NetSec-Analyst Demotesten - NetSec-Analyst Lernhilfe

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Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Analyst Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• Object Configuration Creation and Application: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Security Analysts and covers the creation, configuration, and application of objects used across security environments. It focuses on building and applying various security profiles, decryption profiles, custom objects, external dynamic lists, and log forwarding profiles. Candidates are expected to understand how data security, IoT security, DoS protection, and SD-WAN profiles integrate into firewall operations. The objective of this domain is to ensure analysts can configure the foundational elements required to protect and optimize network security using Strata Cloud Manager.
Thema 2	• Policy Creation and Application: This section of the exam measures the abilities of Firewall Administrators and focuses on creating and applying different types of policies essential to secure and manage traffic. The domain includes security policies incorporating App-ID, User-ID, and Content-ID, as well as NAT, decryption, application override, and policy-based forwarding policies. It also covers SD-WAN routing and SLA policies that influence how traffic flows across distributed environments. The section ensures professionals can design and implement policy structures that support secure, efficient network operations.
Thema 3	• Management and Operations: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Operations Professionals and covers the use of centralized management tools to maintain and monitor firewall environments. It focuses on Strata Cloud Manager, folders, snippets, automations, variables, and logging services. Candidates are also tested on using Command Center, Activity Insights, Policy Optimizer, Log Viewer, and incident-handling tools to analyze security data and improve the organization overall security posture. The goal is to validate competence in managing day-to-day firewall operations and responding to alerts effectively.

Thema 4	• Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Technical Support Analysts and covers the identification and resolution of configuration and operational issues. It includes troubleshooting misconfigurations, runtime errors, commit and push issues, device health concerns, and resource usage problems. This domain ensures candidates can analyze failures across management systems and on-device functions, enabling them to maintain a stable and reliable security infrastructure.

NetSec-Analyst Lernhilfe & NetSec-Analyst Ausbildungsressourcen

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Palo Alto Networks Network Security Analyst NetSec-Analyst Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q141-Q146):

141. Frage
What are the two default behaviors for the intrazone-default policy? (Choose two.)

- A. Allow
- B. Deny
- C. Log at Session End
- D. Logging disabled

Antwort: A,D

142. Frage
Which DNS Query action is recommended for traffic that is allowed by Security policy and matches Palo Alto Networks Content DNS Signatures?

- A. block
- B. sinkhole
- C. allow
- D. alert

Antwort: B

Begründung:
To enable DNS sinkholing for domain queries using DNS security, you must activate your DNS Security subscription, create (or modify) an Anti-Spyware policy to reference the DNS Security service, configure the log severity and policy settings for each DNS signature category, and then attach the profile to a security policy rule.
https://docs.paloaltonetworks.com/pan-os/10-1/pan-os-admin/threat-prevention/dns-security/enable-dns-security

143. Frage
A Palo Alto Networks firewall is exhibiting intermittent connectivity issues to external services, despite seemingly correct security policies. Upon inspection, you notice that the firewall's DNS proxy is configured, but resolution for certain domains consistently fails. Which of the following troubleshooting steps, if overlooked, is most likely causing this intermittent failure and should be investigated first?

- A. Checking the DNS server profile configured on the firewall for reachability and correct IP addresses, ensuring they are public DNS servers.

- B. Analyzing the security policy rule order to ensure no broader 'deny' rule is inadvertently blocking DNS traffic before specific 'allow' rules.
- C. Inspecting the DNS proxy configuration for the specific domain, ensuring that a static entry or a conditional forwarder for that domain is not incorrectly pointing to an internal, non-authoritative server.
- D. Verifying the firewall's clock synchronization (NTP) with a reliable time source.
- E. Examining the session browser for DNS sessions to determine if they are being dropped or aged out prematurely due to resource exhaustion.

Antwort: C

Begründung:
While options A, B, C, and D are valid troubleshooting steps, the key phrase 'resolution for certain domains consistently fails' when the DNS proxy is configured strongly suggests an issue with how specific domains are handled. A misconfigured static entry or conditional forwarder within the DNS proxy, pointing to an incorrect or unreachable internal DNS server for external domains, would lead to consistent failure for those specific domains while others might resolve correctly. This is a common misconfiguration for DNS proxy on Palo Alto firewalls.

144. Frage
In which three places on the PAN-OS interface can the application characteristics be found? (Choose three.)

- A. Policies tab > Security
- B. Objects tab > Applications
- C. ACC tab > Global Filters
- D. Objects tab > Application Filters
- E. Objects tab > Application Groups

Antwort: B,D,E

Begründung:
The application characteristics can be found in three places on the PAN-OS interface: Objects tab > Application Filters, Objects tab > Application Groups, and Objects tab > Applications. These places allow you to view and manage the applications and application groups that are used in your Security policy rules. You can also create custom applications and application filters based on various attributes, such as category, subcategory, technology, risk, and behavior1. Some of the characteristics of these places are:
Objects tab > Application Filters: An application filter is a dynamic object that groups applications based on specific criteria. You can use an application filter to match multiple applications in a Security policy rule without having to list them individually. For example, you can create an application filter that includes all applications that have a high risk level or use peer-to-peer technology.
Objects tab > Application Groups: An application group is a static object that groups applications based on your custom requirements. You can use an application group to match multiple applications in a Security policy rule without having to list them individually. For example, you can create an application group that includes all applications that are related to a specific business function or project.
Objects tab > Applications: An application is an object that identifies and classifies network traffic based on App-ID, which is a technology that uses multiple attributes to identify applications. You can use an application to match a specific application in a Security policy rule and control its access and behavior. For example, you can use an application to allow web browsing but block file sharing or social networking.

145. Frage
An administrator wants to enable access to www.paloaltonetworks.com while denying access to all other sites in the same category. Which object should the administrator create to use as a match condition for the security policy rule that allows access to www.paloaltonetworks.com?

- A. URL category
- B. Address ab
- C. Service
- D. Application group

Antwort: A

Begründung:

A URL category object is the object that the administrator should create to use as a match condition for the security policy rule that allows access to www.paloaltonetworks.com while denying access to all other sites in the same category. A URL category object allows the administrator to define a custom list of URLs that belong to a specific category, such as Business and Economy. The administrator can then use this object in a security policy rule to allow or deny access to the URLs based on the category1. For example, the administrator can create a URL category object that contains www.paloaltonetworks.com and assign it to the Business and Economy category. Then, the administrator can create a security policy rule that allows access to this URL category object and denies access to the predefined Business and Economy category2. References: Create a Custom URL Category, Create a Security Policy Rule to Allow or Deny Access to a Custom URL Category, Certifications - Palo Alto Networks, Palo Alto Networks Certified Network Security Administrator (PAN-OS 10.0) or [Palo Alto Networks Certified Network Security Administrator (PAN-OS 10.0)].

146. Frage

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