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## Cyber AB CMMC-CCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Scoping: This section of the exam measures the analytical skills of cybersecurity practitioners, highlighting their ability to properly define assessment scope. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge of identifying and classifying Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, recognizing the difference between in-scope, out-of-scope, and specialized assets, and applying logical and physical separation techniques to determine accurate scoping for assessments</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CMMC Model Construct and Implementation Evaluation: This section of the exam measures the evaluative skills of cybersecurity assessors, focusing on the application and assessment of the CMMC model. It includes understanding its levels, domains, practices, and implementation criteria, and how to assess whether organizations meet the required cybersecurity practices using evidence-based evaluation.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CMMC Assessment Process (CAP): This section of the exam measures the planning and execution skills of audit and assessment professionals, covering the end-to-end CMMC Assessment Process. This includes planning, executing, documenting, reporting assessments, and managing Plans of Action and Milestones (POA&amp;M) in alignment with DoD and CMMC-AB methodology.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct (Ethics): This section of the exam measures the integrity of cybersecurity professionals by evaluating their understanding of the CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct. It emphasizes ethical responsibilities, including confidentiality, objectivity, professionalism, conflict-of-interest avoidance, and respect for intellectual property, ensuring candidates can uphold ethical standards throughout their CMMC-related duties.</li></ul>

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## Cyber AB Certified CMMC Professional (CCP) Exam Sample Questions (Q117-Q122):

### NEW QUESTION # 117

Evidence gathered from an OSC is being reviewed. Based on the assessment and organizational scope, the Lead Assessor requests the Assessment Team to verify that the coverage by domain, practice, Host Unit.

Supporting Organization/Unit, and enclaves are comprehensive enough to rate against each practice. Which criteria is the assessor referring to?

- A. Objectivity
- B. Adequacy
- C. Capability
- D. Sufficiency

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Step 1: Understand the Definitions of Evidence Evaluation Criteria The CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) introduces two key criteria for evaluating evidence:

\* Adequacy- Does the evidence align with the practice?

\* Sufficiency- Is the evidence comprehensive enough in terms of coverage across systems, users, and scope?

CAP v1.0 - Section 3.5.4:

"Evidence must be evaluated for both adequacy (is it the right evidence?) and sufficiency (is there enough of it across all in-scope assets and areas?) to score a practice as MET."

# Step 2: Applying to the Scenario In the question, the Lead Assessor is asking the team to verify that evidence is sufficient across:

\* Domains

\* Practices

\* Host Units

\* Supporting Organizations

\* Enclaves

## This is a direct reference to sufficiency, which evaluates whether the breadth and depth of evidence is enough to make an informed judgment that the control is truly implemented across the entire assessed environment.

\* A. Adequacy # Adequacy refers to the relevance of the evidence to the specific practice - not its coverage across scope.

\* B. Capability # Not a term used in evidence validation within CMMC CAP documentation.

\* D. Objectivity # While objectivity is important, it refers to the unbiased nature of assessment activities, not to the extent of evidence coverage.

# Why the Other Options Are Incorrect

When an assessor evaluates whether the evidence is broad enough across all necessary systems, units, and enclaves to score a practice as MET, they are evaluating sufficiency- one of the two core criteria for evidence validity in a CMMC assessment.

### NEW QUESTION # 118

An OSC receives an email with "CUI//SP-PRVCY//FED Only" in the body of the message. Which organization's website should the OSC go to identify what this marking means?

- A. CMMC-AB
- B. DoD Contractors FAQ page
- C. DoD 239.7601 Definitions page
- D. NARA

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

What Does "CUI//SP-PRVCY//FED Only" Mean?

The email contains Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) with specific categories and dissemination controls.

CUI//SP-PRVCY//FED Only breaks down as follows:

CUI# Controlled Unclassified Information designation.

SP-PRVCY#Specifiedcategory forPrivacy Information(SP stands for "Specified").

FED Only# Restriction forFederal Government use only(not for contractors or the public).

Who Maintains the Official CUI Registry?

TheNational Archives and Records Administration (NARA) oversees the CUI Programand maintains the officialCUI Registry(<https://www.archives.gov/cui>).

The CUI Registry providesdefinitions, marking guidance, and categoriesfor all CUI labels, including "SP- PRVCY" and dissemination controls like "FED Only." Why NARA is the Correct Answer NARA is the governing body responsible for defining and managing CUI markings.

Any organization handling CUI shouldrefer to the NARA CUI Registryfor official marking interpretations.

DoD contractors and other organizationsmust comply with NARA guidelines when handling, marking, and disseminating CUI.

B). CMMC-AB- TheCMMC Accreditation Bodymanages certification assessments butdoes not define or interpret CUI markings.

C). DoD Contractors FAQ Page- The DoD may provide general contractor guidance, butCUI markings are governed by NARA, not an FAQ page.

D). DoD 239.7601 Definitions Page- This refers to generalDoD acquisition definitions, butCUI categories and markings fall under NARA's authority.

