

# SAFe-SPC試験の準備方法 |効果的なSAFe-SPC資格受験料試験 |実用的なSAFe Practice Consultant SPC (6.0) 問題数



2026年GoShikenの最新SAFe-SPC PDFダンプおよびSAFe-SPC試験エンジンの無料共有: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1sGT06cmdkofMqRA63YBcmil8qtUIdSsZ>

煩わしい Scaled Agile の SAFe-SPC 試験問題で、悩んでいますか？悩むことはありません。GoShiken が提供した問題と解答は IT 領域のエリートたちが研究して、実践して開発されたものです。それは十年過ぎの IT 認証経験を持っています。GoShiken の Scaled Agile の SAFe-SPC の試験問題と解答は当面の市場で最も徹底的な正確な最新の模擬テストです。

GoShiken は Scaled Agile 業界に認定試験大綱の主要なサプライヤーとして、SAFe-SPC 専門家は一緻して品質の高い商品を開発し続けています。

>> SAFe-SPC 資格受験料 <<

## SAFe-SPC 問題数 & SAFe-SPC 受験準備

大量の時間と金銭をかけるのに比べて、正しい仕方は肝心なことです。もしあなたは Scaled Agile SAFe-SPC 試験に準備しているなら、あなたのための整理される備考資料はあなたにとって最善のオプションです。我々の目標はあなたに試験にうまく合格させることです。弊社の誠意を信じてもらいたいし、Scaled Agile SAFe-SPC 試験成功するのを祈って願います。

### Scaled Agile SAFe-SPC 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Building Solutions with Agile Product Delivery: This section of the exam measures skills of the Product Owner and focuses on delivering customer centric value. It explains design thinking, backlog prioritization, and program increment planning in a clear manner. It also covers developing on cadence and releasing on demand, followed by an overview of the continuous delivery pipeline with DevOps. Lesson 4 guides learners on building solutions that align with user needs.</li></ul>
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Leading the Change: This section of the exam measures skills of the Change Leader and focuses on guiding transformation. It reviews how to lead by example, how to lead organizational change, and how to apply the SAFe implementation roadmap. Lesson 6 provides a simple view of the leadership behaviors needed to support enterprise level change.</li></ul>

トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reaching the SAFe Tipping Point: This section of the exam measures skills of the Transformation Champion and addresses the earliest stages of change. It explains how to establish a clear vision for change and how to build a strong guiding coalition. Lesson 8 highlights the importance of commitment and sponsorship at the start of a transformation journey.</li> </ul>
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enhancing the Portfolio: This section of the exam measures skills of the Enterprise Architect and addresses the scaling of value delivery. It discusses launching additional ARTs and value streams, strengthening enterprise solution delivery, and improving portfolio operations. It also reviews Lean governance and the ongoing work of LPM implementation. Lesson 12 focuses on expanding organizational capability.</li> </ul>
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Launching an Agile Release Train: This section of the exam measures skills of the Scrum Master and focuses on the activities required to launch an Agile Release Train. It explains the preparation work, the training of teams, and the launch activities that bring the ART to life. Lesson 10 emphasizes readiness and alignment between teams.</li> </ul>
トピック 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coaching ART Execution: This section of the exam measures skills of the Agile Coach and covers coaching the train and the teams during execution. It explains the value of continuous improvement and presents the Inspect and Adapt process in a simplified manner. Lesson 11 reinforces how coaching improves team performance and overall ART outcomes.</li> </ul>
トピック 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thriving in the Digital Age and Business Agility: This section of the exam measures skills of the Agile Team Member and covers the foundations of thriving in a digital environment. It introduces how SAFe functions as an operating system for Business Agility and highlights the essential core competencies needed for modern enterprises. Lesson 1 guides learners on how organizations adapt, innovate, and remain competitive in fast changing markets.</li> </ul>

## Scaled Agile SAFe Practice Consultant SPC (6.0) 認定 SAFe-SPC 試験問題 (Q175-Q180):

### 質問 # 175

(Select 4) What are legitimate examples of management as an enabling function, rather than as top-down control?

- A. Creating work breakdown structures.
- B. Communicating the Solution Vision with the teams.
- C. Working with other departments to establish better communication among teams.
- D. Assigning backlog items to team members.
- E. Creating an environment of mutual influence.
- F. Developing skills and career paths for team members.
- G. Assigning team members to handle external dependencies.

正解: A、C、E、F

### 質問 # 176

(Select 2) What is true about budgets in SAFe?

- A. Budgets are allocated to value streams.
- B. Budgets are allocated to projects.
- C. Budgets are allocated to teams.
- D. Budgets are allocated to strategic themes.
- E. Budgets are allocated to portfolios.

正解: A、E

### 解説:

SAFe applies Lean-Agile budgeting by allocating funding at the portfolio level (C) and, more granularly, to value streams (E)-not to individual projects or teams. Budgets are not directly allocated to strategic themes, which serve as investment guidance rather than

funding vehicles.

"Lean-Agile budgeting allocates funding to value streams within a portfolio, empowering decentralized decision-making and continuous value flow." (Source: SAFe 6.0 Framework: Lean Portfolio Management, Lean Budgets; SPC 6.0 Guide "Exploring Lean Portfolio Management")

#### 質問 # 177

(Select 2) What factors help unlock the intrinsic motivation of knowledge workers?

- A. Ranking individuals for transparency in their contributions to the organization.
- **B. Autonomy.**
- **C. Making a contribution.**
- D. Well-structured MBOs so people know exactly what's expected of them.
- E. Individual and team performance incentives.

正解: B、C

解説:

SAFe, referencing Daniel Pink's "Drive," identifies that making a contribution (B) and autonomy (E) are major factors in unlocking intrinsic motivation for knowledge workers. External motivators (like incentives, rankings, or strict MBOs) are less effective for knowledge work.

"Knowledge workers are most motivated by autonomy, purpose (making a contribution), and mastery, rather than extrinsic rewards." (Source: SAFe 6.0 Framework: Principle #8 - Unlock the intrinsic motivation of knowledge workers.)

#### 質問 # 178

(select 3) What are the 3 primary outputs of PI Planning?

- A. Portfolio Vision
- **B. Program board**
- C. Top 10 Features
- **D. Team PI Objectives**
- E. Iteration Goals
- **F. Vote of confidence/commitment**

正解: B、D、F

#### 質問 # 179

Why is capacity allocation important in SAFe?

- A. So that team members collaborate better.
- B. So that the team is able to meet its Iteration Goals.
- C. It helps resolve conflicts between Feature teams and component teams.
- **D. So that teams continuously invest in the Architectural Runway.**
- E. So that the work can be better estimated.

正解: D

解説:

Capacity allocation in SAFe is the explicit allocation of a portion of backlog capacity to Enablers, which include activities like building or maintaining the Architectural Runway. This ensures that teams continuously invest in infrastructure and architectural work needed for sustainable development, rather than focusing solely on immediate feature delivery.

"Capacity allocation ensures that a portion of team and ART resources is always dedicated to Enabler work, such as building the Architectural Runway, allowing the enterprise to invest in future capabilities while delivering current value." (Source: SAFe 6.0 Framework: Capacity Allocation; SPC 6.0 Guide "Building Solutions with Agile Product Delivery")

#### 質問 # 180

.....

