

CLF-C02최신기출문제, CLF-C02덤프최신자료



Itexamdump CLF-C02 최신 PDF 버전 시험 문제집을 무료로 Google Drive에서 다운로드하세요:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1yFHvSAnd1-I_tZPu6vERWPL-UooKuPg8

Amazon인증 CLF-C02시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득하여 승진이나 이직을 꿈꾸고 있는 분이신가요? 이 글을 읽게 된다면 Amazon인증 CLF-C02시험패스를 위해 공부자료를 마련하고 싶은 마음이 크다는 것을 알고 있어 시장에서 가장 저렴하고 가장 최신버전의 Amazon인증 CLF-C02덤프자료를 강추해드립니다. 높은 시험패스율을 자랑하고 있는 Amazon인증 CLF-C02덤프는 여러분이 승진으로 향해 달리는 길에 날개를 펼쳐드립니다. 자격증을 하루 빨리 취득하여 승진꿈을 이루세요.

Amazon CLF-C02 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Billing, Pricing, and Support: This section contrasts pricing methods and budgeting resources management. It also tests understanding of billing methods, identifying support options, and technical resources.
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cloud Technology and Services: Describe ways to access AWS services in AWS Cloud and explore connectivity options. It deals with defining the global infrastructure of AWS, computing services, and network services.
주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cloud Concepts: This section involves knowledge of value proposition and exploring design rules of AWS. It covers the advantages of techniques for moving over to AWS cloud and developing a good understanding of cloud economics.
주제 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security and Compliance: This section involves understanding the shared responsibility framework of AWS in addition to compliance and governance. It also involves exploring the management capabilities of AWS by exploring its security capabilities.

>> CLF-C02최신 기출문제 <<

CLF-C02덤프최신자료, CLF-C02최신덤프자료

Amazon인증 CLF-C02시험을 한방에 편하게 통과하여 자격증을 취득하려면 시험전 공부 가이드가 필수입니다. Itexamdump에서 연구제작한 Amazon인증 CLF-C02덤프는 Amazon인증 CLF-C02시험을 패스하는데 가장 좋은 시험준비 공부자료입니다. Itexamdump덤프공부자료는 엘리트한 IT전문자들이 자신의 노하우와 경험으로 최선을 다해 연구제작한 결과물입니다. IT인증자격증을 취득하려는 분들의 결은 Itexamdump가 지켜드립니다.

최신 AWS Certified Foundational CLF-C02 무료샘플문제 (Q15-Q20):

질문 # 15

Which of the following are pillars of the AWS Well-Architected Framework? (Select TWO)

- A. High availability
- **B. Performance efficiency**
- C. Continuous development
- D. Going global in minutes
- **E. Cost optimization**

정답: B,E

설명:

The AWS Well-Architected Framework is a set of six pillars and lenses that help cloud architects design and run workloads in the cloud. The six pillars are: operational excellence, security, reliability, performance efficiency, cost optimization, and sustainability. Each pillar has a set of design principles and best practices that guide the architectural decisions. High availability is not a separate pillar, but a quality that can be achieved by applying the principles of the reliability pillar. Going global in minutes and continuous development are not pillars of the framework, but possible benefits of using AWS services and following the framework's recommendations. References: AWS Well-Architected - Build secure, efficient cloud applications, AWS Well-Architected Framework, The 6 Pillars of the AWS Well-Architected Framework

질문 # 16

Which benefit of AWS Cloud computing provides lower latency between users and applications?

- A. Economies of scale
- B. Agility
- C. Pay-as-you-go pricing
- **D. Global reach**

정답: D

설명:

Global reach is the benefit of AWS Cloud computing that provides lower latency between users and applications. Global reach means that AWS customers can deploy their applications and data in multiple regions around the world, and deliver them to users with high performance and availability. AWS has the largest global infrastructure of any cloud provider, with 25 geographic regions and 81 Availability Zones, as well as 216 Points of Presence in 84 cities across 42 countries. Customers can choose the optimal locations for their applications and data based on their business requirements, such as compliance, data sovereignty, and customer proximity. Agility, economies of scale, and pay-as-you-go pricing are other benefits of AWS Cloud computing, but they do not directly provide lower latency between users and applications. Agility means that AWS customers can quickly and easily provision and scale up or down AWS resources as needed, without upfront costs or long-term commitments. Economies of scale means that AWS customers can benefit from the lower costs and higher efficiency that AWS achieves by operating at a massive scale and passing the savings to the customers. Pay-as-you-go pricing means that AWS customers only pay for the AWS resources they use, without any upfront costs or long-term contracts.

