

# New Release CRT-450 Exam Questions- Salesforce CRT-450 Dumps



## Salesforce

CRT-450

Exam Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I  
Exam

## Questions & Answers

(Demo Version - Limited Content)

Thank you for Downloading CRT-450 Exam PDF Demo

Get Full File:

<https://www.certifiedumps.com/salesforce/crt-450-dumps.html>



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of PracticeTorrent CRT-450 dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=13m8RksrbmqMcnA8Q23pvw9aH4A0oa8V->

Our company is thoroughly grounded in our values. They begin with a prized personal and organizational quality--Integrity--and end with a shared concern for the candidates who are preparing for the CRT-450 exam. Our values include Innovation, Teamwork, Customer Focus, and Respect for Customers. These CRT-450 values guide every decision we make, everywhere we make them. As you can sense by now, and we really hope that you can be the next beneficiary of our CRT-450 training materials. You can just free download the demo of our CRT-450 training materials to check.

Finding 60 exam preparation material that suits your learning preferences, timetable, and objectives is essential to prepare successfully for the test. You can prepare for the Salesforce CRT-450 test in a short time and attain the Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I certification exam with the aid of our updated and valid exam questions. We emphasize quality over quantity, so we provide you with Salesforce CRT-450 Actual Exam questions to help you succeed without overwhelming you.

>> Reliable CRT-450 Test Braindumps <<

**Best Preparation Material For The Salesforce CRT-450 Dumps PDF from PracticeTorrent**

Passing the Salesforce CRT-450 certification exam is necessary for professional development, and employing real Salesforce CRT-450 Exam Dumps can assist applicants in reaching their professional goals. These actual CRT-450 questions assist students in discovering areas in which they need improvement, boost confidence, and lower anxiety. Candidates will breeze through Salesforce CRT-450 Certification examination with flying colors and advance to the next level of their jobs if they prepare with updated Salesforce CRT-450 exam questions.

## Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I Sample Questions (Q118-Q123):

### NEW QUESTION # 118

Given the code block: Integer x; For(x=0;x<10; x+=2) { If(x==8) break; If(x==10) break; } System.debug(x); Which value will the system debug statement display?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION # 119

An Apex method, `getAccounts`, that returns a List of Accounts given a searchTerm, is available for Lightning Web Components to use.

What is the correct definition of a Lightning Web Component property that uses the `getAccounts` method?

- A. `@wire(getAccounts, 'searchTerm: $searchTerm')`
- B. `@wire(getAccounts, '$searchTerm')`
- C. `@wire(getAccounts, { searchTerm: '$searchTerm' })`
- D. `@track(getAccounts, '$searchTerm')`

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The correct syntax for using `@wire` to connect a Lightning Web Component property to an Apex method requires specifying the method and a configuration object that includes the reactive property prefixed with `$`.

The correct usage is:

javascript

CopyEdit

`@wire(getAccounts, { searchTerm: '$searchTerm' })`

This correctly wires the reactive `searchTerm` property to the `getAccounts` method.

Reference:

Wire a Property to an Apex Method

To determine the correct definition of a Lightning Web Component (LWC) property that uses the `getAccounts` Apex method, we need to evaluate the syntax and usage of the `@wire` decorator in LWC, focusing on how it connects to Apex methods and passes parameters. Let's analyze the problem and each option systematically, referencing Salesforce's official Lightning Web Components Developer Guide.

Understanding the Requirement:

Apex Method: The `getAccounts` method is an Apex method that returns a List<Account> and takes a parameter `searchTerm`. For an Apex method to be callable from an LWC, it must be annotated with

`@AuraEnabled(cacheable=true)` (for `@wire`) and be static. The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide states: "To call an Apex method from a Lightning Web Component using `@wire`, the method must be static and annotated with

`@AuraEnabled(cacheable=true)" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Call Apex Methods).`

LWC Property: The question asks for the correct definition of an LWC property that uses `@wire` to call `getAccounts`. The `@wire` decorator is used to wire a property or function to a data source, such as an Apex method, and can pass dynamic parameters.