References:NARA CUI Registry(<https://www.archives.gov/cui>)

DoD CUI Program Guidance(DoD CIO Site)

CMMC 2.0 Level 2 Compliance Requirements(Cyber AB)

#Final Answer A. NARA

### NEW QUESTION # 119

What is the LAST step when developing an assessment plan for an OSC?

- A. Obtain and record commitment to the assessment plan.
- B. Perform certification assessment readiness review.
- C. Update the assessment plan and schedule as needed
- D. Verify the readiness to conduct the assessment.

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION # 120

An organization that manufactures night vision cameras is looking for help to address the gaps identified in physical access control systems. Which certified individual should they approach for implementation support?

- A. RP of an organization not part of the assessment
- B. Practitioner of the organization performing the assessment LTP
- C. CCA of the C3PAO performing the assessment
- D. DoD Contract Official of the organization performing the assessment

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Anorganization seeking helpt to address security gaps-such asphysical access control deficiencies-needs acertified professional who can provide implementation supportwithoutbeing involved in the actual CMMC assessment.

A Registered Practitioner (RP)is a CMMC-certified individualwho provides consulting and implementation supportto organizations butdoes not perform assessments.

RPs work independently from C3PAOsand canassist in fixing gapsin security controlsbeforeorafteran assessment.

Since RPs are not assessors, they can provide direct remediation supportwithout any conflict of interest.

The OSC needs assistance in implementing security controls(not assessment).

An RP is trained and authorized to provide remediation and advisory services.

Conflict of interest rules prevent the assessing C3PAO from providing implementation support.

A). CCA of the C3PAO performing the assessment (Incorrect)

ACertified CMMC Assessor (CCA)is responsible for conducting the assessmentonly.

TheC3PAO performing the assessment cannot also provide remediationdue to aconflict of interest.

C). Practitioner of the Organization Performing the Assessment LTP (Incorrect) The assessmentLead Technical Practitioner (LTP)cannot provide remediation support for an OSC they are assessing.

D). DoD Contract Official of the Organization Performing the Assessment (Incorrect) DoD Contract Officialsoversee contract compliance butdo not provide cybersecurity implementation support.

The correct answer is B. RP of an organization not part of the assessment, as only independent RPs can assist with remediation and implementation support.

References:

CMMC 2.0 Registered Practitioner (RP) Program

CMMC Code of Professional Conduct (CoPC) Conflict of Interest Policy

CMMC 2.0 Assessment Process (CAP) Guide

### NEW QUESTION # 121

Which domains are a part of a Level 1 Self-Assessment?

- A. Access Control (AC), Risk Management (RM), and Media Protection (MP)
- **B. Access Control (AC), Physical Protection (PE), and Identification and Authentication (IA)**
- C. Risk Management (RM), Access Control (AC), and Physical Protection (PE)
- D. Risk Management (RM), Media Protection (MP), and Identification and Authentication (IA)

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

CMMC Level 1 focuses on basic cyber hygiene and includes 17 practices derived from NIST SP 800-171 Rev. 2 but only covers the protection of Federal Contract Information (FCI)-not Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI).

Unlike Level 2, which aligns fully with NIST SP 800-171, Level 1 does not require third-party certification and can be self-assessed by the organization.

Domains Covered in a Level 1 Self-Assessment CMMC Level 1 practices fall under three specific domains:

Access Control (AC)- Ensures that only authorized individuals can access FCI.

Physical Protection (PE)- Protects physical access to systems and facilities storing FCI.

Identification and Authentication (IA)- Verifies the identity of users accessing systems containing FCI.

These domains focus on foundational security controls necessary to protect FCI from unauthorized access.

CMMC Model v2.0 states that Level 1 includes only 17 practices mapped to NIST SP 800-171 requirements specific to Access Control (AC), Physical Protection (PE), and Identification and Authentication (IA).

CMMC Assessment Guide, Level 1 confirms that Risk Management (RM) and Media Protection (MP) are not included in Level 1, as they pertain to more advanced security measures needed for handling CUI (Level 2).

A). Access Control (AC), Risk Management (RM), and Media Protection (MP) # Incorrect. Risk Management (RM) and Media Protection (MP) are Level 2 domains.

B). Risk Management (RM), Access Control (AC), and Physical Protection (PE) # Incorrect. Risk Management (RM) is not part of Level 1.

C). Access Control (AC), Physical Protection (PE), and Identification and Authentication (IA) # Correct. These are the three domains covered in CMMC Level 1 self-assessments.

D). Risk Management (RM), Media Protection (MP), and Identification and Authentication (IA) # Incorrect.

Risk Management (RM) and Media Protection (MP) are Level 2 domains.

Official CMMC 2.0 Documentation References Breakdown of Answer Choices Conclusion The correct answer is C. Access Control (AC), Physical Protection (PE), and Identification and Authentication (IA), as these are the only three domains included in a CMMC Level 1 Self-Assessment according to CMMC 2.0 documentation and NIST SP 800-171 mapping.

CMMC 2.0 Model Overview - DoD Official Documentation

CMMC Assessment Guide, Level 1

NIST SP 800-171 Rev. 2 (Basic Security Requirements for FCI)

Reference Documents for Further Reading

### NEW QUESTION # 122

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