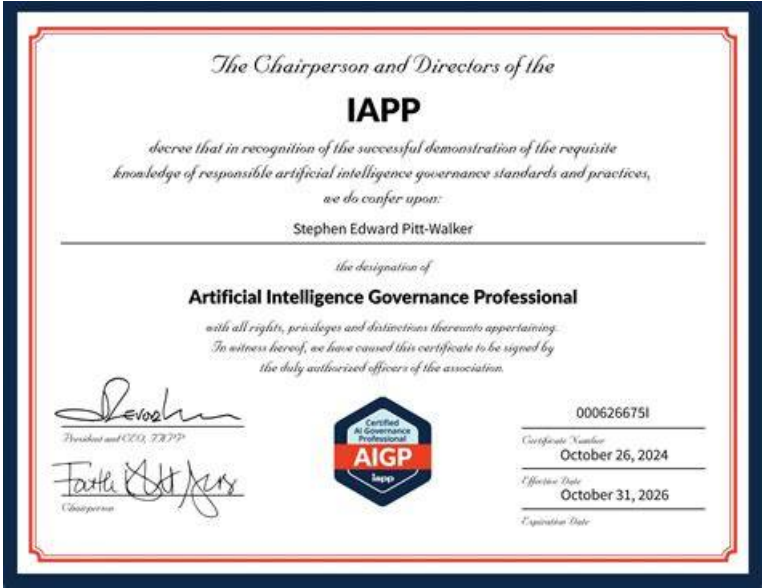


AIGP試験 - IAPP Certified Artificial Intelligence Governance Professionalに合格するための親友



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IAPP AIGP 認定試験の出題範囲：

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	Understanding How to Govern AI Deployment and Use: This section of the exam measures skills of technology deployment leads and covers the responsibilities associated with selecting, deploying, and using AI models in a responsible manner. It includes evaluating key factors and risks before deployment, understanding different model types and deployment options, and ensuring ongoing monitoring and maintenance. The domain applies to both proprietary and third-party AI models, emphasizing the importance of transparency, ethical considerations, and continuous oversight throughout the model's operational life.
トピック 2	Understanding the Foundations of AI Governance: This section of the exam measures skills of AI governance professionals and covers the core concepts of AI governance, including what AI is, why governance is needed, and the risks and unique characteristics associated with AI. It also addresses the establishment and communication of organizational expectations for AI governance, such as defining roles, fostering cross-functional collaboration, and delivering training on AI strategies. Additionally, it focuses on developing policies and procedures that ensure oversight and accountability throughout the AI lifecycle, including managing third-party risks and updating privacy and security practices.

トピック 3	• Understanding How Laws, Standards, and Frameworks Apply to AI: This section of the exam measures skills of compliance officers and covers the application of existing and emerging legal requirements to AI systems. It explores how data privacy laws, intellectual property, non-discrimination, consumer protection, and product liability laws impact AI. The domain also examines the main elements of the EU AI Act, such as risk classification and requirements for different AI risk levels, as well as enforcement mechanisms. Furthermore, it addresses the key industry standards and frameworks, including OECD principles, NIST AI Risk Management Framework, and ISO AI standards, guiding organizations in trustworthy and compliant AI implementation.
トピック 4	• Understanding How to Govern AI Development: This section of the exam measures the skills of AI project managers and covers the governance responsibilities involved in designing, building, training, testing, and maintaining AI models. It emphasizes defining the business context, performing impact assessments, applying relevant laws and best practices, and managing risks during model development. The domain also includes establishing data governance for training and testing, ensuring data quality and provenance, and documenting processes for compliance. Additionally, it focuses on preparing models for release, continuous monitoring, maintenance, incident management, and transparent disclosures to stakeholders.