Parameter Passing: The `searchTerm` parameter must be passed dynamically to `getAccounts`, meaning its value comes from a reactive property (e.g., `searchTerm`) in the LWC. In LWC, reactive properties are tracked for changes, and the `$` prefix is used to indicate reactivity in `@wire` parameters.

LWC `@wire` Syntax:

The `@wire` decorator connects a property or function to a data source (e.g., an Apex method). When wiring to an Apex method, the syntax is:

javascript

Copy

```
@wire(apexMethod, { param1:'$property1', param2:'$property2' })
propertyName;
```

Apex Method Reference: The apexMethod is the imported Apex method (e.g., getAccounts imported from a controller).

Parameters: The second argument is an object mapping Apex method parameters to LWC properties. The \$ prefix makes the property reactive, meaning the wired method re-invokes when the property changes. The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide explains: "Use the \$ prefix in the parameters object to indicate a reactive property, so the wired method is called when the property's value changes" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Pass Parameters to Apex Methods).

Result: The wired property receives an object with data (the Apex method's return value) or error (if an error occurs).

Evaluating the Options:

A). `@wire(getAccounts, { searchTerm: '$searchTerm' })`

Syntax: Uses `@wire` to call `getAccounts` and passes parameters as an object `{ searchTerm: '$searchTerm' }`.

Parameter Mapping: The `searchTerm` parameter of the `getAccounts` Apex method is mapped to the LWC's `searchTerm` property. The `$searchTerm` syntax indicates that `searchTerm` is a reactive property, and `getAccounts` will be re-invoked if `searchTerm` changes.

Correctness: This matches the standard LWC syntax for wiring an Apex method with parameters. The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide confirms: "Pass parameters to an Apex method as a JavaScript object, using the \$ prefix for reactive properties" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Call Apex Methods).

Conclusion: Correct, as it uses the proper `@wire` syntax and parameter format.

B). `@track(getAccounts, '$searchTerm')`

Syntax: Uses `@track` instead of `@wire`.

Decorator: The `@track` decorator is used to make a property reactive, meaning the component re-renders when the property changes, but it does not wire the property to a data source like an Apex method. The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide states: "@track is used to mark a property as reactive for re- rendering, but it does not fetch data from a server" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Reactive Properties).

Parameter: Passing `getAccounts` and `'$searchTerm'` to `@track` is invalid, as `@track` does not accept arguments in this manner.

Conclusion: Incorrect, as `@track` cannot be used to wire an Apex method.

C). `@wire(getAccounts, 'searchTerm: $searchTerm')`

Syntax: Uses `@wire` to call `getAccounts`, but the parameters are passed as a string `'searchTerm: $searchTerm'`.

Parameter Format: The `@wire` decorator expects the second argument to be a JavaScript object (e.g., `{ searchTerm: '$searchTerm' }`), not a string. The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide specifies: "The second argument to `@wire` for an Apex method must be an object mapping parameter names to values" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Pass Parameters to Apex Methods). Passing a string like `'searchTerm: $searchTerm'` results in a runtime error or the Apex method not being called correctly.

Conclusion: Incorrect, as the parameter format is invalid (string instead of an object).

D). `@wire(getAccounts, '$searchTerm')`

Syntax: Uses `@wire` to call `getAccounts`, but passes `'$searchTerm'` directly as a string, not as a parameter object.

Parameter Format: The `getAccounts` method expects a parameter named `searchTerm`, so the correct format is `{ searchTerm: '$searchTerm' }`. Passing `'$searchTerm'` as a single value does not map to the Apex method's parameter name, causing the method to receive no value for `searchTerm` (or fail entirely). The Lightning Web Components Developer Guide notes: "Parameter names in the object must match the Apex method's parameter names" (Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide, Call Apex Methods).

Conclusion: Incorrect, as the parameter is not passed as a properly formatted object mapping to the Apex method's parameter.

