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Palo Alto Networks Security Service Edge Engineer Sample Questions (Q12-Q17):

NEW QUESTION # 12

An engineer has configured a new Remote Networks connection using BGP for route advertisements. The IPSec tunnel has been established, but the BGP peer is not up.

Which two elements must the engineer validate to solve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Peer AS Number
- B. MRAI Timers
- C. Advertise Default Route Checkbox
- D. Secret

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

The BGP peer not coming up despite an established IPsec tunnel indicates a potential BGP configuration issue.

* Secret- If MD5 authentication is configured for BGP, both Prisma Access and the Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) must have the same secret (authentication key). A mismatch will prevent BGP from establishing a session.

* Peer AS Number- The Autonomous System (AS) number of the BGP peer must match what is expected on both sides of the connection. If the AS number is incorrect, the BGP session will fail to establish.

By verifying these elements, the engineer can troubleshoot and establish a successful BGP peering session over the IPsec tunnel.

NEW QUESTION # 13

What is the flow impact of updating the Cloud Services plugin on existing traffic flows in Prisma Access?

- A. They will be unaffected only if Panorama is deployed in high availability (HA) mode.
- B. They will experience latency during the plugin upgrade process.
- C. They will be unaffected because the plugin upgrade is transparent to users.
- D. They will automatically terminate when the upgrade begins.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Updating the Cloud Services plugin in Prisma Access does not disrupt existing traffic flows because the upgrade process is designed to be seamless and transparent. Prisma Access ensures high availability by maintaining active sessions and policies while applying the update in the background. This allows ongoing connections to continue without interruptions, minimizing impact on user experience.

NEW QUESTION # 14

How can an engineer use risk score customization in SaaS Security Inline to limit the use of unsanctioned SaaS applications by employees within a Security policy?

- A. Increase the risk score for all SaaS applications to automatically block unwanted applications.
- B. Build an application filter using unsanctioned SaaS as the category.
- C. Build an application filter using unsanctioned SaaS as the characteristic.
- D. Lower the risk score of sanctioned applications and increase the risk score for unsanctioned applications.

Answer: D

Explanation:

SaaS Security Inline allows engineers to customize the risk scores assigned to different SaaS applications based on various factors. By manipulating these risk scores, you can influence how these applications are treated within Security policies.

To limit the use of unsanctioned SaaS applications:

* Lower the risk score of sanctioned applications: This makes them less likely to trigger policies designed to restrict high-risk activities.

* Increase the risk score of unsanctioned applications: This elevates their perceived risk, making them more likely to be caught by Security policies configured to block or limit access based on risk score thresholds.

Then, you would create Security policies that take action (e.g., block access, restrict features) based on these adjusted risk scores. For example, a policy could be configured to block access to any SaaS application with a risk score above a certain threshold, which would primarily target the unsanctioned applications with their inflated scores.

Let's analyze why the other options are incorrect based on official documentation:

* B. Increase the risk score for all SaaS applications to automatically block unwanted applications.

Increasing the risk score for all SaaS applications, including sanctioned ones, would lead to unintended blocking and disruption of legitimate business activities. Risk score customization is intended for differentiation, not a blanket increase.

* C. Build an application filter using unsanctioned SaaS as the category. While creating an application filter based on the

"unsanctioned SaaS" category is a valid way to identify these applications, it directly filters based on the category itself, not the risk score. Risk score customization provides a more nuanced approach where you can define thresholds and potentially allow some low-risk activities within unsanctioned applications while blocking higher-risk ones.

* D. Build an application filter using unsanctioned SaaS as the characteristic. Similar to option C, using "unsanctioned SaaS" as a characteristic in an application filter allows you to directly target these applications. However, it doesn't leverage the risk score customization feature to control access based on a graduated level of risk.

Therefore, the most effective way to use risk score customization to limit unsanctioned SaaS application usage is by lowering the risk scores of sanctioned applications and increasing the risk scores of unsanctioned ones, and then building Security policies that act upon these adjusted risk scores.

NEW QUESTION # 15

Which advanced AI-powered functionality does Strata Copilot provide to enhance the capabilities of Prisma Access security teams?

- A. Automated remediation of misconfigured security policies
- B. Real-time traffic analysis for automated threat prevention
- **C. Customized guidance for resolving issues through recommended next steps**
- D. Initial configuration of Prisma Access using a natural language interface

Answer: C

Explanation:

Strata Copilot enhances the capabilities of Prisma Access security teams by providing AI-powered insights and recommendations to help resolve security issues efficiently. It analyzes security events, misconfigurations, and alerts and offers contextual guidance with recommended next steps for troubleshooting and improving security posture. This assists teams in quickly identifying and addressing security challenges without requiring deep manual investigation.

NEW QUESTION # 16

What will cause a connector to fail to establish a connection with the cloud gateway during the deployment of a new ZTNA Connector in a data center?

- **A. The connector is deployed behind a double NAT.**
- B. There is a misconfiguration in the DNS settings on the connector.
- C. There is a high latency in the network connection.
- D. The connector is using a dynamic IP address.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A ZTNA Connector requires a stable and direct connection to the cloud gateway. When the connector is deployed behind a double NAT (Network Address Translation), it can cause issues with reachability and session establishment because the cloud gateway may not be able to properly identify and communicate with the connector. Double NAT can interfere with secure tunneling, IP address resolution, and authentication mechanisms, leading to connection failures. To resolve this, the connector should be placed in a network segment with a single NAT or a public IP assignment.

NEW QUESTION # 17

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