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Salesforce Plat-Arch-204 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Evaluate the Current System Landscape: This domain covers analyzing existing technical environments to understand current systems, their standards, protocols, limitations, and boundaries, while identifying constraints and authentication• authorization requirements.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Maintain Integration: This domain focuses on monitoring integration performance, defining error handling and recovery procedures, implementing escalation processes, and establishing reporting needs for ongoing integration health monitoring.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Design Integration Solutions: This domain centers on selecting integration patterns, designing complete solutions with appropriate components, understanding trade-offs and limitations, choosing correct Salesforce APIs, and determining required standards and security mechanisms.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Evaluate Business Needs: This domain addresses gathering functional and non-functional requirements, classifying data by sensitivity, identifying CRM success factors, and understanding how business growth and regulations impact integration choices.

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The Free4Torrent is a leading platform that has been helping the Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect (Plat-Arch-204) exam candidates in exam preparation and boosting their confidence to pass the final Plat-Arch-204 exam. The Free4Torrent is offering real, valid, and updated Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect (Plat-Arch-204) practice questions. These Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect (Plat-Arch-204) exam questions are verified by Salesforce Plat-Arch-204 exam trainers. They work closely and check all Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect (Plat-Arch-204) exam dumps one by one and they ensure the best possible answers to Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect (Plat-Arch-204) exam dumps.

Salesforce Certified Platform Integration Architect Sample Questions (Q78-Q83):

NEW QUESTION # 78

Northern Trail Outfitters wants to use Salesforce as a front end for creating accounts using the lead-to-opportunity process. An order is created in Salesforce when the opportunity is Closed/Won, but the back-end Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system is the data Master for order.

The customer wants to be able to see within Salesforce all the stages of order processing, like Order Created, Order Shipped, and Order Paid, that are within the retention window.

Which message durability consideration should an integration architect make when designing a solution to meet these business requirements?

- A. When subscribing to Salesforce Event Bus, ReplayID is used with a value of -1 to be able to see new events.
- **B. When subscribing to Salesforce Event Bus, ReplayID is used with a value of -2 to be able to see old and new events.**
- C. High-volume event messages are stored for 24 hours (1 day).

Answer: B

Explanation:

When designing an event-driven architecture to track order processing stages (Created, Shipped, Paid), the Integration Architect must ensure the solution provides "durability"-the ability to recover messages that were sent while a subscriber was offline or during a system failure. In Salesforce, this is managed through the Event Bus and the ReplayID mechanism.

For High-Volume Platform Events and Change Data Capture, Salesforce provides a standard retention window of 72 hours (3 days). This means that events are stored in the bus for this duration, allowing clients to "replay" events that occurred in the past. To leverage this durability, the subscribing client must specify where in the event stream they wish to begin receiving messages.

There are two special values for the ReplayID:

ReplayID = -1 (Tip of the Stream): The subscriber receives only new events that are published after the subscription is established. Any events published while the client was disconnected are missed. This does not meet the requirement of seeing processing stages that occurred within the retention window if the connection was interrupted.

ReplayID = -2 (All Available Events): The subscriber receives all events that are currently stored in the event bus (up to 72 hours old) as well as all new events.

By recommending the use of ReplayID = -2, the architect ensures that even if the Salesforce frontend or the integration middleware experiences downtime, the system can "catch up" by retrieving all order status updates (Shipped, Paid, etc.) that were published during that window. This provides a robust and resilient user experience, ensuring that the Opportunity and Order records in Salesforce accurately reflect the state of the ERP system without data gaps. This configuration is essential for maintaining data synchronization in a distributed landscape where Salesforce acts as the engagement layer for a back-end ERP master.

NEW QUESTION # 79

A subscription-based media company's system landscape forces many subscribers to maintain multiple accounts and to log in more than once. An Identity and Access Management (IAM) system, which supports SAML and OpenID, was recently implemented to improve the subscriber experience through self-registration and single sign-on (SSO). The IAM system must integrate with Salesforce to give new self-service customers instant access to Salesforce Community Cloud.

- A. SAML SSO and Registration Handler
- B. OpenID Connect Authentication Provider and Just-in-Time (JIT) provisioning1
- **C. OpenID Connect Authentication Provider and Registration Handler2**

Answer: C

Explanation:

To provide "instant access" and a seamless experience for Community (Experience Cloud) users, the architect must choose an authentication and provisioning strategy that handles user creation on-the-fly. While both SAML and OpenID Connect (OIDC) are viable for SSO, OpenID Connect is the modern standard for consumer-facing "Social" or external identity integrations because it is built on OAuth 2.0.

The critical component for "self-service" is the Registration Handler. When an OpenID Connect Authentication Provider is configured in Salesforce, you must associate it with an Apex class that implements the Auth.RegistrationHandler interface. This handler is executed during the SSO flow if the user does not already exist. It provides the architect with full programmatic control to: Match the incoming identity to an existing Contact or Account.

Create a new Contact record if one doesn't exist.

Provision a new User record with the correct Profile, Permission Sets, and Locale settings.

Link the User to the correct Account hierarchy, which is vital for Community security models.

