imported privileges onto the schema in the share (option B) is also not feasible, as the privileges granted on the schema do not apply to existing secure views, only to future ones2. Cloning the data and inserting it into a company-owned share (option C) is not recommended, as it would create unnecessary duplication of data and increase storage costs. The best option is to create views over the incoming shared database and apply the desired RBAC onto these views (option D). This way, the administrator can control the access to the data based on the roles in their account, without modifying the original data or views from the partner.

NEW QUESTION # 64
A Snowflake customer is experiencing higher costs than anticipated while migrating their data warehouse workloads from on-premises to Snowflake. The migration workloads have been deployed on a single warehouse and are characterized by a large number of small INSERTs rather than bulk loading of large extracts. That single warehouse has been configured as a single cluster, 2XL because there are many parallel INSERTs that are scheduled during nightly loads.
How can the Administrator reduce the costs, while minimizing the overall load times, for migrating data warehouse history?

- A. There should be another 2XL warehouse deployed to handle a portion of the load queries.
- B. The 2XL warehouse should be changed to 4XL to increase the number of threads available for parallel load queries.
- C. The INSERTS should be converted to several tables to avoid contention on large tables that slows down query processing.
- D. The warehouse should be kept as a SMALL or XSMALL and configured as a multi-cluster warehouse to handle the parallel load queries.

Answer: D

Explanation:
According to the Snowflake Warehouse Cost Optimization blog post, one of the strategies to reduce the cost of running a warehouse is to use a multi-cluster warehouse with auto-scaling enabled. This allows the warehouse to automatically adjust the number of clusters based on the concurrency demand and the queue size. A multi-cluster warehouse can also be configured with a minimum and maximum number of clusters, as well as a scaling policy to control the scaling behavior. This way, the warehouse can handle the parallel load queries efficiently without wasting resources or credits. The blog post also suggests using a smaller warehouse size, such as SMALL or XSMALL, for loading data, as it can perform better than a larger warehouse size for small INSERTs. Therefore, the best option to reduce the costs while minimizing the overall load times for migrating data warehouse history

is to keep the warehouse as a SMALL or XSMALL and configure it as a multi-cluster warehouse to handle the parallel load queries. The other options are incorrect because:

* A. Deploying another 2XL warehouse to handle a portion of the load queries will not reduce the costs, but increase them. It will also introduce complexity and potential inconsistency in managing the data loading process across multiple warehouses.
* B. Changing the 2XL warehouse to 4XL will not reduce the costs, but increase them. It will also provide more compute resources than needed for small INSERTs, which are not CPU-intensive but I/O-intensive.
* D. Converting the INSERTs to several tables will not reduce the costs, but increase them. It will also create unnecessary data duplication and fragmentation, which will affect the query performance and data quality.

NEW QUESTION # 65

A Snowflake user runs a complex SQL query on a dedicated virtual warehouse that reads a large amount of data from micro-partitions. The same user wants to run another query that uses the same data set.
Which action would provide optimal performance for the second SQL query?

- A. Prevent the virtual warehouse from suspending between the running of the first and second queries.
- B. Use the RESULT_SCAN function to post-process the output of the first query.
- C. Increase the STATEMENT_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS parameter in the session.
- D. Assign additional clusters to the virtual warehouse.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Explanation
According to the Using Persisted Query Results documentation, the RESULT_SCAN function allows you to query the result set of a previous command as if it were a table. This can improve the performance of the second query by avoiding reading the same data from micro-partitions again. The other actions do not provide optimal performance for the second query because:
*Assigning additional clusters to the virtual warehouse does not affect the data access speed, but only the query execution speed. It also increases the cost of the warehouse.
*Increasing the STATEMENT_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS parameter in the session does not improve the performance of the query, but only allows it to run longer before timing out. It also increases the risk of resource contention and deadlock.
*Preventing the virtual warehouse from suspending between the running of the first and second queries does not guarantee that the data will be cached in memory, as Snowflake uses a least recently used (LRU) cache eviction policy. It also increases the cost of the warehouse.
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/querying-persisted-results

NEW QUESTION # 66

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