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Oracle 1Z0-1067-25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Implementing Observability: This section of the exam focuses on monitoring and maintaining cloud infrastructure. It covers implementing Metric Query Language (MQL) for analyzing performance data, setting up alarms and notifications for system events, and performing health checks to ensure the stability of cloud services.
Topic 2	• Managing Identity and Security: This section of the exam focuses on securing cloud environments. It includes implementing security best practices for tenancy, managing encryption keys and secrets, and enforcing least-privilege access control policies to protect sensitive resources.
Topic 3	• Utilizing Configuration Management Tools: This section of the exam measures the skills of the target audience] and focuses on configuring cloud resources efficiently. It covers the use of configuration management tools for automating resource setup and cloud-init for initializing compute instances, ensuring proper configuration from the start.
Topic 4	• Deploying and Managing Resources: This section of the exam covers the deployment and management of core OCI services. It focuses on manual provisioning, using the OCI Command Line Interface (CLI) for managing resources, and utilizing infrastructure as code to create consistent and repeatable deployments.

Topic 5	• Implementing Reliability and Business Continuity: This section of the exam focuses on ensuring system reliability and continuity. It covers implementing scalability and elasticity for handling workload demands, automating failover mechanisms for high availability, and applying data retention strategies for long-term storage and recovery.

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Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2025 Cloud Ops Professional Sample Questions (Q70-Q75):

NEW QUESTION # 70
You are working as a Cloud Operations Administrator for your company. They have different Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) tenancies for development and production work-loads. Each tenancy has resources in two regions uk-london-1 and eu-frankfurt-1. You are asked to manage all resources and to automate all the tasks using OCI Command Line Inter-face (CLI). Which is the most efficient method to manage multiple environments using OCI CLI? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Use OCI CLI profiles to create multiple sets of credentials in your config file, and refer-ence the appropriate profile at runtime.
- B. Create environment variables for the sets of credentials that align to each combination of tenancy, region, and environment.
- C. Use different bash terminals for each environment.
- D. Run oci setup config to create new credentials for each environment every time you want to access the environment.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 71
SIMULATION
Scenario: 2 (Oracle Cloud-init and AutoScaling: Use cloud-init to Configure Apache on Instances in an Autoscaling Instance Pool)
Scenario Description: (Hands-On Performance Exam Certification) You're deploying an Apache-based web application on OCI that requires horizontal autoscaling.
To configure instances upon provisioning, write a cloud-init script for Oracle Linux 8 that installs and enables Apache (httpd), and opens the firewall for HTTP on TCP port 80. Create an instance configuration and include the cloud-init script in it. Use this instance configuration to create an instance pool and autoscaling configuration.
Pre-Configuration:
To fulfill this requirement, you are provided with the following:
Access to an OCI tenancy, an assigned compartment, and OCI credentials
A VCN Cloud-Init Challenge VCN with an Internet gateway and a public subnet. The security list for the subnet allows ingress via TCP ports 22 and 80 (SSH and HTTP). The route table forwards all egress to the Internet gateway.
Access to the OCI Console
Required IAM policies
An SSH key pair for the compute instance
Public Key https://objectstorage.us-ashburn-1.oraclecloud.com/n/tenancyname/b/PBT_Storage/o/PublicKey.pub Private Key https://objectstorage.us-ashburn-1.oraclecloud.com/n/tenancyname/b/PBT_Storage/o/PKey.key Note: Throughout your exam, ensure to use assigned Compartment , User Name , and Region.
Complete the following tasks in the provisioned OCI environment:
Task 1(a): Develop the cloud-init Script:
Task 1(b): Use cloud-init to Configure Apache on Instances in an Autoscaling Instance Pool:

Answer:

Explanation:
See the solution below with Step by Step Explanation
Explanation:
Task 1(a): Develop the cloud-init Script:
Create a compute instance pbt_cloud_init_vm_01 with the following properties:
Shape: VM.Standard.A1.Flex instance with 1 OCPU and 6 GB memory
Image: Oracle Linux 8
Placement: Use any of the availability domains
Network:
Place in the public subnet Cloud-Init Challenge SNT
Assign a public IPv4
Use the SSH public key
Add a cloud-init script and perform the following:
Use yum or dnf to install httpd.
Use systemctl to enable and start httpd
Open the firewall to http:
sudo firewall-offline-cmd --add-service=http
systemctl restart firewalld
Mark Complete
Task 1(b): Use cloud-init to Configure Apache on Instances in an Autoscaling Instance Pool:
You're deploying an Apache-based web application on OCI that requires horizontal autoscaling.
To configure instances upon provisioning, write a cloud-init script for Oracle Linux 8 that installs and enables Apache (httpd), and opens the firewall for HTTP on TCP port 80. Create an instance configuration and include the cloud-init script in it. Use this instance configuration to create an instance pool and autoscaling configuration.
Task 2: Create an Autoscaling Instance Pool Including the cloud-init Script:
Create an instance configuration named pbt_cloud_init_config_01 with the following properties:
Shape: VM.Standard.A1.Flex instance with 1 OCPU and 6 GB memory
Image: Oracle Linux 8
Placement: Use any of the availability domains
Network:
Place in the public subnet Cloud-Init Challenge SNT
Assign a public IPv4
Use the SSH public key
Attach the cloud-init script created in Task 1
Create an instance pool named pbt_cloud_init_pool_01 with one instance by using the instance configuration pbt_cloud_init_config_01 Create and attach an autoscaling configuration named pbt_cloud_autoscaling_config_01 with the following settings:
Metric-based autoscaling
Cooldown: 300 second
Performance metric: CPU utilization
Scale-out rule:
Operator: Greater than (>)
Threshold: 75%
Number of instances to add: 1
Scale-in rule:
Operator: Less than (<)
Threshold: 25%
Number of instances to remove: 1
Scaling limits:
Minimum number of instances: 1
Maximum number of instances: 2
Initial number of instances: 1
Task 1: Develop the cloud-init script
In the main menu, go to Compute > Instances and click Create an Instance In the instance creation menu, enter the following details a. Name: Provide name given in the instructions b. Compartment: Use the assigned compartment c. Placement: Use any of the availability domains d. Image: Oracle Linux 8 e. Shape: VM.Standard.A1.Flex instance with 1 OCPU and 6 GB memory f. Network:
i. Place in the public subnet
ii. Assign a public IPv4
g. SSH keys: Upload or paste the provided SSH public key
h. Boot volume: Leave as default

