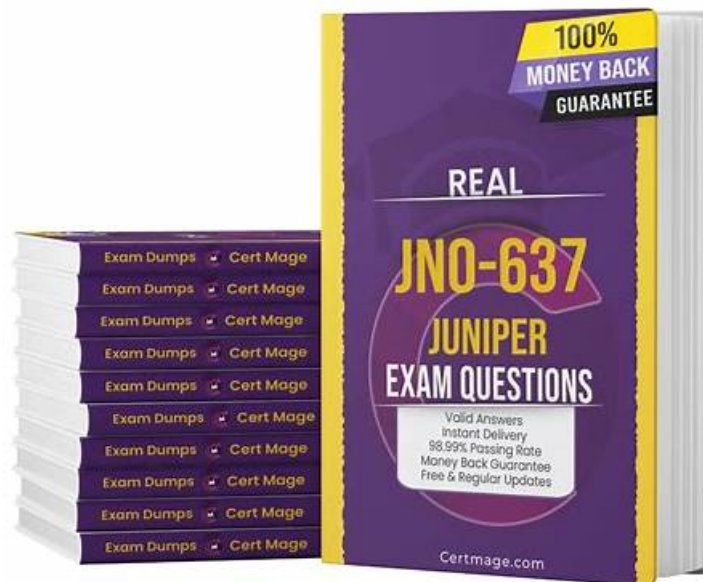


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Juniper JN0-637 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Advanced Network Address Translation (NAT): This section evaluates networking professionals' expertise in advanced NAT functionalities and their ability to manage complex NAT scenarios.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Layer 2 Security: It covers Layer 2 Security concepts and requires candidates to configure or monitor related scenarios.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Advanced IPsec VPNs: Focusing on networking professionals, this part covers advanced IPsec VPN concepts and requires candidates to demonstrate their skills in real-world applications.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Logical Systems and Tenant Systems: This topic of the exam explores the concepts and functionalities of logical systems and tenant systems.

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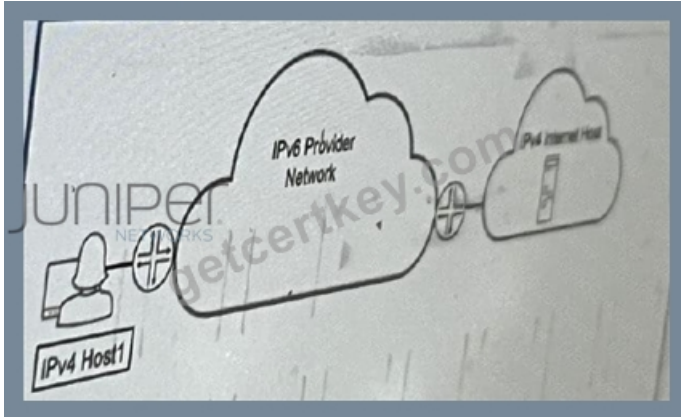
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Juniper Security, Professional (JNCIP-SEC) Sample Questions (Q97-Q102):

NEW QUESTION # 97

Exhibit:



Referring to the exhibit, which technology would you use to provide communication between IPv4 host1 and ipv4 internal host

- A. NAT46
- B. DS-Lite
- C. full cone NAT
- D. NAT444

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 98

In a multinode HA environment, which service must be configured to synchronize between nodes?

- A. PKI certificates
- B. IPsec VPN
- C. Advanced policy-based routing
- D. IDP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 99

Exhibit:

```

[edit]
user@srx# show security nat
source {
    pool ipv4-source-pool {
        address {
            10.10.101.10/32;
        }
    }
}
rule-set ipv6-source {
    from zone trust;
    to zone untrust;
    rule ipv6-host-source {
        match {
            source-address 2001:db8::1/128;
            destination-address 10.10.201.10/32;
        }
        then {
            source-nat {
                pool {
                    ipv4-source-pool;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

You are configuring NAT64 on your SRX Series device. You have committed the configuration shown in the exhibit. Unfortunately, the communication with the 10.10.201.10 server is not working. You have verified that the interfaces, security zones, and security policies are all correctly configured.

In this scenario, which action will solve this issue?

- A. Configure proxy-ARP on the external IPv4 interface for the 10.10.201.10/32 address.
- **B. Configure destination NAT to translate return traffic from the IPv4 address to the IPv6 address of your source device.**
- C. Configure proxy-NDP on the IPv6 interface for the 2001:db8::1/128 address.
- D. Configure source NAT to translate return traffic from IPv4 address to the IPv6 address of your source device.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 100

Exhibit:

```
user@srx> show security dynamic-address category-name cc
```

No.	IP-start	IP-end	Feed	Address
1	1.93.10.119	1.93.10.119	cc/1	1.93.10.119
2	1.93.17.81	1.93.17.81	cc/1	1.93.17.81
6	1.93.52.33	1.93.52.33	cc/1	1.93.52.33
3	1.234.4.71	1.234.4.71	cc/1	1.234.4.71
4	1.234.4.72	1.234.4.72	cc/1	1.234.4.72
5	2.30.157.51	2.30.157.51	cc/1	2.30.157.51

Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct?

- A. All of the entries are a threat level 10.
- **B. All of the entries are command and control entries.**
- C. All of the entries are a threat level 8
- **D. All of the entries are Dshield entries**

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

Referring to the exhibit, the following statements are correct:

B) All of the entries are command and control entries. Command and control entries are dynamic addresses that represent the IP addresses of servers that are used by malware to communicate with infected hosts. The SRX Series device can block or log the traffic to or from these IP addresses based on the security policies. The exhibit shows that all of the entries have the category DC/1, which stands for command and control1.

C) All of the entries are Dshield entries. Dshield is a feed source that provides a list of IP addresses that are associated with malicious activities, such as scanning, spamming, or attacking. The SRX Series device can download the Dshield feed and use it to populate the dynamic address entries. The exhibit shows that all of the entries have the feed dshield, which indicates that they are from the Dshield feed source2.

The other statements are incorrect because:

A) All of the entries are not a threat level 8, but a threat level 10. The threat level is a numeric value that indicates the severity of the threat associated with a dynamic address entry. The higher the threat level, the more dangerous the threat. The SRX Series device can use the threat level to prioritize the actions for the dynamic address entries. The exhibit shows that all of the entries have the cc CN, which stands for country code China. According to the Juniper documentation, the country code China has a threat level of 10, which is the highest.

D) All of the entries are not a threat level 10, but they are. See the explanation for option A.

Reference: Understanding Dynamic Address Categories Understanding Dynamic Address Feed Sources

[Understanding Dynamic Address Threat Levels]

NEW QUESTION # 101

You have deployed automated threat mitigation using Security Director with Policy Enforcer, Juniper ATP Cloud, SRX Series devices, Forescout, and third-party switches.

In this scenario, which device is responsible for communicating directly to the third-party switches when infected hosts need to be blocked?

- A. SRX Series device
- B. Policy Enforcer
- C. Juniper ATP Cloud
- **D. Forescout**

Answer: D

Explanation:

In the described scenario, Forescout is responsible for communicating with the third-party switches to enforce mitigation actions when infected hosts are detected. Forescout integrates with Policy Enforcer and other network security products to provide dynamic network access control. When an infected host is detected by Juniper ATP Cloud or SRX devices, Forescout interacts with the switches to enforce the quarantine or block policy, ensuring that the compromised device is isolated from the network.

Forescout manages the access control lists (ACLs) or other blocking mechanisms on the third-party switches, while Policy Enforcer coordinates with different systems like SRX devices and ATP Cloud for real-time threat mitigation.

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