

# Realistic 3V0-21.25 Test Labs Covers the Entire Syllabus of 3V0-21.25



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## VMware 3V0-21.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plan and Design the VMware Solution: This section focuses on designing VMware Cloud Foundation Automation environments based on business and technical requirements. It includes understanding tenancy deployment models, organization types, and the functional components used to structure and manage cloud resources.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section focuses on understanding fundamental IT architectures, technologies, and industry standards that support VMware Cloud Foundation environments. It ensures candidates understand the foundational concepts required to design and manage automated cloud infrastructure solutions.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operation Management: This section focuses on monitoring and managing operational aspects of VMware Cloud Foundation Automation. It includes using VMware operations tools to monitor automation services, provider management, and organizational environments.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VMware Products and Solutions: This section covers VMware products related to VMware Cloud Foundation Automation, particularly components such as vSphere Supervisor and supervisor-based NSX networking. It focuses on identifying and differentiating architectural components and how they function within a deployment.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Install, Configure, Administrate the VMware Solution: This section covers configuring and administering VMware Cloud Foundation Automation environments. It includes managing provider portals, organizations, integrations, governance policies, resource deployments, automation workflows, blueprints, and orchestrator components.</li> </ul>

## 3V0-21.25 Valid Exam Papers, Relevant 3V0-21.25 Questions

After our unremitting efforts, 3V0-21.25 learning guide comes in everybody's expectation. Our professional experts not only have simplified the content and grasp the key points for our customers, but also recompiled the 3V0-21.25 preparation materials into simple language so that all of our customers can understand easily no matter which countries they are from. In such a way, you will get a leisure study experience as well as a doomed success on your coming 3V0-21.25 Exam.

### VMware Advanced VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Automation Sample Questions (Q32-Q37):

#### NEW QUESTION # 32

A vSphere administrator has created a new vSphere storage policy, labeled Gold Tier, mapped to some new NVMe-backed datastores.

The VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Automation administrator is tasked to permit access to this new storage type for consumers of a PerformanceTest Project in an AllApps organization named Engineering.

What must be done within VCFA to accomplish the task?

- A. Configure a Day-2 policy on the PerformanceTest project to enforce Gold Tier as the preferred storage.
- **B. Add the Storage Class backed by the Gold Tier storage policy to a Supervisor Namespace Class and bind that Namespace Class to the PerformanceTest Project.**
- C. Create a new VMApps Organization for Engineering and ensure the Gold Tier vSphere storage policy is selected for new projects.
- D. Create a new Zone in VCF Automation, select the Gold Tier vSphere storage policy, and assign the Zone to the PerformanceTest Project.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In an AllApps (AllApps) organization, resource entitlement follows the Supervisor-native path. To provide access to the "Gold Tier" storage, the VCF Automation administrator must first ensure the vSphere storage policy is recognized as a Storage Class by the Supervisor. The correct operational step is to Add the Storage Class backed by the Gold Tier policy to a Supervisor Namespace Class. The Namespace Class acts as the policy engine that governs what resources are "allow-listed" for the tenant. Once the Namespace Class is configured with the Gold Tier storage class, the administrator must bind that Namespace Class to the PerformanceTest Project. This makes the high-performance NVMe storage visible and available for use by the users within that specific project, allowing them to select it when deploying stateful applications or persistent volumes, without affecting other projects or organizations.

#### NEW QUESTION # 33

The product development team is rolling out several new application stacks and require a self-service option to deploy their applications quickly and consistently. The requirements are:

\* Present only approved application configurations.

\* No manual configuration within a blueprint.

Which VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Automation approach meets these requirements?

- A. Integrate VCFA with a Git repository containing blueprint YAML files and train the team to update infrastructure parameters properly before committing changes.
- **B. Publish pre-approved blueprints with all required inputs preconfigured to a catalog so team members can deploy them directly.**
- C. Publish pre-approved blueprints to a catalog and allow the team to choose infrastructure options such as compute cluster and storage policy during deployment.
- D. Publish all available blueprints to a catalog so team members can choose what is required and adjust configurations as needed at request time.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

To achieve the goal of "quick and consistent" deployments with "no manual configuration," the administrator must leverage preconfigured catalog items. In VCF 9.0 Automation, this is achieved by creating blueprints where all variables (such as CPU, RAM, and network segments) are either hardcoded or driven by hidden logic, and then publishing these as Catalog Items with

specific Custom Forms. By providing blueprints with all required inputs preconfigured, the platform eliminates the "request-time" complexity that leads to configuration errors or environment drift. This approach ensures that the development team only sees a "click-to-deploy" interface for approved application stacks. Unlike Option A or B, which introduce user-driven variability, or Option C, which requires manual Git interaction, this model provides a highly governed, "golden-image" style of infrastructure consumption that aligns perfectly with the requirement for zero manual configuration by the end-user.

#### NEW QUESTION # 34

An administrator clicks on Orchestrator to create a workflow in a VMAApps organization as shown in the image. Where would the administrator go next to enable Orchestrator?

- A. Click Connections.
- B. Click Integrations.
- C. Click Design.
- D. Click Infrastructure.

**Answer: A,B,D**

Explanation:

In VCF 9.0 Automation, enabling the Operations Orchestrator (vRO) for a specific organization is an integration task performed within the portal's infrastructure settings. If the administrator sees a message stating "No VCF Operations Orchestrator integration available" under the Orchestrator tab, it indicates that the logical link between the Automation service and the Orchestrator engine has not been established for that tenant. To resolve this, the administrator must navigate through the following path: Infrastructure > Connections > Integrations. Under the Integrations menu, the administrator can select "Add Integration" and choose VCF Operations Orchestrator. They must provide the FQDN of the orchestrator server and the appropriate credentials. Once the integration is finalized and the "Collect Data" task completes, the Orchestrator tab will become functional, allowing the administrator to import, create, and manage workflows directly from the VCF Automation UI.

#### NEW QUESTION # 35

An administrator has been tasked to enable developers to utilize Terraform to configure resources within VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Automation. The solution must:

- \* enable developers to configure Content Libraries.
- \* enable developers to configure Cloud Zones.
- \* enable developers to create flavor and image mappings.

What solution satisfies the requirements?

- A. Terraform provider for VCF Automation.
- B. Organization Administrator role.
- C. System Administrator role.
- D. Terraform configuration in VCF Automation.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The Terraform provider for VCF Automation is the specific tool designed to allow Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC) workflows to interact with the VCF 9.0 API surface. In VCF 9.0, the provider has been expanded to support the newer Organization and Region-based architecture. By utilizing this provider, developers can declare Content Libraries, Cloud Zones, and Flavor/Image Mappings within their HCL (HashiCorp Configuration Language) files. While specific RBAC roles (like Organization Administrator) are necessary for the credentials used by the Terraform runner, the solution itself is the provider that translates Terraform commands into the correct REST API calls for the VCF Automation engine. This enables a consistent developer experience where infrastructure configuration is versioned in Git and applied programmatically, aligning with modern DevOps practices supported by the VCF 9.0 platform.

#### NEW QUESTION # 36

An administrator is designing a VCF Automation service catalog item that enables development teams from multiple business units to deploy standardized environments for microservices applications. The solution must support consistent configuration, minimize environment sprawl, and enforce automated decommissioning policies. Which three capabilities of VMware Cloud Foundation



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