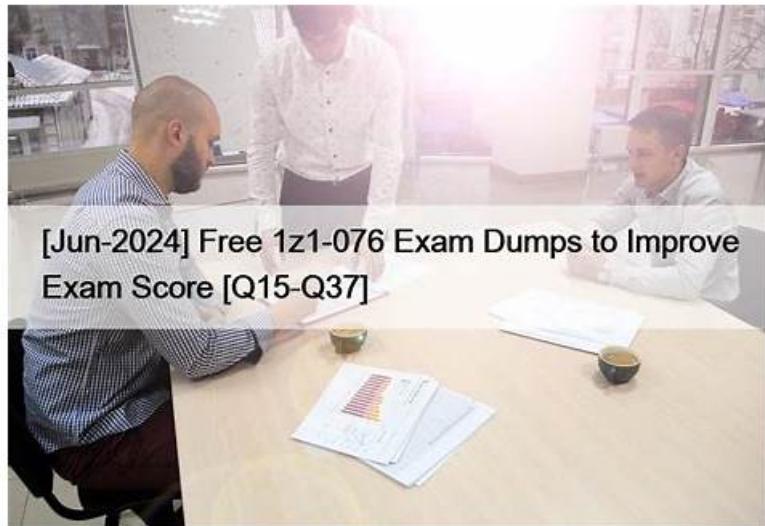


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## Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration latest study torrent & 1z1-076 actual prep exam

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### Oracle 1z1-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Creating a Logical Standby Database: This topic guides users through the process of creating and managing a logical standby database, including SQL Apply filtering.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Performing Role Transitions: Here, the concept of database roles is explained, along with the steps for performing switchovers, failovers, and maintaining physical standby sessions during role transitions.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration: This section delves into the practical aspects of creating and managing a Data Guard broker configuration, including command-line and Enterprise Manager approaches.</li></ul>

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration: This section provides guidance on patching and upgrading databases in a Data Guard environment, along with performance optimization techniques and monitoring considerations.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.</li> </ul>
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes.</li> </ul>
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Managing Physical Standby Files After Structural Changes on the Primary Database: The topic covers managing structural changes in the primary database and their impact on physical standby files.</li> </ul>
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.</li> </ul>
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enhanced Client Connectivity in a Data Guard Environment: This topic focuses on enhancing client connectivity in a Data Guard setup and implementing failover procedures for seamless client redirection. It also covers application continuity to ensure uninterrupted operations during role transitions.</li> </ul>
Topic 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available.</li> </ul>

## Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q79-Q84):

### NEW QUESTION # 79

On your logical standby database, you specified these rules:

After completion of the weekend batch cycle you attempt to delete the SQL Apply filters:

Which is TRUE regarding the execution of the UNSKIP procedure?

- A. It succeeds but the SQL Apply filters are not deleted.
- B. It deletes both the SQL Apply filters.**
- C. It succeeds only if SQL apply is stopped before deleting the SQL Apply filter.
- D. It returns an error because the syntax to delete a SQL Apply filter must specify the same object names as specified when the filter was added.
- E. It succeeds only if all DML statements executed on the primary have been applied on the logical standby deleting the SQL Apply filter.

### Answer: B

Explanation:

The execution of the UNSKIP procedure is designed to remove SQL Apply filters that have been previously set up on a logical standby database. Based on the provided statements, the UNSKIP procedure is directed to delete any SQL Apply filters for DML statements associated with objects in the 'HR' schema that start with

'EMP'. Since both SKIP procedures had the same schema name ('HR') and statement type ('DML'), and the UNSKIP procedure uses a wildcard (%) for the object name, it will successfully remove both of the SQL Apply filters for 'EMP\_NEW' and 'EMP\_OLD', as both object names match the pattern provided in the UNSKIP procedure.

References: Oracle's Data Guard documentation and SQL Language Reference provide insights into managing SQL Apply filters on a logical standby database using the DBMS\_LOGSTDBY package. This includes adding and removing filters through SKIP and UNSKIP procedures.

## NEW QUESTION # 80

You must configure flashback database for your Oracle 19c databases that will be part of a Data Guard Broker configuration. The databases are all in ARCHIVELOG mode.

You will execute the SQL statement:

ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK ON;

Which three are true concerning this command?

- A. If executed successfully on an Oracle 19c primary database, flashback will also be enabled on all logical standby databases that are part of the configuration.
- B. If executed successfully on an Oracle 19c primary database, flashback will also be enabled on all physical standby databases that are part of the configuration.
- C. It will execute successfully while an Oracle 19c primary database is open.
- D. It will execute successfully while an Oracle 19c primary database is mounted.
- E. It will execute successfully on an Oracle 19c logical standby database while SQL apply is active.
- F. It will execute successfully on an Oracle 19c physical standby database while Real Time Query is active.

