

Free PDF Quiz 2026 Fortinet FCP_FMG_AD-7.6: FCP - FortiManager 7.6 Administrator Updated New Braindumps



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Fortinet FCP_FMG_AD-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Administrators and covers the essential features of FortiManager. It includes the initial configuration process and the setup of administrative domains (ADOMs), ensuring smooth system management.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device Manager: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Security Engineers and focuses on registering devices within ADOMs and handling device configurations. Candidates also learn how to install changes through scripts and diagnose issues using the revision history.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This section of the exam measures the skills of System Administrators and focuses on resolving problems at different levels of FortiManager. Candidates must troubleshoot deployment scenarios, imports, installations, and both device-level and ADOM-level issues, as well as identify and resolve system problems effectively.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Policy and Objects: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Administrators and evaluates their ability to manage policies and objects within FortiManager. It involves ADOM revisions, workspace mode, and policy imports and installations, emphasizing consistent policy control across networks.

Fortinet FCP - FortiManager 7.6 Administrator Sample Questions (Q60-Q65):

NEW QUESTION # 60

Which two conditions trigger FortiManager to create a new revision history? (Choose two.)

- A. When a provisioning template is assigned to a managed device on the device-level database
- B. When changes to the device-level database are made on FortiManager
- C. When FortiManager installs device-level changes on a managed device
- D. When FortiManager is auto-updated with configuration changes made directly on a managed device

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

The correct answers are A and C . The FortiManager 7.6 Administrator Study Guide gives the exact extract:

"FortiManager creates a configuration revision when: FortiGate is added to FortiManager, Device changes are installed from FortiManager, FortiGate configuration is retrieved from FortiManager, A local change on FortiGate causes an automatic update" .

This exactly proves A , because device changes are installed from FortiManager , and C , because a local change on FortiGate causes an automatic update . The guide also states: "By default, all changes made on a managed FortiGate device are automatically updated on FortiManager and reflected in revision history" .

B and D only modify the FortiManager device-level database status to Modified . They do not, by themselves, create a new revision history until an install, retrieve, or auto-update occurs.

NEW QUESTION # 61

You want to let multiple administrators work in the same ADOM without creating configuration conflicts.

What is the best and the most effective solution to apply?

- A. Activate workspace mode in the ADOM settings.
- B. Configure RADIUS authentication to assign ADOM roles to each user.
- C. Enable workflow mode, which is the only way to prevent concurrent configuration conflicts.
- D. Assign administrators with JSON API access to the FortiManager.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Activating workspace mode in the ADOM settings allows multiple administrators to work concurrently in the same ADOM by isolating their configuration changes in separate workspaces, preventing conflicts and enabling effective collaboration.

NEW QUESTION # 62

An administrator is copying a system template profile between ADOMs by running the following command:

```
execute fmpfile export-profile ADOM 3547 /tmp/Backup_File
```

```
output dump to file: [/tmp/Backup_File]
```

Where does this command export the system template profile from?

- A. FortiManager configuration backup file
- B. FortiManager /tmp/Backup_File folder
- C. FortiManager ADOM policy database
- **D. ADOM device database**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The FortiManager 7.6 Administrator Study Guide states under Copying System Templates Between ADOMs: "The first step is to export the system template from the original ADOM with the execute fmpfile export-profile command" and shows the output file being written to /tmp/Training, described as "File copied in FortiManager tmp folder." The key point is that the command exports the system template profile from the original ADOM, while

/tmp/Backup_File is only the destination path on FortiManager where the exported file is stored. The same study guide also defines system templates as a "subset of model device configuration-system-level settings", which means they belong to the device-level side of the ADOM, not the policy database.

So the export source is the ADOM device database, and the file is saved afterward in the FortiManager /tmp folder.

NEW QUESTION # 63

If one of the secondary FortiManager devices fails, which action must be performed to return the FortiManager HA manual mode to a working state?

- A. Run a sanity check on the failed device to make sure HA heartbeat packets are using TCP port 5199.
- **B. Remove the peer IP of the failed device on the primary device.**
- C. The FortiManager high availability (HA) state transition is transparent to administrators and does not require any reconfiguration.
- D. Manually promote one of the working secondary devices to the primary role.

Answer: B

Explanation:

If a secondary fails, there is no change. Primary remains the same. Admin must remove the IP of the secondary. If you remove a secondary member from the HA configuration, the primary FortiManager removes the secondary serial number from the central management configuration of FortiGate, and updates the managed FortiGate devices immediately.

NEW QUESTION # 64

Company policy dictates that any time a change is made to a policy package on FortiManager an ADOM revision is created before the change is installed, and that revision is held for a minimum of 90 days.

Over the past three months, each installed change has resulted in several unused policies and duplicate objects.

The FortiManager administrator plans to upgrade the FortiGate devices and then upgrade the FortiManager ADOM from version 7.4 to 7.6.

Which action can the administrator take to avoid slow ADOM upgrades?

- A. Check and repair the global configuration database before upgrading.
- B. Find unused firmware templates, then delete them before upgrading.
- C. Export firewall policies to Excel, delete them on the ADOM. then reimport them after upgrading the ADOM.
- **D. Limit ADOM revisions before upgrading.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Limiting ADOM revisions reduces the number of stored historical configurations, which helps avoid performance degradation and slow ADOM upgrades caused by a large volume of revisions.

