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CompTIA Linux+ Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q37-Q42):

NEW QUESTION # 37

After system startup, the X Window System GUI login interface is not displaying. Which of the following commands ensures that the GUI is started during the system startup process?

- A. `systemctl unmask xwindow.service`
- B. `systemctl enable xwindow.service`
- C. `systemctl isolate graphical.target`
- D. `systemctl set-default graphical.target`

Answer: D

Explanation:

Setting the default target to `graphical.target` tells `systemd` to boot into the graphical interface on startup. The command `systemctl set-default graphical.target` makes the GUI login display automatically at boot.

NEW QUESTION # 38

A systems administrator is configuring new Linux systems and needs to enable passwordless authentication between two of the servers. Which of the following commands should the administrator use?

- A. `ssh-keyscan -t rsa $$ ssh-copy-id john@server2 -i ~/.ssh/key`
- B. `ssh-keygen -t rsa $$ ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub john@server2`
- C. `ssh-agent -i rsa $$ ssh-copy-id ~/.ssh/key john@server2`
- D. `ssh-add -t rsa $$ scp -rp ~/.ssh john@server2`

Answer: B

Explanation:

`ssh-keygen -t rsa` generates an RSA key pair.

`ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub john@server2` copies the public key to the remote server's `authorized_keys`, enabling passwordless login.

NEW QUESTION # 39

A systems administrator is deploying a web server using the following code:

Which of the following technologies is the administrator using to create this web server?

- A. Ansible
- B. Puppet
- C. Terraform
- D. Chef

Answer: D

Explanation:

The code uses Chef's Ruby DSL for defining a role with `name`, `description`, `run_list`, and `default_attributes`, which are constructs specific to Chef.

NEW QUESTION # 40

A Linux administrator just finished setting up passwordless SSH authentication between two nodes. However, upon test validation, the remote host prompts for a password. Given the following logs:

Which of the following is the most likely cause of the issue?

- A. The `authorized_keysfile` does not have the correct security context to match SELinux policy.
- B. The administrator forgot to restart the SSHD after creating the `authorized_keysfile`.
- C. The SELinux policy is incorrectly targeting the `unconfined_ucontext`.
- D. The `authorized_keysfile` has the incorrect root permissions assigned.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The log shows `avc: denied { read } caused by SELinux when sshd tries to access authorized_keys`. The file has the wrong SELinux context (`unconfined_u:object_r:home_root_t`) instead of the expected context for SSH. This mismatch blocks SSH key authentication even though file permissions are correct. Adjusting the SELinux context (e.g., with `restorecon`) resolves the issue.

NEW QUESTION # 41

Which of the following is a protocol for accessing distributed directory services containing a hierarchy of users, groups, machines, and organization units?

- A. TLS
- B. KRB-5
- C. SMB
- D. LDAP

Answer: D

Explanation:

LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) is specifically designed for accessing and maintaining distributed directory services that organize users, groups, computers, and organizational units in a hierarchical structure.

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