Why Option A is Correct:

Option A is correct because:

It uses the `@wire` decorator to properly connect the `getAccounts` Apex method to an LWC property.

It passes the `searchTerm` parameter in the correct format: `{ searchTerm: '$searchTerm' }`, mapping the Apex method's parameter to the LWC's reactive `searchTerm` property.

The `$searchTerm` syntax ensures reactivity, so the `getAccounts` method is re-invoked when `searchTerm` changes, aligning with LWC best practices.

This matches the standard syntax outlined in the Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide for wiring Apex methods with parameters.

Example for Clarity:

Here's how option A would be used in a complete LWC JavaScript file:

javascript

Copy

```
import { LightningElement, wire } from 'lwc';
import getAccounts from '@salesforce/apex/AccountController.getAccounts'; export default class MyComponent extends
LightningElement { searchTerm= ""; // Reactive property for search term
// Wire the getAccounts Apex method to a property
@wire(getAccounts, { searchTerm: '$searchTerm' })
```

```
accounts;  
// Example: Update searchTerm based on user input  
handleSearchTermChange(event) {  
    this.searchTerm = event.target.value;  
}  
}  
Apex Controller (for reference):
```

```
apex  
Copy  
public with sharing class AccountController {  
    @AuraEnabled(cacheable=true)  
    public static List<Account> getAccounts(String searchTerm) {  
        return [SELECT Id, Name FROM Account WHERE Name LIKE :('%' + searchTerm + '%')];  
    }  
}
```

Behavior: When searchTerm changes (e.g., due to user input), the @wire decorator re-invokes getAccounts with the new searchTerm value, and the accounts property receives the result (e.g., { data: /\* Account records \*/ }, error: undefined ).

Handling Typos:

The options are syntactically correct in the provided image, with no typos to address. However, the options assume getAccounts is properly imported and defined in the Apex controller, which we infer based on the question's context.

The question's phrasing is clear, and the options align with typical LWC syntax patterns.

References:

Salesforce Lightning Web Components Developer Guide:

"Call Apex Methods" section: Details the use of @wire to call Apex methods, including parameter passing.

"Pass Parameters to Apex Methods" section: Explains the { param: '\$property' } syntax for reactive parameters.

"Reactive Properties" section: Clarifies the role of @track (and why it's not applicable here). (Available at:

<https://developer.salesforce.com/docs/component-library/documentation/en/lwc/>) Salesforce Apex Developer Guide:

"AuraEnabled Annotation" section: Describes requirements for Apex methods to be callable from LWC

(@AuraEnabled(cacheable=true)). (Available at: <https://developer.salesforce.com/docs/atlas.en-us.apexcode.meta/apexcode/>)

Platform Developer I Study Guide:

Section on "User Interface": Covers building LWCs, including wiring Apex methods and handling reactivity.

(Available at: <https://trailhead.salesforce.com/en/content/learn/modules/platform-developer-i-certification-study-guide>)

## NEW QUESTION # 120

Given the following block code: try{ List <Accounts> retrievedRecords = [SELECT Id FROM Account WHERE Website = null]; }catch(Exception e){ //manage exception logic } What should a developer do to ensure the code execution is disrupted if the retrievedRecords list remains empty after the SOQL query?

- A. Check the state of the retrievedRecords variable and use System.assert(false) if the variable is empty
- B. Check the state of the retrievedRecords variable and access the first element of the list if the variable is empty.
- C. Replace the retrievedRecords variable declaration from fount to a single Account.
- D. Check the state of the retrieveRecords variable and throw a custom exception if the variable is empty.

Answer: A

## NEW QUESTION # 121

Universal Containers wants to ensure that all new leads created in the system have a valid email address. They have already created a validation rule to enforce this requirement, but want to add an additional layer of validation using automation.

What would be the best solution for this requirement?