Option A suggests Just-in-Time (JIT) provisioning, which is a declarative way to create users. However, JIT is often too rigid for Experience Cloud requirements, as it has limited ability to perform complex data lookups or handle the specific linking of Contacts to Accounts required for external users. Option C is technically mismatched in common Salesforce terminology; while SAML uses JIT, the Registration Handler is the native, specific mechanism designed to work with Authentication Providers (like OIDC). By using B, the company ensures that a subscriber logging in for the first time via the IAM system is instantly and accurately provisioned in Salesforce, eliminating the need for multiple accounts.

NEW QUESTION # 80

Which Web Services Description Language (WSDL) should an architect consider when creating an integration that might be used for more than one Salesforce org and different metadata?

- A. Partner WSDL
- B. Enterprise WSDL
- C. SOAP API WSDL

Answer: A

Explanation:

In the world of Salesforce SOAP APIs, the choice of WSDL depends on the nature of the application being built. When an architect needs to build an integration that is org-agnostic-meaning it can work across multiple different Salesforce organizations with varying custom objects and fields-the Partner WSDL is the correct choice.

The Partner WSDL is loosely-typed. It does not contain information about an org's specific custom metadata; instead, it uses a generic sObject structure. This allows a single client application (like a third-party integration tool or a mobile app) to connect to any Salesforce org and dynamically discover its schema at runtime. Because it is not tied to a specific org's metadata, it does not need to be regenerated every time a custom field is added to one of the target orgs.

In contrast, Option A (Enterprise WSDL) is strongly-typed. It is generated specifically for one org and contains hard-coded references to that org's custom objects and fields. While this provides better compile-time safety for internal, single-org integrations, it is unsuitable for an application intended for "more than one Salesforce org" because the WSDL would be invalid for any org that doesn't have the exact same metadata. Option C is a general term; the actual choices provided by Salesforce for integration are the Partner or Enterprise WSDLs. Therefore, for maximum flexibility and reusability across a multi-org landscape, the Partner WSDL is the industry standard.

NEW QUESTION # 81

Northern Trail Outfitters has recently implemented middleware for orchestration of services across platforms. The Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system being used requires transactions be captured near real-time at a REST endpoint initiated in Salesforce when creating an Order object. Additionally, the Salesforce team has limited development resources and requires a low-code solution. Which option should fulfill the use case requirements?

- A. Implement Change Data Capture on the Order object and leverage the replay ID in the middleware solution.
- B. Use Remote Process Invocation fire and forget pattern on insert on the order object using Flow Builder.
- C. Use Lightning Flow to create a platform event, selecting the record type as the platform event name on insert of record.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To satisfy a requirement for near real-time REST updates with limited development resources, the architect should utilize Flow Builder. Flow Builder is Salesforce's primary low-code tool for automating complex business logic and outbound integrations.

The Remote Process Invocation-Fire and Forget pattern is the most efficient way to signal an external system (or middleware) that a

record was created without blocking the user. Using a Record-Triggered Flow on the Order object, the architect can configure an Action (such as an External Service or a simple HTTP Callout) to send the order data to the middleware's REST endpoint. Option A is slightly incorrect because creating a platform event is just one step in an event-driven flow; the "Fire and Forget" pattern more accurately describes the end-to-end intent. Option B (Change Data Capture) is a powerful tool, but it is considered a "pro-code" or high-configuration solution on the middleware side, requiring the middleware to manage Replay IDs and Bayeux subscriptions. Option C leverages the native strengths of Flow to fulfill the requirement declaratively, allowing the team to deliver a functional integration without writing Apex code while meeting the near-real-time performance expectations of the ERP.

NEW QUESTION # 82

A customer's enterprise architect has identified requirements around caching, queuing, error handling, alerts, retries, event handling, etc. The company has asked the integration architect to help fulfill such aspects with its Salesforce program. Which recommendation should the integration architect make?

- A. Event handling in a publish/subscribe scenario; the middleware can be used to route requests or messages to active data-event subscribers from active data-event publishers.
- B. Message transformation and protocol translation should be done within Salesforce. Recommend leveraging Salesforce native protocol conversion capabilities as middleware tools are NOT suited for such tasks.
- C. Transform a Fire and Forget mechanism to Request and Reply, which should be handled by middleware tools (like ETL/ESB) to improve performance.

Answer: A

Explanation:

When an enterprise architect identifies infrastructure-level requirements such as caching, queuing, and complex event handling, it signals a need for a dedicated integration layer. Salesforce is an engagement platform, not a dedicated message broker or Enterprise Service Bus (ESB). For complex event handling in a publish/subscribe scenario, the architect should recommend leveraging middleware to act as the central nervous system of the integration landscape.

The middleware provides a robust environment to manage the lifecycle of a message. It can receive a single event from a publisher (like Salesforce via Platform Events) and then route that message to multiple active subscribers. This decoupling ensures that Salesforce doesn't need to manage the connection state or retry logic for every downstream system. Middleware tools are specifically designed to handle "Quality of Service" (QoS) requirements like guaranteed delivery, message sequencing, and dead-letter queuing, which are difficult to manage natively at scale within Salesforce limits.

Option A is incorrect because shifting from Fire-and-Forget to Request-Reply generally decreases performance and scalability due to the synchronous nature of the wait time. Option C is also incorrect; protocol translation (e.g., SOAP to REST) and heavy message transformation are exactly what middleware tools are built for. By performing these tasks in middleware, you conserve Salesforce's Apex CPU limits and maintain a cleaner, more maintainable CRM environment. Therefore, using middleware for routing and event handling is the standard architectural recommendation for a mature enterprise program.

NEW QUESTION # 83

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