질문 # 17

What is the purpose of having an internet gateway within a VPC?

- A. To load balance traffic from the internet across Amazon EC2 instances
- B. To create a VPN connection to the VPC
- **C. To allow communication between the VPC and the internet**
- D. To impose bandwidth constraints on internet traffic

정답: C

설명:

An internet gateway is a service that allows for internet traffic to enter into a VPC. Otherwise, a VPC is completely segmented off and then the only way to get to it is potentially through a VPN connection rather than through internet connection. An internet gateway is a logical connection between an AWS VPC and the internet. It supports IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. It does not cause availability risks or bandwidth constraints on your network traffic¹. An internet gateway enables resources in your public subnets (such as EC2 instances) to connect to the internet if the resource has a public IPv4 address or an IPv6 address. Similarly, resources

on the internet can initiate a connection to resources in your subnet using the public IPv4 address or IPv6 address². An internet gateway also provides a target in your VPC route tables for internet-routable traffic. For communication using IPv4, the internet gateway also performs network address translation (NAT). For communication using IPv6, NAT is not needed because IPv6 addresses are public². To enable access to or from the internet for instances in a subnet in a VPC using an internet gateway, you must create an internet gateway and attach it to your VPC, add a route to your subnet's route table that directs internet-bound traffic to the internet gateway, ensure that instances in your subnet have a public IPv4 address or an IPv6 address, and ensure that your network access control lists and security group rules allow the desired internet traffic to flow to and from your instance². Reference: Connect to the internet using an internet gateway, AWS Internet Gateway and VPC Routing

질문 # 18

A company is moving to the AWS Cloud to reduce operational overhead for its application infrastructure. Which IT operation will the company still be responsible for after the migration to AWS?

- A. Backups of data that is stored in Amazon Aurora
- B. Security patching of AWS Elastic Beanstalk
- C. Termination of Amazon EC2 instances that are managed by AWS Auto Scaling
- D. Configuration of IAM access controls

정답: D

설명:

AWS Elastic Beanstalk, Amazon Aurora, and AWS Auto Scaling are managed services that reduce the operational overhead for the customers. AWS is responsible for security patching, backups, and termination of these services. However, the customers are still responsible for configuring IAM access controls to manage the permissions and policies for their AWS resources. This is part of the AWS shared responsibility model, which defines the security and compliance responsibilities of AWS and the customers. You can learn more about the AWS shared responsibility model from this whitepaper or this digital course.

질문 # 19

Which group shares responsibility with AWS for security and compliance of AWS accounts and resources?

- A. Reseller partners
- B. Customers
- C. Internet providers
- D. Third-party vendors

정답: B

설명:

Customers share responsibility with AWS for security and compliance of AWS accounts and resources. This is part of the AWS shared responsibility model, which defines the division of responsibilities between AWS and the customer for security and compliance. AWS is responsible for the security of the cloud, which includes the physical and environmental controls of the AWS global infrastructure, such as power, cooling, fire suppression, and physical access. The customer is responsible for the security in the cloud, which includes the configuration and management of the AWS resources and applications, such as identity and access management, encryption, firewall, and backup. For more information, see AWS Shared Responsibility Model and AWS Cloud Security.

질문 # 20

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Itexamdump의 Amazon CLF-C02 덤프로 Amazon CLF-C02 시험공부를 하여 시험에서 떨어지는 경우 덤프비용전액을 환불해드릴만큼 저희 덤프는 높은 적중율을 자랑하고 있습니다. 주문번호와 불합격성적표를 메일로 보내주시면 바로 환불가능합니다. 환불해드린후에는 무료업데이트 서비스가 종료됩니다. Amazon CLF-C02 시험을 우려없이 패스하고 싶은 분은 저희 사이트를 찾아주세요.

CLF-C02 덤프 최신자료 : <https://www.itexamdump.com/CLF-C02.html>

- CLF-C02 최신버전 시험대비자료 & CLF-C02 합격보장 가능 시험 □ CLF-C02 최고덤프 □ ➡
www.pass4test.net □ 은 [CLF-C02] 무료 다운로드를 받을 수 있는 최고의 사이트입니다 CLF-C02 합격보장 가

능 시험

- [illegible]

참고: Itexamdump에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 Amazon CLF-C02 시험 문제집이 있습니다:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1yFHvSAnd1-I_tZPu6vERWPL-UooKuPgs