- A. Use a before-save Apex trigger on the Lead object to validate the email address and display an error message if it is invalid
- B. Submit a REST API Callout with a JSON payload and validate the fields on a third party system
- C. Use an Approval Process to enforce the completion of a valid email address using an outbound message action.
- D. Use a custom Lightning Web component to make a callout to validate the fields on a third party system.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Before-save Apex Trigger:

This is the best solution because a before-save trigger runs before the record is saved to the database, providing an opportunity to validate or modify the data.

In this case, the Apex trigger can validate the email address using a regular expression or a third-party API call to ensure the email address is valid. If the email is invalid, an error message can be displayed using addError().

Why not the other options?

A . Submit a REST API Callout with a JSON payload:

REST callouts are more complex and generally not recommended for simple validation tasks like email format validation.

Additionally, callouts cannot be performed directly in a before-save trigger.

C . Use a custom Lightning Web Component (LWC):

LWCs are primarily for UI interactions and should not be used to enforce data validations that are server-side requirements.

D . Use an Approval Process:

Approval Processes are for managing the approval flow of records, not for real-time validations. They cannot enforce email validation directly.

Reference:

[Apex Triggers Documentation](#)

[Trigger Context Variables](#)

## NEW QUESTION # 122

Which type of code represents the Controller in MVC architecture on the Force.com platform? (Choose 2)

- A. StandardController system methods that are referenced by Visualforce.
- B. Custom Apex and JavaScript code that is used to manipulate data.
- C. A static resource that contains CSS and images.
- D. JavaScript that is used to make a menu item display itself.

**Answer: A,B**

## NEW QUESTION # 123

.....

Are you preparing to take the Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I Exam Questions? Look no further! PracticeTorrent is your go-to resource for comprehensive Salesforce CRT-450 exam questions to help you pass the exam. With PracticeTorrent, you can access a wide range of features designed to provide you with the right resources and guidance for acing the Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I (CRT-450) Exam. Rest assured that PracticeTorrent is committed to ensuring your success in the CRT-450 exam. Explore the various features offered by PracticeTorrent that will guarantee your success in the exam.

**CRT-450 Exam Material:** <https://www.practicetorrent.com/CRT-450-practice-exam-torrent.html>

If you use DumpStep braindumps as your CRT-450 Exam prepare material, we guarantee your success in the first attempt, Fortinet CRT-450 - In this, you can check its quality for yourself, Salesforce Reliable CRT-450 Test Braindumps So that candidates can pass exam one shot certainly, As a matter of fact, the statistics has shown that the pass rate of CRT-450 practice questions among our customers has reached 98% to 100%, but in order to let you feel relieved, we assure you that you can get full refund if you failed in the IT exam even with the help of our CRT-450 actual real questions: Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I, Salesforce Reliable CRT-450 Test Braindumps If you can get the certification you will get outstanding advantages, good promotion, nice salary and better life.

This is usually the trickiest part to work out, as the Latest CRT-450 Cram Materials usage requirements can vary enormously from job to job, Covering everything from mindfulness, mentalhealth, wellbeing, longevity, energy, balance, perspective, CRT-450 relaxation to exercise, youll find simple ways to have a healthy attitude and be your best self.

## Pass Guaranteed CRT-450 - Updated Reliable Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I Test Braindumps

If you use DumpStep braindumps as your CRT-450 Exam prepare material, we guarantee your success in the first attempt, Fortinet CRT-450 - In this, you can check its quality for yourself.

So that candidates can pass exam one shot certainly, As a matter of fact, the statistics has shown that the pass rate of CRT-450 practice questions among our customers has reached 98% to 100%, but in order to let you feel relieved, we assure you that you can get full refund if you failed in the IT exam even with the help of our CRT-450 actual real questions: Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I.

If you can get the certification you will Latest CRT-450 Cram Materials get outstanding advantages, good promotion, nice salary and better life.

What's more, part of that PracticeTorrent CRT-450 dumps now are free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=13m8RksrbmqMcnA8Q23pvw9aH4A0oa8V->