

PC-BA-FBA-20テキスト、PC-BA-FBA-20試験内容



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>> PC-BA-FBA-20テキスト <<

BCS PC-BA-FBA-20試験内容、PC-BA-FBA-20テスト資料

Tech4Examは、試験の準備をしている人に最適です。BCS私たちの実際のPC-BA-FBA-20テストを使用した後、

多くの人が良い成績を獲得しているので、あなたも良い結果を楽しみましょう。当社の無料デモでは、世界で発生している最新のPC-BA-FBA-20ポイントを追跡できるように、1年間無料で更新できます。BCS Foundation Certificate in Business Analysis V4.0 試験の急流の試験の質問は多かれ少なかれ白熱した問題に関係しており、試験の準備をする顧客は一日中試験のBCS痕跡を保持するのに十分な時間がない必要があるため、BCS Foundation Certificate in Business Analysis V4.0 私たちの模擬試験はあなたにとって助けになるツールとしてPC-BA-FBA-20役立ちます 無視したホットポイントを補います。

BCS Foundation Certificate in Business Analysis V4.0 認定 PC-BA-FBA-20 試験問題 (Q41-Q46):

質問 # 41

Which variant of the business analyst role needs to think innovatively, embrace the pace of change and seek ways to exploit emerging technologies?

- A. Project business analyst.
- B. Enterprise business analyst.
- C. Test business analyst.
- **D. Digital business analyst.**

正解: D

解説:

The digital business analyst role focuses on leveraging technology to drive innovation and transformation. This variant of the business analyst role requires creative thinking, adaptability to rapid change, and the ability to exploit emerging technologies.

Key Characteristics of Business Analyst Roles:

Enterprise Business Analyst: Focuses on aligning business strategies and objectives across the organization.

Digital Business Analyst: Emphasizes innovation, digital transformation, and the adoption of emerging technologies.

Project Business Analyst: Works within project teams to define and deliver specific solutions.

Test Business Analyst: Specializes in ensuring requirements are met through testing and quality assurance.

Evaluation of Each Option:

A . Enterprise business analyst:

While enterprise BAs focus on strategic alignment, they do not specifically emphasize innovation or emerging technologies.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

B . Digital business analyst:

This role explicitly involves thinking innovatively, embracing change, and leveraging emerging technologies.

Conclusion: This is correct .

C . Project business analyst:

Project BAs focus on delivering specific solutions rather than driving innovation or digital transformation.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

D . Test business analyst:

Test BAs focus on validation and quality assurance, not innovation or technology adoption.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

Final Recommendation:

The variant of the business analyst role that needs to think innovatively and embrace change is:

B . Digital business analyst.

質問 # 42

Which of the following elements of a use case diagram is used to indicate those who expect to receive a service from the system?

- A. Users.
- B. Entities.
- **C. Actors.**
- D. System boundaries.

正解: C

解説:

A use case diagram is a visual representation of how users (or systems) interact with a system to achieve specific goals. Actors represent the entities (e.g., users or external systems) that expect to receive services from the system.

Key Elements of a Use Case Diagram:

Actors: Represent individuals or systems that interact with the system to achieve a goal.

System Boundaries: Define the scope of the system being modeled.

Users: While "users" may seem similar to actors, the term "actors" is the correct technical term in use case diagrams.

Entities: Entities typically refer to data objects or components, not those receiving services.

Evaluation of Each Option:

A . Actors:

Actors are the correct element used to indicate those who expect to receive a service from the system.

Conclusion: This is correct .

B . System boundaries:

System boundaries define the scope of the system but do not represent those receiving services.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

C . Users:

While users may interact with the system, the correct term in use case diagrams is "actors." Conclusion: This is not correct .

D . Entities:

Entities represent data objects or components, not those receiving services.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

質問 # 43

Which of the following is a goal of all workshops?

- A. Reviewing the business case.
- **B. Collaboration.**
- C. Creating mind maps and process models.
- D. Brainstorming ideas.

正解: **B**

解説:

Workshops are structured meetings designed to achieve specific objectives through group participation. Regardless of the workshop's focus, collaboration is a fundamental goal.

Key Considerations:

Collaboration: Workshops bring stakeholders together to share ideas, solve problems, and make decisions collaboratively.

Reviewing the Business Case: While reviewing the business case may be a specific objective of some workshops, it is not a universal goal.

Creating Mind Maps and Process Models: These are tools or outputs of workshops, not overarching goals.

Brainstorming Ideas: Brainstorming is a technique used in workshops but is not the ultimate goal of all workshops.

Evaluation of Each Option:

A . Collaboration:

Collaboration is the core purpose of workshops, enabling participants to work together effectively.

Conclusion: This is correct .

B . Reviewing the business case:

This is a specific objective, not a universal goal of all workshops.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

C . Creating mind maps and process models:

These are tools or outputs, not goals.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

D . Brainstorming ideas:

Brainstorming is a technique, not the overarching goal of all workshops.

Conclusion: This is not correct .

Final Recommendation:

The goal of all workshops is:

A . Collaboration.

質問 # 44

During which stage of the Business Analysis Process Model would a gap analysis be carried out?

- A. Define requirements.
- B. Evaluate the options.

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