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## Best Quality Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Architect Exam Questions

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## Palo Alto Networks Network Security Architect Sample Questions (Q65-Q70):

### NEW QUESTION # 65

A company wants automated response to detected threats. What should they implement?

- A. Disable alerts
- **B. SOAR integration**
- C. Static rules only
- D. Manual response

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

SOAR enables automated incident response by integrating detection and remediation workflows.

This reduces response time and improves consistency compared to manual processes.

#### NEW QUESTION # 66

A global organization is modernizing its data center and private cloud infrastructure. The environment consists of:

- A Nutanix AHV cluster hosting critical east-west application workloads
- A VMware ESXi cluster with multi-socket hosts, supporting high-throughput workloads (>10 Gbps)
- A new pair of PA-5450 firewalls to secure the perimeter and handle encrypted traffic inspection at scale
- Strict performance service-level agreements (SLAs) for both north-south and east-west flows, with heavy reliance on TLS 1.3 and IPsec

- A Network Functions Virtualization (NFV) environment on KVM to provide high-performance security services to maximize packet throughput and minimize latency. The chief architect is tasked with ensuring that the firewall design avoids hypervisor contention, optimizes non-uniform memory access (NUMA) and uses hardware features for encrypted traffic.

VM-Series on Nutanix AHV - Resource Allocation

- Because the Nutanix cluster is already heavily used, the architect's main concern is preventing performance degradation of the virtual firewall. Thin provisioning or ballooning could introduce latency and unpredictability which is unacceptable for a security-sensitive workload.

VM-Series on VMware ESXi - NUMA and vCPU Placement

- In the VMware ESXi environment, the architect is deploying VM-Series for workloads pushing >10 Gbps. Assigning vCPUs across NUMA nodes or oversubscribing cores would create latency due to cross-socket memory access and scheduling delays. Similarly, dedicating logical hypethreads does not provide the deterministic data plane performance required.

Operational Integration and High Availability

- With performance guaranteed by correct hypervisor and hardware provisioning, the architect also considers high availability (HA).

VM-Series pairs are deployed in active/passive HA across Nutanix and VMware clusters, while PA-5450s form the data center's north-south secure perimeter deployment. This ensures resilience without introducing unnecessary east-west inspection bottlenecks.

- The recommendation must be a scalable, high-performance firewall deployment aligned with enterprise SLAs and the CISO's encrypted traffic concerns.

While using the VM-Series to build the NFV environment, which configuration should the architect use?

- A. Virtio drivers and DPDK mode enabled
- B. Virtio drivers connected to an Open vSwitch (OVS) bridge
- C. SR-IOV-enabled network interfaces and standard Linux bridge networking
- **D. SR-IOV-enabled network interfaces and DPDK mode enabled**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

For a high-performance NFV deployment on KVM, the VM-Series should use SR-IOV-enabled interfaces together with DPDK.

Palo Alto Networks documents DPDK as improving packet-processing speed by bypassing the Linux kernel, and its KVM guidance explicitly calls out enabling both DPDK and SR-IOV for maximum VM-Series performance. This combination best fits the requirement to maximize throughput and minimize latency in an NFV environment.

#### NEW QUESTION # 67

You need to ensure compliance reporting and audit visibility for firewall activities. What should you use?

- **A. Log forwarding and reporting**
- B. Static routing
- C. NAT rules
- D. Disable logging

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Log forwarding and reporting provide visibility into firewall activity and support compliance requirements. They enable auditing, analysis, and integration with SIEM systems for centralized monitoring.

#### NEW QUESTION # 68

An enterprise needs to identify users accessing applications without relying on IP addresses. Which feature should be used?

- A. User-ID
- B. App-ID
- C. NAT
- D. Content-ID

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

User-ID maps network traffic to individual users, enabling identity-based policy enforcement. This is more effective than IP-based controls in dynamic environments where IP addresses frequently change.

#### NEW QUESTION # 69

An organization wants to modernize its legacy branch architecture. The existing architecture is rigid, complex, and ill-suited for a cloud-first strategy, creating high operational costs and latency.

- The four core data centers are strategically located in Dallas, Toronto, London and Tokyo, and they are interconnected by a dedicated MPLS backbone providing reliable connectivity but incurring significant costs and offering limited bandwidth scalability.
- Branches rely on MPLS or site-to-site VPN to connect to the nearest geographical data center.
- All internet-bound traffic from the branches is backhauled to the data center egress firewalls.

This creates latency for SaaS applications and increases bandwidth strain on the MPLS links.

The organization requires a proposal for a new WAN architecture for branch connectivity with the goal of improving security posture and SaaS application access as well as supporting local internet breakout for all branch devices, including IoT.

Which two implementations will achieve the goal of modernizing the branch architecture?

(Choose two.)

- A. SD-WAN using on-premises NGFWs for Direct Internet Access (DIA)
- B. NGFW at each branch with Large Scale VPN (LSVPN) for data center access and Direct Internet Access (DIA)
- C. SSE with Prisma Access for mobile users and service connections
- D. SASE with Prisma Access for remote networks and service connections

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

SD-WAN using on-premises NGFWs for DIA modernizes branch connectivity by enabling secure local internet breakout at the branch instead of backhauling SaaS traffic through central data centers, which reduces latency and improves cloud application performance. Palo Alto Networks documents PAN-OS SD-WAN support for DIA and securing internet traffic either locally at the branch or through Prisma Access. IoT visibility is also supported at Prisma SD-WAN branch sites through ION devices, which aligns with the requirement to support all branch devices, including IoT.

SASE with Prisma Access for remote networks and service connections is the cloud-delivered architecture that secures branch offices through remote network connectivity while connecting back to enterprise resources through service connections. Palo Alto Networks describes Prisma Access as providing connectivity and security for remote branches, headquarters, data centers, and mobile users without requiring customers to build their own global security infrastructure, which directly supports a cloud-first branch modernization strategy.

#### NEW QUESTION # 70

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