

1z1-076 Exam Torrent: Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration & 1z1-076 Pass4Sure Guide



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Oracle 1z1-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Performing Role Transitions: Here, the concept of database roles is explained, along with the steps for performing switchovers, failovers, and maintaining physical standby sessions during role transitions.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Managing Physical Standby Files After Structural Changes on the Primary Database: The topic covers managing structural changes in the primary database and their impact on physical standby files.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Backup and Recovery Considerations in an Oracle Data Guard Configuration: In this topic, Backup and recovery procedures in a Data Guard configuration are discussed, including RMAN backups, offloading to physical standby, and network-based recovery.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration: This section delves into the practical aspects of creating and managing a Data Guard broker configuration, including command-line and Enterprise Manager approaches.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enhanced Client Connectivity in a Data Guard Environment: This topic focuses on enhancing client connectivity in a Data Guard setup and implementing failover procedures for seamless client redirection. It also covers application continuity to ensure uninterrupted operations during role transitions.

Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creating a Logical Standby Database: This topic guides users through the process of creating and managing a logical standby database, including SQL Apply filtering.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Broker Basics: An overview of the Data Guard broker, its architecture, components, benefits, and configurations, is provided here. It serves as an introduction to the tool used for managing Data Guard configurations.
Topic 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases.
Topic 14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration: This section provides guidance on patching and upgrading databases in a Data Guard environment, along with performance optimization techniques and monitoring considerations.

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Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

NEW QUESTION # 35

Which THREE statements are true about snapshot standby databases?

- A. A snapshot standby database can be the only standby database in a Maximum Protection Oracle Data Guard configuration.
- B. Snapshot standby databases may be used for rolling database upgrades.
- C. A guaranteed restore point is created automatically when a physical standby database is converted into a snapshot standby database.
- D. A snapshot standby database must be opened at least once in read-write mode before it can be converted into a physical standby database.
- E. If datafiles grow while a database is a snapshot standby database, then they shrink when converted back to a physical standby database.

Answer: B,C,D

NEW QUESTION # 36

Which TWO observations are true about the Far Sync instance?

- A. Can only be created using a series of SQL commands
- B. Can be created using the RMAN DUPLICATE command
- C. Applies redo received

- D. Includes a standby control file, password file, data files, standby redo logs, and archive logs
- E. Receives redo synchronously from the primary database

Answer: C,E

Explanation:

A Far Sync instance is a special kind of Oracle Data Guard configuration that allows synchronous redo transport from a primary database to a remote standby database with minimum impact on the primary database's performance. The Far Sync instance receives redo data synchronously from the primary database (A), then ships it asynchronously to the remote standby database, thus extending zero data loss protection over longer distances and higher network latency environments than would be practical with a synchronous standby alone. The Far Sync instance does not apply the redo data; it just receives and ships it (E). A Far Sync instance does not have data files, and it cannot apply redo to stay synchronized with the primary database.

Reference:

Oracle Database High Availability Overview and Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration documentation detail the role and configuration of Far Sync instances, including how they contribute to achieving zero data loss disaster recovery over long distances.

NEW QUESTION # 37

You are planning to perform block comparison using the dbms comp package:

Which TWO statements are true?

- A. Logical standby databases can be the target database for the dbms_dbcomp.dbcomp procedure.
- B. It can be used to detect lost writes and inconsistencies between the primary database and the cascaded standbys.
- C. You can monitor the progress of an ongoing block comparison operation by querying V\$SESSION_LONGOPS.
- D. The databases should be at least mounted before block comparison.
- E. It requires that the DB_LOST_WKITE_protect initialization parameter be enabled.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

The DBMS_COMPARISON package, used for comparing and converging data objects within a single database or between databases, requires that the databases involved in the block comparison be at least mounted (A). This allows the procedure to access the data blocks for comparison. Additionally, the progress of long-running operations such as block comparison can be monitored using the dynamic performance view V\$SESSION_LONGOPS (D), which provides information on the operation's progress and estimated completion time.

References: Oracle Database PL/SQL Packages and Types Reference provides comprehensive details on the DBMS_COMPARISON package, including its procedures and how to monitor their progress. Additionally, Oracle Database Reference explains the V\$SESSION_LONGOPS view, which is commonly used for monitoring long operations in the database.

NEW QUESTION # 38

In Oracle Database 19c, you can set the value of database initialization parameters in a database using the EDIT DATABASE...

SET PARAMETER Command:

DGMGRL> EDIT DATABASE 'boston' SET PARAMETER log_archive_trace - 1;

Which THREE statements are TRUE about the command?

- A. The EDIT DATABASE PARAMETER command can be used to set the value of a static parameter in a database.
- B. The database must be available when the above command is run.
- C. The edit database parameter command can only be used to modify the value of a dynamic parameter in a database.
- D. The value set using this command is directly applied to the boston database.
- E. The value set using this command is directly stored in the broker configuration file.

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:

The EDIT DATABASE...SET PARAMETER command in Data Guard Management (DGMGRL) is used to modify the value of initialization parameters for a database within a Data Guard configuration. This command can be used to modify both static and dynamic parameters, but if a static parameter is changed, the new value will take effect only after the database is restarted. The database must be up and running for the command to execute, and the values set using the command are directly applied to the specified database (in this case, 'boston').

NEW QUESTION # 39

On your logical standby database, you specified these rules:

After completion of the weekend batch cycle you attempt to delete the SQL Apply filters:

Which is TRUE regarding the execution of the UNSKIP procedure?

- A. It succeeds only if SQL apply is stopped before deleting the SQL Apply filter.
- **B. It deletes both the SQL Apply filters.**
- C. It succeeds but the SQL Apply filters are not deleted.
- D. It succeeds only if all DML statements executed on the primary have been applied on the logical standby deleting the SQL Apply filter.
- E. It returns an error because the syntax to delete a SQL Apply filter must specify the same object names as specified when the filter was added.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The execution of the UNSKIP procedure is designed to remove SQL Apply filters that have been previously set up on a logical standby database. Based on the provided statements, the UNSKIP procedure is directed to delete any SQL Apply filters for DML statements associated with objects in the 'HR' schema that start with 'EMP'. Since both SKIP procedures had the same schema name ('HR') and statement type ('DML'), and the UNSKIP procedure uses a wildcard (%) for the object name, it will successfully remove both of the SQL Apply filters for 'EMP_NEW' and 'EMP_OLD', as both object names match the pattern provided in the UNSKIP procedure.

Reference:

Oracle's Data Guard documentation and SQL Language Reference provide insights into managing SQL Apply filters on a logical standby database using the DBMS_LOGSTDBY package. This includes adding and removing filters through SKIP and UNSKIP procedures.

NEW QUESTION # 40

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