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Oracle 1z0-809 Exam is a challenging certification exam aimed at testing the proficiency of Java developers in advanced features and APIs of Java SE 8. Java SE 8 Programmer II certification is recognized globally and highly valued in the IT industry, and passing the exam demonstrates the candidate's expertise in advanced Java programming. Candidates preparing for the exam should have a solid foundation in Java programming and should use resources such as study guides, online courses, and practice exams to prepare effectively.

>> **1z0-809 Reliable Test Cost** <<

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The 1z0-809 Practice Exam software is specially made for the students so they can feel real-based examination scenarios and feel some pressure on their brains and don't feel excessive issues while giving the final Oracle exam. There are a lot of customers that are currently using GuideTorrent and are satisfied with it. GuideTorrent has designed this product after getting positive feedback from professionals and is rated one of the best study materials for the preparation of the Oracle 1z0-809 Exam.

Oracle 1z1-809 certification exam is a valuable credential for Java developers looking to demonstrate their advanced programming skills. 1z0-809 Exam validates the proficiency of developers in creating efficient and reliable Java applications using various techniques and advanced concepts. It is recommended that candidates have several years of experience in Java programming and use available study resources to prepare themselves for success on the exam.

Oracle 1z1-809 exam covers a wide range of topics related to Java programming, including Java Class Design, Advanced Java Class Design, Generics and Collections, Lambda Built-in Functional Interfaces, Java Stream API, Exceptions and Assertions, Java

Oracle Java SE 8 Programmer II Sample Questions (Q82-Q87):

NEW QUESTION # 82

Given the code fragments:

```
class Person // line n1
{
    String name;
    Person(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    } // line n2
}
```

and

```
List<Person> emps = new ArrayList<>();
/* code that adds objects of the Person class to the emps list goes here */
Collections.sort(emps);
```

Which two modifications enable to sort the elements of the emps list? (Choose two.)

- A. Replace line n1 with `class Person extends Comparator<Person>`
- B. Replace line n1 with `class Person implements Comparable<Person>`
- C. At line n2 insert `public int compareTo (Person p, Person p2) {return p1.name.compareTo (p2.name);}`
- D. At line n2 insert `public int compareTo (Person p) {return this.name.compareTo (p.name);}`
- E. Replace line n1 with `class Person implements Comparator<Person>`
- F. At line n2 insert `public int compare (Person p1, Person p2) {return p1.name.compareTo (p2.name);}`

Answer: B,D

NEW QUESTION # 83

Which two code blocks correctly initialize a Locale variable?

- A. `Locale loc1 = "UK";`
- B. `Locale loc4 = Locale.UK;`
- C. `Locale loc2 = Locale.getInstance("ru");`
- D. `Locale loc3 = Locale.getLocaleFactory("RU");`
- E. `Locale loc5 = new Locale ("ru", "RU");`

Answer: B,E

NEW QUESTION # 84

Given:

```
class Animal {
    String type = "Canine";
    int maxSpeed = 60;

    Animal() {}

    Animal(String type, int maxSpeed) {
        this.type = type;
        this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
    }
}

class WildAnimal extends Animal {
    String bounds;

    WildAnimal(String bounds) { //line n1
    }

    WildAnimal(String type, int maxSpeed, String bounds) { //line n2
    }
}
```

And given the code fragment:



Which two modifications enable the code to print the following output?

Canine 60 Long

Feline 80 Short

- A. Replace line n1 with:
super ();
this.bounds = bounds;
- B. Replace line n2 with:
super (type, maxSpeed) ;
this.bounds = bounda;
- C. Replace line n1 with:
this ("Canine",60);
this.bounds = bounds;
- D. Replace line n1 with:
this.bounds = bounda;
super ();
- E. Replace line n2 with:
super (type,maxSpeed) ;
this (bounds) ;

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 85

Given the code fragment:

```
public class Foo {
public static void main (String [ ] args) {
Map<Integer, String> unsortMap = new HashMap<> ();
unsortMap.put (10, "z");
unsortMap.put (5, "b");
unsortMap.put (1, "d");
unsortMap.put (7, "e");
unsortMap.put (50, "j");
Map<Integer, String> treeMap = new TreeMap <Integer, String> (new
Comparator<Integer> () {
@Override public int compare (Integer o1, Integer o2) {return o2.compareTo
(o1); } } );
treeMap.putAll (unsortMap);
for (Map.Entry<Integer, String> entry : treeMap.entrySet () ) {
System.out.print (entry.getValue () + " ");
}
}
}
```

What is the result?

- A. z b d e j
- B. A compilation error occurs.
- C. d b e z j
- D. j z e b d

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 86

Given:

