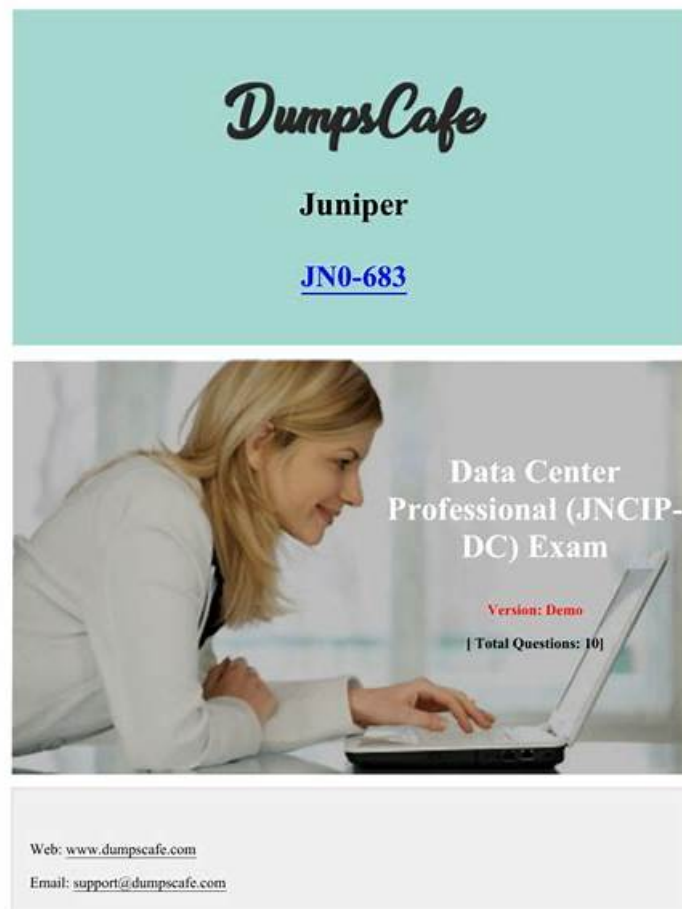


# Juniper JN0-683 Latest Exam Experience - JN0-683 New Test Bootcamp



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## JN0-683 New Test Bootcamp, New JN0-683 Test Camp

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## Juniper Data Center, Professional (JNCIP-DC) Sample Questions (Q56-Q61):

### NEW QUESTION # 56

You are deploying an IP fabric using EBGp and notice that your leaf devices are advertising and receiving all the routes. However, the routes are not installed in the routing table and are marked as hidden.

Which two statements describe how to solve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. You need to configure a next-hop self policy.
- B. You need to configure loop 2.
- C. You need to configure as-override.
- D. You need to configure multipath multiple-as.

**Answer: A,D**

### NEW QUESTION # 57

What are three actions available for MAC move limiting? (Choose three.)

- A. drop
- B. log
- C. filter
- D. shutdown
- E. enable

**Answer: A,B,D**

Explanation:

\* MAC Move Limiting:

\* MAC move limiting is a security feature used in network switches to detect and mitigate rapid changes in MAC address locations, which could indicate a network issue or an attack such as MAC flapping or spoofing.

\* When a MAC address is learned on a different interface than it was previously learned, the switch can take various actions to prevent potential issues.

\* Available Actions:

\* A. drop: This action drops packets from the MAC address if it violates the move limit, effectively blocking communication from the offending MAC address.

\* D. log: This action logs the MAC move event without disrupting traffic, allowing network administrators to monitor and investigate the event.

\* E. shutdown: This action shuts down the interface on which the MAC address violation occurred, effectively stopping all traffic on that interface to prevent further issues.

\* Other Actions (Not Correct):

\* B. filter: Filtering is not typically associated with MAC move limiting; it generally refers to applying ACLs or other mechanisms to filter traffic.

\* C. enable: This is not an action related to MAC move limiting, as it does not represent a specific reaction to a MAC move event.

Data Center References:

\* MAC move limiting is crucial for maintaining network stability and security, particularly in environments with dynamic or large-scale Layer 2 networks where MAC addresses might frequently change locations.

### NEW QUESTION # 58

You want to ensure that VXLAN traffic from the xe-0/0/12 interface is being encapsulated by logical vtep.

32770 and sent to a remote leaf device in this scenario, which command would you use to verify that traffic is flowing?

- A. show interfaces vtep.32770 detail
- B. monitor traffic interface xe-0/0/12
- C. show interfaces terse vtep.32770 statistics
- D. show interface terse vtep.32770

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

\* VXLAN Traffic Verification:

\* To ensure VXLAN traffic from the xe-0/0/12 interface is correctly encapsulated by the logical vtep.32770 and sent to a remote leaf device, it is essential to monitor the relevant interface statistics.

\* The command `show interfaces terse vtep.32770 statistics` provides a concise overview of the traffic statistics for the specific VTEP interface, which can help verify whether traffic is being correctly encapsulated and transmitted.

\* Explanation:

\* This command is particularly useful for quickly checking the traffic counters and identifying any potential issues with VXLAN encapsulation or transmission.

