

# Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsaufgaben - Cybersecurity-Practitioner Online Prüfung



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Möchten Sie die Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierung mühelos bestehen? Die Schulungsmaterialien von Fast2test über Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierung sind eine gute Wahl. Die Testaufgaben von Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung aus Fast2test enthalten alle Inhalte und Antworten, die Sie bei der Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung wissen müssen. Daher können Sie in begrenzter Zeit die Schwerpunkte der Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung greifen und einmalig bestehen, so dass Sie Ihren beruflichen Wert erhöhen und näher zu ihrem Erfolg kommen können.

## Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network Security: This domain addresses network protection through Zero Trust Network Access, firewalls, microsegmentation, and security technologies like IPS, URL filtering, DNS security, VPN, and SSL</li> <li>• TLS decryption, plus OT</li> <li>• IoT concerns, NGFW deployments, Cloud-Delivered Security Services, and Precision AI.</li> </ul>
Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Endpoint Security: This domain addresses endpoint protection including indicators of compromise, limitations of signature-based anti-malware, UEBA, EDR</li> <li>• XDR, Behavioral Threat Prevention, endpoint security technologies like host firewalls and disk encryption, and Cortex XDR features.</li> </ul>
Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Secure Access: This domain examines SASE and SSE architectures, security challenges for data and applications including AI tools, and technologies like Secure Web Gateway, CASB, DLP, Remote Browser Isolation, SD-WAN, and Prisma SASE solutions.</li> </ul>
Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Security Operations: This domain focuses on security operations including threat hunting, incident response, SIEM and SOAR platforms, Attack Surface Management, and Cortex solutions including XSOAR, Xpanse, and XSIAM.</li> </ul>
Thema 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cybersecurity: This domain covers foundational security concepts including AAA framework, MITRE ATT&amp;CK techniques, Zero Trust principles, advanced persistent threats, and common security technologies like IAM, MFA, mobile device management, and secure email gateways.</li> </ul>

>> Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsaufgaben <<

## Cybersecurity-Practitioner Online Prüfung, Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsantworten

Die IT-Zertifizierungsprüfungen sind heutzutage immer wichtiger geworden als je zuvor in der konkurrenzfähigen Welt. Das alles bedeutet eine ganz verschiedene Zukunft. Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung wird ein Meilenstein in Ihrer

Karriere sein und kann Ihnen neue Chancen eröffnen, aber wie kann man die Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung bestehen? Machen Sie sich darum keine Sorgen, die Hilfe ist da. Mit Fast2test brauchen Sie sich nicht mehr zu fürchten. Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsfragen und Antworten von Fast2test ist der Pionier bei Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsvorbereitung.

## **Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity Practitioner Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q131-Q136):**

### **131. Frage**

Which MITRE ATT&CK tactic grants increased permissions to a user account for internal servers of a corporate network?

- A. Impact
- B. Persistence
- **C. Privilege escalation**
- D. Data exfiltration

**Antwort: C**

Begründung:

The Privilege Escalation tactic in the MITRE ATT&CK framework involves techniques used by attackers to gain higher-level permissions on a system or network, allowing greater access to internal servers and sensitive data.

### **132. Frage**

What is a purpose of workload security on a Cloud Native Security Platform (CNSP)?

- A. To provide comprehensive logging of potential threat vectors
- B. To secure public cloud infrastructures only
- C. To provide automation for application creation in the cloud
- **D. To secure serverless functions across the application**

**Antwort: D**

Begründung:

Workload security in a Cloud Native Security Platform (CNSP) is designed to secure containers, VMs, and serverless functions throughout the entire application lifecycle - from development to runtime - by detecting and blocking vulnerabilities, misconfigurations, and runtime threats.

### **133. Frage**

Which network device breaks networks into separate broadcast domains?

- A. Layer 2 switch
- B. Wireless access point
- C. Hub
- **D. Router**

**Antwort: D**

Begründung:

A layer 2 switch will break up collision domains but not broadcast domains. To break up broadcast domains you need a Layer 3 switch with vlan capabilities.

### **134. Frage**

What is the recommended method for collecting security logs from multiple endpoints?

- **A. Configure endpoints to forward logs to a SIEM.**
- B. Connect to the endpoints remotely and download the logs.
- C. Leverage an EDR solution to request the logs from endpoints.

- D. Build a script that pulls down the logs from all endpoints.

**Antwort: A**

Begründung:

A SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) is a system that collects, analyzes, and correlates security logs from multiple sources, such as endpoints, firewalls, servers, etc. A SIEM can provide a centralized and comprehensive view of the security posture of an organization, as well as detect and respond to threats. Configuring endpoints to forward logs to a SIEM is the recommended method for collecting security logs from multiple endpoints, as it reduces the network bandwidth and storage requirements, simplifies the log management process, and enables faster and more effective security analysis. Leveraging an EDR (Endpoint Detection and Response) solution to request the logs from endpoints is not recommended, as it may cause performance issues on the endpoints, increase the network traffic, and create a dependency on the EDR solution. Connecting to the endpoints remotely and downloading the logs is not recommended, as it is a manual and time-consuming process, prone to errors and inconsistencies, and may expose the endpoints to unauthorized access. Building a script that pulls down the logs from all endpoints is not recommended, as it requires technical skills and maintenance, may not be compatible with different endpoint platforms, and may introduce security risks if the script is compromised or misconfigured. Reference:

Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Entry-level Technician (PCCET) - Palo Alto Networks Fundamentals of Security Operations Center (SOC)

10 Palo Alto Networks PCCET Exam Practice Questions - CBT Nuggets

### 135. Frage

Which statement describes DevOps?

- A. DevOps is a set of tools that assists the Development and Operations teams throughout the software delivery process
- **B. DevOps is a culture that unites the Development and Operations teams throughout the software delivery process**
- C. DevOps is its own separate team
- D. DevOps is a combination of the Development and Operations teams

**Antwort: B**

Begründung:

DevOps is not:

- \* A combination of the Dev and Ops teams: There still are two teams; they just operate in a communicative, collaborative way.
- \* Its own separate team: There is no such thing as a "DevOps engineer." Although some companies may appoint a "DevOps team" as a pilot when trying to transition to a DevOps culture, DevOps refers to a culture where developers, testers, and operations personnel cooperate throughout the entire software delivery lifecycle.
- \* A tool or set of tools: Although there are tools that work well with a DevOps model or help promote DevOps culture, DevOps ultimately is a strategy, not a tool.
- \* Automation: Although automation is very important for a DevOps culture, it alone does not define DevOps.

### 136. Frage

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Die Zertifizierungsantworten zur Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsprüfung von Fast2test werden von IT-Eliten seit mehr als 10 Jahre durch ihre Forschung und Praxis gesammelt. Fast2test hat viele neueste und genaueste Prüfungsunterlagen. Fast2test ist für Ihren Erfolg vorhanden. Es bedeutet, dass Sie Erfolg wählen, wenn Sie Fast2test wählen. Wenn Sie Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsprüfungen leicht bestehen wollen, ist Fast2test die einzige Wahl für Sie.

**Cybersecurity-Practitioner Online Prüfung:** <https://de.fast2test.com/Cybersecurity-Practitioner-premium-file.html>

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