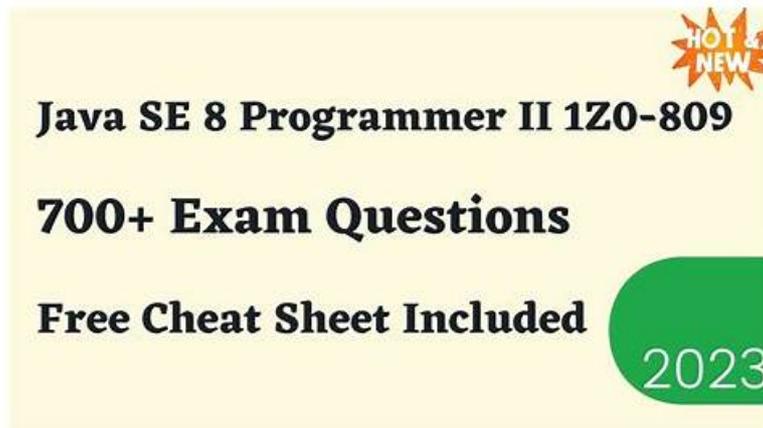


# Test 1z0-809 Dump | 1z0-809 Latest Exam



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of PassSureExam 1z0-809 dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1yvLzxHgHA2iGtULxfQTVpk1oNvmmS5z>

We are determined to be the best vendor in this career to help more and more candidates to accomplish their dream and get their desired 1z0-809 certification. Not only that we provide the most effective 1z0-809 study materials, but also we offer the first-class after-sale service to all our customers. Our professional online service are pleased to give guide in 24 hours. If you have any question on our 1z0-809 learning quiz, just contact us!

Oracle 1z0-809 (Java SE 8 Programmer II) certification exam is designed for professionals with intermediate to advanced knowledge of Java programming language. Java SE 8 Programmer II certification exam is a step up from the Oracle 1z0-808 (Java SE 8 Programmer I) certification exam, as it focuses on more complex Java programming concepts and advanced topics such as concurrency, security, and database integration.

The Oracle 1z0-809 Exam consists of 85 multiple-choice questions and lasts for 2.5 hours. It covers a wide range of topics, including Java Class Design, Generics and Collections, Lambda Expressions, Java I/O Fundamentals, Java Concurrency, and Java Database Connectivity (JDBC). Candidates are required to have a deep understanding of these topics, as well as hands-on experience with Java programming.

>> Test 1z0-809 Dump <<

## Oracle Test 1z0-809 Dump: Java SE 8 Programmer II - PassSureExam Full Refund if Failing Exam

Once you have practiced and experienced the quality of our 1z0-809 exam preparation, you will remember the serviceability and usefulness of them. For the excellent quality of our 1z0-809 training questions explains why our 1z0-809 practice materials helped over 98 percent of exam candidates get the certificate you dream of successfully. Believe me with our 1z0-809 Guide quiz, you will be more confident to pass the exam in the shortest time with ease.

Oracle 1z0-809 is an advanced Java certification exam that is designed for professionals who have already passed the Java SE 8 Programmer I exam. Java SE 8 Programmer II certification exam is intended to test the proficiency of professionals in Java programming skills and advanced concepts of Java SE 8. 1z0-809 Exam is a comprehensive evaluation of a candidate's knowledge of Java programming language and its libraries, including topics such as concurrency, I/O, and NIO. 1z0-809 exam has a duration of 150 minutes and consists of 85 multiple-choice questions.

## Oracle Java SE 8 Programmer II Sample Questions (Q90-Q95):

### NEW QUESTION # 90

Given:

```
class MyClass implements AutoCloseable {
    int test;
    public void close() {}
    public MyClass copyObject() { return this; }
}
```

and the code fragment:

```
MyClass obj = null;
try (MyClass obj1 = new MyClass()) {
    obj1.test = 100;
    obj = obj1.copyObject(); // line n1
}
System.out.println(obj.test); // line n2
```

What is the result?

- **A. 0**
- B. A compilation error occurs at line n1.
- C. A compilation error occurs because the try block is declared without a catch or finally block.
- D. An exception is thrown at line n2.

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION # 91

Given:

```
class Book {
    int id;
    String name;
    public Book (int id, String name) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
    }
    public boolean equals (Object obj) { //line n1
        boolean output = false;
        Book b = (Book) obj;
        if (this.id == b.id) {
            output = true;
        }
        return output;
    }
}
```

and the code fragment:

```
Book b1 = new Book (101, "Java Programing");
Book b2 = new Book (102, "Java Programing");
System.out.println (b1.equals(b2)); //line n2
```

Which statement is true?

- A. A compilation error occurs. To ensure successful compilation, replace line n2 with: `System.out.println (b1.equals((Object) b2));`
- B. The program prints true.
- **C. The program prints false.**
- D. A compilation error occurs. To ensure successful compilation, replace line n1 with: `boolean equals (Book obj) {`

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION # 92

Given the content:

messagesBundle.properties file:

inquiry = How are you?

messagesBundle.de\_DE.properties file:

inquiry = Wie geht's? ORACLE

and given the code fragment:

```
Locale currentLocale;  
// line 1  
ResourceBundle messages = ResourceBundle.getBundle("MessagesBundle", currentLocale);  
System.out.println(messages.getString("inquiry"));
```

Which two code fragments, when inserted at line 1 independently, enable the code to print "Wie geht's?"

- A. currentLocale = Locale.GERMAN;
- B. currentLocale = new Locale ("de", "DE");
- C. currentLocale = new Locale();  
currentLocale.setLanguage ("de");  
currentLocale.setRegion ("DE");
- D. currentLocale = Locale.getInstance(Locale.GERMAN,Locale.GERMANY);
- E. currentLocale = new Locale.Builder ().setLanguage ("de").setRegion ("DE").build ();

Answer: E

#### NEW QUESTION # 93

Given that data.txt and alldata.txt are accessible, and the code fragment:

```
public void writeFiles() throws IOException {  
    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("data.txt"));  
    BufferedWriter bw = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("alldata.txt"));  
    String line = null;  
    while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {  
        bw.append(line + "\n");  
    }  
    // line n1  
}
```

What is required at line n1 to enable the code to overwrite alldata.txt with data.txt?

- A. bw.flush();
- B. bw.writeLn();
- C. br.close();
- D. br.flush();

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION # 94

Given the code fragment:

```
5. IntConsumer consumer = e -> System.out.println(e);  
6. Integer value = 90;  
7. /* insert code fragment here */  
8. consumer.accept(result);
```

Which code fragment, when inserted at line 7, enables printing 100?

- A. Function<Integer> funRef= e -> e + 10;Integer result = funRef.apply(value);
- B. ToIntFunction funRef= e -> e + 10;int result = funRef.apply (value);
- C. IntFunction funRef= e -> e + 10;Integer result = funRef.apply (10);
- D. ToIntFunction<Integer> funRef= e -> e + 10;int result = funRef.applyAsInt (value);

Answer: A