i. Under advanced options, add the following cloud-init script:
#!/bin/shsudo dnf install httpd --assumeyes --quietsudo systemctl enable httpdsudo systemctl start httpdsudo firewall-offline-cmd --add-service=httpsystemctl restart firewalld j. Create the instance.
Task 2: Create an autoscaling instance pool including the cloud-init script
1. In the main menu, go to Compute > Instance Configurations. Click Create instance configuration.
a. In the instance configuration creation menu, enter the same details as before:
b. Name: Provide name given in the instruction/if not specified provide any name c. Compartment: Assigned compartment d. Placement: Use any of the availability domains e. Image: Oracle Linux 8 f. Shape: VM.Standard.A1.Flex instance with 1 OCPU and 6 GB memory g. Network:
i. Place in the public subnet
ii. Assign a public IPv4
h. SSH keys: Upload or paste the provided SSH public key
i. Boot volume: Leave as default
j. Under advanced options, add the following cloud-init script:
#!/bin/shsudo dnf install httpd --assumeyes --quietsudo systemctl enable httpdsudo systemctl start httpdsudo firewall-offline-cmd --add-service=httpsystemctl restart firewalld k. Create the instance configuration.
Task 2: In the main menu, go to Compute > Instance Pools. Click Create instance pool.
Enter the following details:
a. Name: Provide name given in the instruction/if not specified provide any name b. Compartment: Assigned compartment c. Instance configuration: Created in last step d. Number of instances: 1 e. Select any availability domain f. Leave fault domain unselected g. Primary VNIC: Provided VCN in the instructions h. Subnet: Public subnet i. Do not attach a load balancer j. Create the instance pool Task 3: In the main menu, go to Compute > Autoscaling Configurations. Click Create autoscaling configuration and enter the following details:
a. Name: Provide name given in the instruction/if not specified provide any name b. Compartment: Assigned compartment c. Instance Pool: Created in last step d. Select Metric-based autoscaling e. Autoscaling policy name: Does not matter f. Cooldown: 300 seconds g. Performance metric: CPU utilization h. Scale-out rule:
i. Operator: Greater than (>)
ii. Threshold: 75%
iii. Number of instances to add: 1
i. Scale-in rule:
i. Operator: Less than (<)
ii. Threshold: 25%
iii. Number of instances to remove: 1
j. Scaling limits:
i. Minimum number of instances: 1
ii. Maximum number of instances: 2
iii. Initial number of instances: 1
k. Create the autoscaling configuration.

NEW QUESTION # 72
A developer has created a file system in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) File Storage service. She then launches an Oracle Linux compute instance and mounts the file system successfully on this instance. The next day, she tries writing to the file system from the compute instance using the following command: touch /mnt/yourmountpoint/helloworld.txt But receives an error message: touch: cannot touch '/mnt/yourmountpoint/helloworld.txt': Permission denied What might be the reason for this error?

- A. User is connecting as the default Oracle Linux user opc instead of the root user.
- B. Service limits or quota for file system writes have been breached.
- C. The touch command is not available in Oracle Linux, by default.
- D. User is not part of any OCI Identity and Access Management (IAM) group with write permissions to the File Storage service.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 73
You have a group of developers who launch multiple VM.Standard3.Flex compute in-stances every day into the compartment Dev. As a result, your Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) tenancy quickly hits the service limit for this shape, and other groups can no longer create new instances using the VM.Standard3.Flex shape. Therefore, your company issues a new mandate that the Dev compartment must include a quota that allows the use of only 20 VM.Standard3.Flex OCPUs per availability domain, without

affecting any other compartment in the tenancy. Which quota statement would you use to implement this new requirement?

- A. set compute-core quota standard3-core-count to 20 in compartment dev
- B. zero compute-core quotas in tenancy set compute-core quota standard3-core-count to 20 in compartment dev
- C. set compute-core quota standard3-core-count to 20 in compartment dev where re-quest.region = us-phoenix-1
- D. zero compute-core quotas in tenancy set compute-core quota standard3-core-count to 20 in tenancy dev

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 74
Which statement about Oracle Cloud Infrastructure paravirtualized block volume attachments is TRUE? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Paravirtualized volumes may reduce the maximum IOPS performance for larger block volumes.
- B. Paravirtualization utilizes the internal storage stack of compute instance OS and net-work hardware virtualization to access block volumes.
- C. Paravirtualized volumes become immediately available on bare metal compute instances.
- D. Paravirtualized is required to manage iSCSI configuration for virtual machine instances.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 75
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