

100% Pass SOL-C01 - Snowflake Certified SnowPro Associate - Platform Certification—High Pass-Rate Review Guide



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Snowflake SOL-C01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Loading and Virtual Warehouses: This domain covers loading structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data using stages and various methods, virtual warehouse configurations and scaling strategies, and Snowflake Cortex LLM functions for AI-powered operations.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identity and Data Access Management: This domain focuses on Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) including role hierarchies and privileges, along with basic database administration tasks like creating objects, transferring ownership, and executing fundamental SQL commands.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Protection and Data Sharing: This domain addresses continuous data protection through Time Travel and cloning, plus data collaboration capabilities via Snowflake Marketplace and private Data Exchange sharing.

- Interacting with Snowflake and the Architecture: This domain covers Snowflake's elastic architecture, key user interfaces like Snowsight and Notebooks, and the object hierarchy including databases, schemas, tables, and views with practical navigation and code execution skills.

Snowflake Certified SnowPro Associate - Platform Certification Sample Questions (Q120-Q125):

NEW QUESTION # 120

Which of the following components are included in a fully qualified name in Snowflake? (Choose any 3 options)

- A. Database name
- B. Schema name
- C. Table or view name
- D. Role name

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

A fully qualified name in Snowflake specifies the exact location of an object and follows this structure:

`<database_name>.<schema_name>.<object_name>`

This enables precise referencing, especially in environments with multiple databases or schemas.

Components:

- * Database name- the top-level container.
- * Schema name- the logical grouping of related objects.
- * Table or view name- the specific object being referenced.

Example:

`SALES_DB.PUBLIC.ORDERS`

Roles are not part of object names. Roles control authorization, while fully qualified names handle namespace resolution. Using fully qualified names helps avoid ambiguity in pipelines, stored procedures, views, and cross-database queries.

Snowflake also supports partially qualified names depending on active context (current database and schema).

NEW QUESTION # 121

You are loading data from an external stage into a Snowflake table. Some of the rows in the data files contain invalid characters that cause the load operation to fail. You want to configure the 'COPY INTO' command to skip these rows while continuing to load valid data. Which of the following options is the MOST efficient way to handle these errors during the data loading process?

- ☐ Use the `VALIDATION_MODE = RETURN_ERRORS` option in the `COPY INTO` command to identify and manually correct the invalid rows before reloading.
- ☐ Use the `'ON_ERROR = ABORT_STATEMENT'` option to stop the load operation when an error is encountered and then manually investigate and fix the data issues.
- ☐ Use the `'ON_ERROR = SKIP_FILE'` option to skip the entire file containing errors, but this may result in data loss if the file contains valid data.
- ☐ Use the `'ON_ERROR = SKIP_FILE'` option. Replace with a value that will skip the invalid row and continue the data load operation.
- ☐ Use the `'ON_ERROR = SKIP_FILE'` option in the `'COPY INTO'` command to skip the file and then use a separate process to load data from the skipped file, correcting errors using `'ON_ERROR = SKIP_ROW'` and `'ERROR_ON_COLUMN_COUNT_MISMATCH = FALSE'`

- A. Option B
- B. Option C
- C. Option D
- D. Option E
- E. Option A

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 122

Which options are used in Snowflake notebooks for querying data? (Choose any 3 options)

- A. Markup

- B. SQL
- C. Python
- D. Markdown

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:

Snowflake Notebooks support multiple cell types for development and documentation. Python cells allow users to perform data transformations, analysis, and Snowpark operations. SQL cells enable executing Snowflake SQL queries directly against tables and views. Markdown cells support formatted documentation within notebooks-useful for narrative explanations and commentary. The option "Markup" is not a supported cell type in Snowflake Notebooks. These three supported types allow users to blend analytics, code execution, and documentation in a unified environment.

NEW QUESTION # 123

You are designing a data pipeline in Snowflake to process streaming data from Apache Kafka.

You need to choose the appropriate virtual warehouse size. The data arrives at a rate of 100,000 messages per second, and each message is approximately 1KB. The processing involves complex transformations and aggregations. Which of the following considerations are MOST critical when determining the optimal warehouse size?

- A. Only the total volume of data (100MB/second) needs to be considered. Choose the smallest warehouse that can handle this volume.
- B. The complexity of the transformations and aggregations performed on the data significantly impacts the required compute resources. Choose a larger warehouse initially and monitor performance.
- C. The number of concurrent users accessing the processed data is the primary factor. Choose a warehouse size that scales linearly with the number of users.
- D. The frequency of data arrival (100,000 messages/second) requires a warehouse with sufficient concurrency to avoid message backlog. Choose a warehouse size based on concurrency needs.
- E. Always choose the largest available warehouse (X-Large or larger) to ensure optimal performance, regardless of the actual processing requirements.

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

The complexity of transformations and the frequency of data arrival both play crucial roles in determining warehouse size. Complex transformations require more compute power, and high data arrival rates require higher concurrency to avoid backlog. Option A is incorrect because it only considers data volume. Option C is relevant for querying the processed data, not for processing the streaming data itself. Option D is not cost-effective.

NEW QUESTION # 124

You are working with a dataset containing customer purchase information stored in a VARIANT column named 'PURCHASE DATA'. This column contains JSON data with nested arrays and varying schemas. You need to extract all unique product categories purchased by customers who have spent more than \$1000 in total. How can you achieve this most efficiently in Snowflake?

- A.

```
SELECT DISTINCT value:category::STRING FROM CUSTOMERS, LATERAL FLATTEN(input => PURCHASE_DATA:purchases) WHERE PURCHASE_DATA:total_spent > 1000;
```
- B.

```
SELECT DISTINCT category FROM (SELECT EXPLODE(PURCHASE_DATA:purchases:category) AS category FROM CUSTOMERS WHERE PURCHASE_DATA:total_spent > 1000);
```
- C.

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE TEMP_PURCHASES AS SELECT value:category::STRING AS category FROM CUSTOMERS, LATERAL FLATTEN(input => CUSTOMERS.PURCHASE_DATA:purchases) WHERE CUSTOMERS.PURCHASE_DATA:total_spent > 1000; SELECT DISTINCT category FROM TEMP_PURCHASES;
```
- D.

```
SELECT DISTINCT f.value:category::STRING FROM CUSTOMERS, LATERAL FLATTEN(input => CUSTOMERS.PURCHASE_DATA:purchases) f WHERE CUSTOMERS.PURCHASE_DATA:total_spent > 1000;
```
- E.

```
SELECT DISTINCT f.value:category::STRING FROM CUSTOMERS c, TABLE(FLATTEN(input => c.PURCHASE_DATA:purchases)) f WHERE c.PURCHASE_DATA:total_spent > 1000;
```

Answer: E

Explanation:

Option E provides the most efficient and correct solution. It utilizes for flattening the JSON array, which is more readable than 'LATERAL FLATTEN'. It filters based on 'total_spent' before flattening. The other options are less efficient or incorrect. Option A uses a temporary table which is generally less efficient. Option B does not correlate the CTE with the main table 'CUSTOMERS', hence failing to relate to the customer's total spend. Option C directly refers to without correlation to the customer table and it won't work since FLATTEN on a column requires the tablename as well. D's usage of 'EXPLODE is not standard Snowflake SQL syntax for JSON flattening.

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