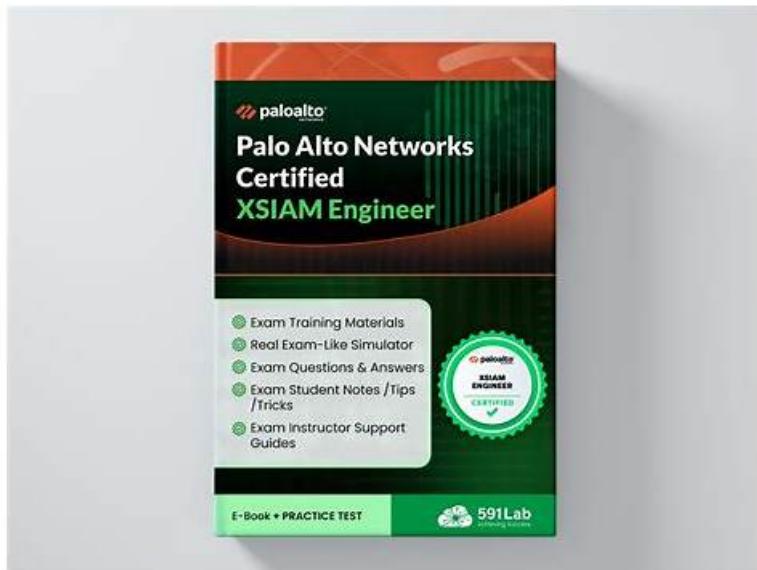


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Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Planning and Installation: This section of the exam measures skills of XSIAM Engineers and covers the planning, evaluation, and installation of Palo Alto Networks Cortex XSIAM components. It focuses on assessing existing IT infrastructure, defining deployment requirements for hardware, software, and integrations, and establishing communication needs for XSIAM architecture. Candidates must also configure agents, Broker VMs, and engines, along with managing user roles, permissions, and access controls.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Maintenance and Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures skills of Security Operations Engineers and covers post-deployment maintenance and troubleshooting of XSIAM components. It includes managing exception configurations, updating software components such as XDR agents and Broker VMs, and diagnosing data ingestion, normalization, and parsing issues. Candidates must also troubleshoot integrations, automation playbooks, and system performance to ensure operational reliability.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Integration and Automation: This section of the exam measures skills of SIEM Engineers and focuses on data onboarding and automation setup in XSIAM. It covers integrating diverse data sources such as endpoint, network, cloud, and identity, configuring automation feeds like messaging, authentication, and threat intelligence, and implementing Marketplace content packs. It also evaluates the ability to plan, create, customize, and debug playbooks for efficient workflow automation.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Content Optimization: This section of the exam measures skills of Detection Engineers and focuses on refining XSIAM content and detection logic. It includes deploying parsing and data modeling rules for normalization, managing detection rules based on correlation, IOCs, BIOCs, and attack surface management, and optimizing incident and alert layouts. Candidates must also demonstrate proficiency in creating custom dashboards and reporting templates to support operational visibility.

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Palo Alto Networks XSIAM Engineer Sample Questions (Q197-Q202):

NEW QUESTION # 197

An XSIAM Engine is deployed in a hardened environment where internet access is strictly controlled via a forward proxy with SSL inspection enabled. The Engine fails to connect to the XSIAM cloud tenant. Assuming network connectivity to the proxy is confirmed, what specific configurations are required on both the XSIAM Engine and potentially the proxy server to allow successful communication with the XSIAM cloud, and why are these configurations critical?

- A. The XSIAM Engine automatically detects proxy configurations via WPAD, so no manual configuration is needed.
- B. Configure the XSIAM Engine with the proxy server details (IP/port) and ensure the proxy's root CA certificate is imported into the Engine's trust store. Additionally, the proxy must be configured to bypass SSL inspection for XSIAM cloud FQDNs or use a trusted certificate for re-encryption.
- C. The XSIAM Engine only supports direct internet connections; proxy usage is not supported under any circumstances.
- D. Configure the XSIAM Engine with the proxy server details, and the proxy server must have an inbound rule to allow traffic from the XSIAM cloud.
- E. Only configure the proxy settings on the XSIAM Engine; SSL inspection on the proxy does not impact XSIAM communication.

Answer: B

Explanation:

When an XSIAM Engine communicates through a forward proxy with SSL inspection, two critical configurations are needed. First, the Engine must be explicitly configured with the proxy's IP address and port so it knows where to send its outbound traffic. Second, and crucially, because SSL inspection involves the proxy decrypting and re-encrypting SSL traffic, the proxy's Root CA certificate (used for re-encryption) must be trusted by the XSIAM Engine. If this certificate isn't in the Engine's trust store, the Engine will reject the proxy's re-encrypted traffic, leading to SSL errors. Furthermore, for some critical XSIAM cloud communication, it's often recommended or required to bypass SSL inspection for XSIAM FQDNs at the proxy, or ensure the proxy uses a trusted certificate for re-encryption to avoid breaking certificate pinning or other security mechanisms employed by XSIAM. Option A is incorrect because SSL inspection absolutely impacts XSIAM communication. Option C is incorrect as XSIAM supports proxy configurations. Option D is incorrect as the proxy needs outbound rules, not inbound from the XSIAM cloud (unless a reverse proxy is also involved, which is a different scenario). Option E is incorrect; manual configuration is typically required for explicit proxy settings.

NEW QUESTION # 198

An XSIAM administrator is tasked with deploying a new XDR Agent version (7.5.0) to a highly sensitive environment with strict change control. They want to ensure that the new agent version does not introduce any new network connections or unexpected outbound traffic beyond the documented ingestion FQDNs. What is the most effective strategy to validate this, considering the update process and the need for thorough testing?