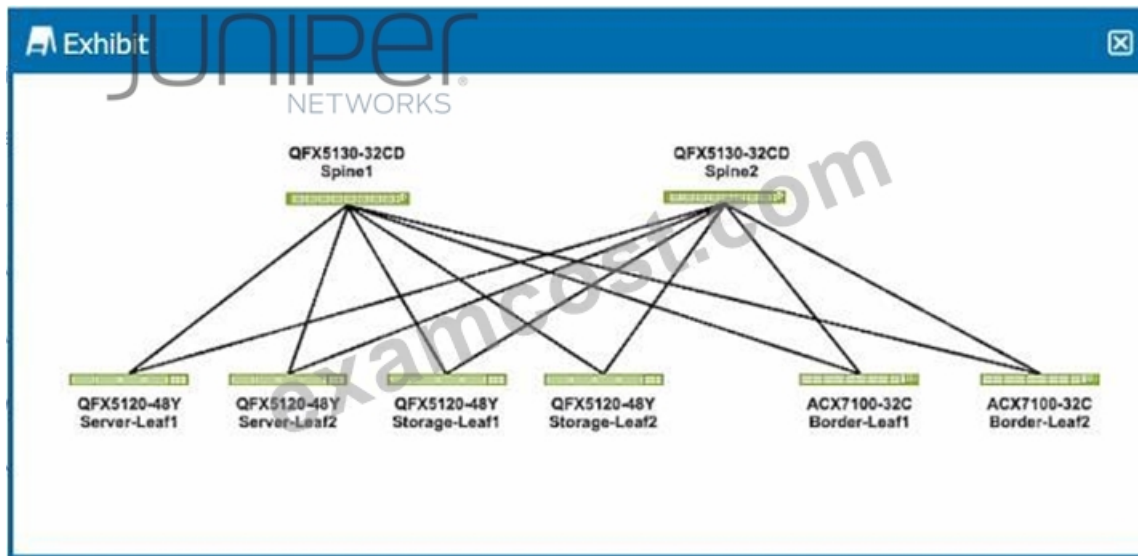
\* It allows you to confirm that traffic is flowing as expected, by checking the transmitted and received packet counters.

Data Center References:

\* Monitoring interface statistics is a crucial step in troubleshooting and validating network traffic, particularly in complex overlay environments like EVPN-VXLAN.

## NEW QUESTION # 59

Exhibit.



You are deploying a VXLAN overlay with EVPN as the control plane in an ERB architecture.

Referring to the exhibit, which three statements are correct about where the VXLAN gateways will be placed? (Choose three.)

- A. All leaf devices will have L2 VXLAN gateways.
- B. Only the spine devices will have L2 VXLAN gateways.
- C. All leaf devices will have L3 VXLAN gateways.
- D. Only the border and leaf devices will have L3 VXLAN gateways.
- E. Spine devices will have no VXLAN gateways.

**Answer: A,C,E**

Explanation:

\* Understanding ERB Architecture:

\* ERB (Edge Routed Bridging) architecture is a network design where the routing occurs at the edge (leaf devices) rather than in the spine devices. In a VXLAN overlay network with EVPN as the control plane, leaf devices typically act as both Layer 2 (L2) and Layer 3 (L3) VXLAN gateways.

\* Placement of VXLAN Gateways:

\* Option B: All leaf devices will have L2 VXLAN gateways to handle the bridging of VLAN traffic into VXLAN tunnels.

\* Option C: All leaf devices will also have L3 VXLAN gateways to route traffic between different VXLAN segments (VNIs) and external networks.

\* Option E: Spine devices in an ERB architecture generally do not function as VXLAN gateways.

They primarily focus on forwarding traffic between leaf nodes and do not handle VXLAN encapsulation/decapsulation.

Conclusion:

\* Option B: Correct- All leaf devices will have L2 VXLAN gateways.

\* Option C: Correct- All leaf devices will have L3 VXLAN gateways.

\* Option E: Correct- Spine devices will not act as VXLAN gateways

## NEW QUESTION # 60

Which three statements are correct about symmetric IRB routing with EVPN Type 2 routes? (Choose three.)

- A. Symmetric routing supports the EVPN service VLAN bundle.
- B. Symmetric routing is less efficient than asymmetric routing.
- **C. Symmetric routing requires an extra transit VNI for each VRF.**
- **D. An L3 interface (IRB) is required for each local VLAN.**
- **E. Symmetric routing requires MAC-VRF.**

**Answer: C,D,E**

Explanation:

\* Symmetric IRB Routing with EVPN Type 2 Routes:

\* Symmetric Routing: In symmetric IRB (Integrated Routing and Bridging), routing occurs in both directions at the ingress and egress leaf nodes using the same routing logic. This is contrasted with asymmetric routing, where different routing logic is used depending on the direction of the traffic.

\* Required Components:

\* Option A: An L3 IRB interface is necessary for each VLAN that participates in routing, as it handles the Layer 3 processing for the VLAN.

\* Option B: MAC-VRF is required for symmetric routing to maintain a mapping of MAC addresses to the appropriate VRF, ensuring correct forwarding within the EVPN.

\* Option D: A transit VNI (Virtual Network Identifier) is required for each VRF to encapsulate the Layer 3 traffic as it traverses the network, allowing the IP traffic to be appropriately forwarded.

Conclusion:

\* Option A: Correct-Each local VLAN needs an IRB interface for L3 processing.

\* Option B: Correct-MAC-VRF is necessary for handling MAC address resolution in symmetric routing.

\* Option D: Correct-Transit VNIs are required for routing VRF-specific traffic across the network.

Options C and E are incorrect because:

\* C: Symmetric routing can work with various VLAN models, including single or multiple VLANs within an EVPN instance.

\* E: Symmetric routing is generally more efficient than asymmetric routing as it uses consistent routing logic in both directions.

## NEW QUESTION # 61

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