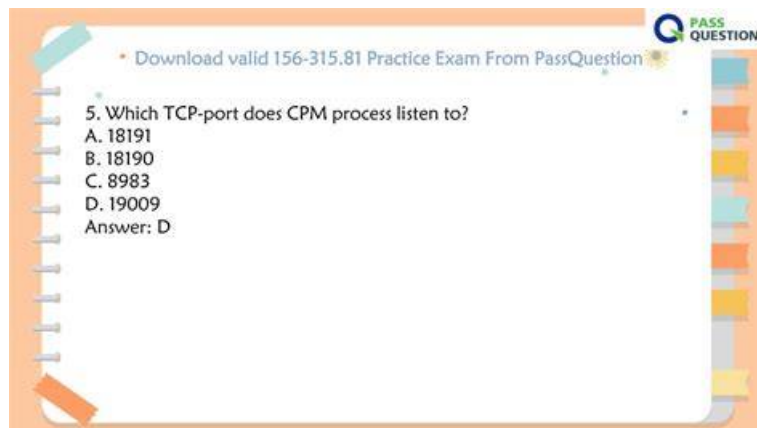


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CheckPoint 156-315.81 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Objectives
Topic 1: Security Gateway Architecture	- High Availability - ClusterXL - VRRP - System Architecture
Topic 2: VPN Concepts	- VPN Communities - SSL VPN - IPsec - Remote Access VPN - VPN Tunnel Management - Site-to-Site VPN
Topic 3: Identity Awareness	- UserCheck - Identity-based Policy - Identity Sources
Topic 4: Advanced Networking	- Multicast Routing - Bridge Mode - QoS - IPv6 - Advanced Routing (OSPF, BGP)
Topic 5: Advanced Threat Prevention	- Anti-Virus - Threat Extraction - IPS - Threat Emulation - Anti-Bot - SandBlast Agent
Topic 6: Traffic Verification	- SmartEvent - Log Correlation - SmartLog - Reporting

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CheckPoint Check Point Certified Security Expert R81 Sample Questions (Q30-Q35):

NEW QUESTION # 30

What are the Threat Prevention software components available on the Check Point Security Gateway?

- A. IPS, Threat Emulation and Threat Extraction
- B. IPS, Anti-Bot, Anti-Virus, SandBlast and Macro Extraction
- **C. IPS, Anti-Bot, Anti-Virus, Threat Emulation and Threat Extraction**
- D. IDS, Forensics, Anti-Virus, Sandboxing

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The Threat Prevention software components available on the Check Point Security Gateway are IPS, Anti-Bot, Anti-Virus, Threat Emulation and Threat Extraction. These components provide comprehensive protection against various types of cyber threats, such as network attacks, malware, ransomware, phishing, zero-day exploits, data leakage, and more. IPS is a network security component that detects and prevents malicious traffic based on signatures, behavioral patterns, and anomaly detection. Anti-Bot is a network security component that detects and blocks botnet communications and command-and-control servers.

Anti-Virus is a network security component that scans files for known viruses, worms, and trojans. Threat Emulation is a network security component that emulates files in a sandbox environment to detect unknown malware and prevent zero-day attacks. Threat Extraction is a network security component that removes malicious content from files and delivers clean files to users. References: [Check Point R81 Threat Prevention Administration Guide], page 9-10

NEW QUESTION # 31

Which application should you use to install a contract file?

- **A. SmartUpdate**
- B. SmartView Monitor
- C. SmartProvisioning
- D. WebUI

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

According to the Check Point website, SmartUpdate is the application that should be used to install a contract file. A contract file contains information about the licenses and services that are purchased from Check Point.

SmartUpdate can also be used to install software packages and patches on Security Gateways and Management Servers. The other applications are either not relevant or not capable of installing a contract file.

References: SmartUpdate

NEW QUESTION # 32

What should the admin do in case the Primary Management Server is temporary down?

- A. Logon with SmartConsole to the Secondary Management Server and choose 'Make Active' under Actions in the HA Management Menu
- **B. Use the VIP in SmartConsole you always reach the active Management Server.**
- C. Run the 'promote_util' to activate the Secondary Management server
- D. The Secondary will take over automatically Change the IP in SmartConsole to logon to the private IP of the Secondary Management Server.

Answer: B

Explanation:

High Availability (HA) is a deployment scenario where two or more Security Management Servers are configured to work together as a cluster. One server acts as the Primary server and handles all management operations, while another server acts as the Secondary server and serves as a backup. If the Primary server fails, the Secondary server takes over and becomes active. The cluster members communicate using a Virtual IP (VIP) address, which is used by SmartConsole to connect to the active server. If the Primary server is temporarily down, the administrator does not need to do anything, as SmartConsole will automatically connect to the VIP address and reach the Secondary server that has become active. Therefore, the correct answer is A.

References: 6: High Availability Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 33

Which Check Point daemon invokes and monitors critical processes and attempts to restart them if they fail?

- A. cpd
- B. fwm
- **C. cpwd**
- D. cpm

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 34

Fill in the blanks: A _____ license requires an administrator to designate a gateway for attachment whereas a _____ license is automatically attached to a Security Gateway.

- A. Formal; corporate
- B. Local; central
- C. Local; formal
- **D. Central; local**

Answer: D

Explanation:

A central license requires an administrator to designate a gateway for attachment whereas a local license is automatically attached to a Security Gateway. A central license is managed by a Security Management Server or a Multi-Domain Security Management Server and can be attached to any gateway that is managed by that server. A local license is managed by a local license server on each gateway and cannot be moved to another gateway. Central licenses are more flexible and scalable than local licenses, as they can be easily transferred between gateways without generating new licenses.

NEW QUESTION # 35

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