- A. Trust the vendor's claim that no new network connections are made without explicit configuration.
- B. Perform a 'dry run' update on a small group of test endpoints and monitor firewall logs for new connection attempts to unknown destinations.
- C. Consult the Palo Alto Networks XDR Agent release notes and documentation for any changes in network requirements or new FQDNs.
- D. Run a network vulnerability scanner against the updated agents to detect open ports or suspicious services.

- E. Deploy the new agent version to a dedicated isolated test environment with a full packet capture (PCAP) configured on the gateway, analyzing all outbound traffic during and after the update.

Answer: E

Explanation:

While consulting release notes (B) is a good first step, and a dry run (A) is beneficial, the most effective and thorough method for validating no new network connections in a highly sensitive environment is to deploy in a controlled, isolated test environment and perform deep packet inspection (C). A full PCAP will capture all outbound connections initiated by the agent, allowing for granular analysis against documented FQDNs. Firewall logs (A) might miss connections to permitted but previously unobserved FQDNs or temporary connections. Vulnerability scanning (D) is about open ports, not necessarily outbound connection behavior. Trusting the vendor (E) is insufficient for high-security environments.

NEW QUESTION # 199

A compliance officer requests a monthly report detailing all network traffic to and from regulated data assets, specifically highlighting any unencrypted communication attempts. You need to automate this reporting using XSIAM. Which XSIAM reporting template features and data sources would you configure to meet this requirement efficiently?

- A. Creating a custom reporting template based on an XQL query that filters network _ connection _ logs for destination IPs of regulated assets and checks for non-standard ports or protocol headers indicating unencrypted traffic. Schedule as a recurring PDF or CSV export.
- B. Utilizing the 'Incident Management' report, as all unencrypted communications would be flagged as incidents.
- C. Developing a custom script outside XSIAM to query logs via API, then generate a report.
- D. Manual data export from 'Asset Inventory' and 'Network Activity' dashboards, then compiling a PDF report externally.
- E. Scheduling a 'Security Posture' report and filtering for regulated assets, assuming it includes encryption status.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Automating a report on unencrypted communication to regulated assets requires specific data filtering and analysis. Option C is the most efficient and accurate approach. It leverages XSIAM's custom reporting templates, which can execute XQL queries. Querying network _ connection _ logs allows for detailed analysis of traffic, including source/destination IPs and protocols. Checking for non-standard ports or protocol headers is a common method to infer unencrypted traffic. Scheduling this report as a recurring PDF or CSV ensures automation and easy distribution. Options A and E are manual/external processes, while B and D are unlikely to provide the granular detail required for unencrypted traffic analysis.

NEW QUESTION # 200

You are designing a 'Zero-Trust Policy Enforcement' dashboard in XSIAM. A critical requirement is to visualize policy violations related to applications attempting unauthorized access to sensitive data stores. This involves correlating application logs (e.g., process_events, network_connections) with 'data_store_access_logs' and then filtering for 'DENY' actions where the application is not whitelisted. Furthermore, the dashboard needs to show the top 3 applications generating such violations and their attempted access count over the last 24 hours. Which set of XSIAM XQL commands and visualization types would best achieve this complex correlation and presentation?

□

- A. Option A
- B. Option D
- C. Option C
- D. Option B
- E. Option E

Answer: C

Explanation:

□

NEW QUESTION # 201

A large software development company plans to deploy Cortex XSIAM agents on its Linux-based build servers. These servers have strict change control, custom kernel modules, and require minimal performance impact during active compilation. What

advanced planning and configuration steps are crucial to ensure stability and performance, specifically considering the unique environment of build servers?

- A. Conduct extensive load testing with XSIAM agents enabled, analyzing detailed performance counters (e.g., system calls, context switches) using tools like 'strace' or 'dtrace' in addition to standard monitoring. Implement granular policy adjustments based on observed I/O patterns.
- B. Install the XSIAM agent in 'monitor-only' mode. Disable all behavioral threat prevention and data collection modules, and never update the agent to avoid affecting compilation processes.
- C. Prioritize deploying the XSIAM agent with specific exclusions for build directories and processes (e.g., GCC, Make, Maven) to minimize I/O overhead. Test agent stability with high-concurrency builds and monitor CPU/RAM utilization.
- D. Configure the XSIAM agent to operate as a user-space process only, disabling all kernel-level hooks to prevent interference with custom kernel modules and ensure stability.
- E. Leverage a custom-built XSIAM agent image tailored for the specific kernel versions used on build servers. This requires recompiling the agent's kernel module for each custom kernel.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Both B and E are critical for this scenario. Option B addresses the immediate concern of performance impact by recommending targeted exclusions for build processes and directories. This is a common and effective strategy to reduce the security agent's overhead on high-I/O or CPU-intensive applications. It also emphasizes pre-deployment testing. Option E goes further into advanced performance analysis. Using tools like 'strace' or 'Sdtraces' provides deep insights into how the agent interacts with the OS and applications, allowing for very granular policy adjustments to minimize performance impact while maintaining security visibility. Option A is too restrictive and compromises security. Option C is generally not practical; XSIAM agents are pre-compiled and supporting custom kernels requires official Palo Alto Networks support or specific kernel module build processes that are not user-driven. Option D is incorrect; kernel-level hooks are fundamental to the agent's detection and prevention capabilities; disabling them renders the agent largely ineffective.

NEW QUESTION # 202

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