**Answer: C,D,E**

Explanation:

The command ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK ON; enables the Flashback Database feature, which provides a way to quickly revert an entire Oracle database back to a previous point in time. This command can be executed while an Oracle 19c primary database is either open (option A) or mounted (option B). It is also applicable to an Oracle 19c logical standby database while SQL Apply is active (option E). However, it's important to note that enabling Flashback Database on the primary does not automatically enable it on all associated standby databases, whether they are physical or logical. Each database in a Data Guard configuration must have Flashback Database explicitly enabled if desired. Real Time Query being active on a physical standby does not directly relate to the ability to execute this command on the standby. Reference: The explanation is based on Oracle's concepts for Flashback Technology and Data Guard configurations as detailed in the Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide and the Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration guide.

## NEW QUESTION # 81

Which three actions are performed by the START PLAN procedure of the DBMS ROLLING package?

- A. starting media recovery on all the Leading Group Standby databases
- B. switching the primary database to the logical standby role
- C. converting the designated physical standby database into a logical standby database
- D. creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database
- E. building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance
- F. creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases

**Answer: D,E,F**

Explanation:

The DBMS\_ROLLING package facilitates a rolling upgrade process across a Data Guard configuration. The START PLAN procedure in particular handles several critical actions, including:

Creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases (B): This ensures that the standby databases can be reverted to their state before the rolling upgrade process in case of any issues.

Building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance (C): This is necessary for logical standby databases to interpret redo data during the SQL Apply process.

Creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database (D): Similar to the standby databases, this ensures that the primary database can be reverted to a known good state if necessary.

Reference:

Oracle Database PL/SQL Packages and Types Reference

Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide

## NEW QUESTION # 82

Which two statements are true regarding asynchronous redo transport in a Data Guard

- A. The performance of SQL apply on a logical standby database always improves when using this transport mode.
- B. This transport mode satisfies the minimum requirements for Maximum Availability data protection mode.

- C. Real-time query performance on a physical standby database improves for current read requests when using this transport mode.
- D. A transaction can commit without waiting for redo to be sent to any standby database in the data guard configuration.
- E. This transport mode satisfies the minimum requirements for Maximum Performance data protection mode.

**Answer: D,E**

Explanation:

Asynchronous redo transport is a method where the primary database does not wait for an acknowledgment from the standby database before committing transactions, which helps in minimizing the impact on the primary database's performance (B). This transport mode is associated with the Maximum Performance data protection mode, which prioritizes performance over synchronicity of data between the primary and standby databases (C). While it provides a level of data protection, there could be some data loss in the event of a primary database failure because redo data may not have been transmitted to the standby database at the time of the failure.

References: Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration documentation provides detailed explanations of different redo transport modes and their implications on data protection and performance. Asynchronous transport mode's behavior and association with Maximum Performance mode are outlined explicitly.

#### NEW QUESTION # 83

Which TWO statements are true about configuring Oracle Net Service in a Data Guard environment?

- A. Installing the oracle-database-preinstall-19c package is NOT sufficient to set up operating system kernel parameters for Oracle Net.
- B. A static service must be registered with the local listener to enable DGMGRL to restart instances during the course of broker operations.
- C. Install the oracle-database-preinstall-19c package to set the kernel parameters for Oracle Net based on the Data Guard best practice guidelines.
- D. It is necessary to use the failover clause for an address list with multiple address lists in the tnsnames.ora file.
- E. Enterprise Manager does not require static service registration to restart instances during the course of broker operations.

**Answer: A,B**

Explanation:

A static service must be registered with the local listener to enable DGMGRL to restart instances during the course of broker operations (A): For DGMGRL (Data Guard Manager Command-Line Interface) to perform instance management operations, such as restarting instances, a static service registration in the listener is required. This allows the broker to connect to the database instance even when the instance is not fully up and the dynamic service registration is not available.

Installing the oracle-database-preinstall-19c package is NOT sufficient to set up operating system kernel parameters for Oracle Net (C): While the oracle-database-preinstall-19c package automates the setting of several kernel parameters to meet the preinstallation requirements for Oracle Database, it does not specifically tailor all settings for Oracle Net in a Data Guard configuration. Additional manual configuration may be required to optimize Oracle Net services for Data Guard operations.

Reference:

Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation

Oracle Net Services Administrator's Guide

#### NEW QUESTION # 84

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