>> AIGP試験 <<

AIGP日本語版トレーニング & AIGP復習解答例

大量の時間と金銭をかけるのに比べて、正しい仕方は肝心なことです。もしあなたはIAPP AIGP試験に準備しているなら、あなたのための整理される備考資料はあなたにとって最善のオプションです。我々の目標はあなたに試験にうまく合格させることです。弊社の誠意を信じてもらいたいし、IAPP AIGP試験2成功するのを祈って願います。

IAPP Certified Artificial Intelligence Governance Professional 認定 AIGP 試験問題 (Q21-Q26):

質問 # 21

Each of the following actors are typically engaged in the AI development life cycle EXCEPT?

- A. Socio-cultural and technical experts.
- **B. Government regulators.**
- C. Legal and privacy governance experts.
- D. Data architects.

正解: B

質問 # 22

An artist has been using an AI tool to create digital art and would like to ensure that it has copyright protection in the United States. Which of the following is most likely to enable the artist to receive copyright protection?

- **A. Update the images in a creative way to demonstrate that it is the artist's.**
- B. Provide a log of the prompts the artist used to generate the images.
- C. Ensure the tool was trained using publicly available content.
- D. Obtain a representation from the AI provider on how the tool works.

正解: A

解説:

For the artist to receive copyright protection, the most effective approach is to demonstrate that the final artwork includes sufficient creative input by the artist. By updating or altering the images in a way that reflects the artist's personal creativity, the artist can claim originality, which is a core requirement for copyright protection under U.S. law. The other options do not directly address the originality and creative input required for copyright. This is highlighted in the sections on copyright protection in the IAPP AIGP Body of Knowledge.

質問 # 23

Business A sells software that provides users with writing and grammar assistance. Business B is a cloud services provider that trains its own AI models.

- * Business A has decided to add generative AI features to their software.
- * Rather than create their own generative AI model, Business A has chosen to license a model from Business B:
- * Business A will then integrate the model into their writing assistance software to provide generative AI capabilities.
- * Business A is most concerned that its writing assistance software could recommend toxic or obscene text to its users.

Which of the following governance processes should Business A take to best protect its users against potentially inappropriate text?

- A. Business A should fine-tune the AI model on user-generated text that has been verified to be appropriate.
- **B. Business A should test that the AI model performs as expected and meets their minimum requirements for filtering toxic or obscene text.**
- C. Business A should establish a user reporting feature that allows users to flag toxic or obscene text, and report any incidents to Business B.
- D. Business A should ask Business B for detailed documentation on the generative AI model's training data and whether it contained toxic or obscene sources.

正解: B

解説:

Business A is integrating a generative AI model licensed from a third party (Business B) and is primarily concerned with the risk of toxic or obscene outputs being delivered to users. In this scenario, testing and validation of the AI model for such content risks is the most direct and effective governance strategy.

According to the AI Governance in Practice Report 2024, organizations that deploy AI must engage in performance monitoring protocols and ensure systems perform adequately for their intended purposes, including filtering harmful content:

"Operational governance... development of: #Performance monitoring protocols to ensure systems perform adequately for their intended purposes." (p. 12)

"Product governance... includes: #System impact assessments to identify and address risk prior to product development or deployment." (p. 11) Furthermore, under the EU AI Act, which sets the global standard many organizations aim to align with, there is a clear obligation to test and monitor systems for potential harmful behavior:

"The act imposes regulatory obligations... such as establishing appropriate accountability structures, assessing system impact, providing technical documentation, establishing risk management protocols and monitoring performance..." (p. 7) Option B directly reflects this best practice of pre-deployment testing and validation to ensure that the model aligns with Business A's minimum content safety requirements.

Let's now evaluate the incorrect options:

- * A. Fine-tuning on verified user-generated text may improve model alignment but does not guarantee that the model will generalize correctly, especially if Business A lacks access to model internals (common in third-party licensing scenarios). Fine-tuning also introduces its own risks and may be contractually restricted.
- * C. A user reporting feature is reactive, not preventive. While helpful for long-term monitoring and mitigation, it does not prevent the initial harm of toxic outputs, which is Business A's primary concern.
- * D. Requesting documentation from Business B is useful for transparency and risk management, but it does not replace independent verification that the model meets Business A's content safety standards.

Thus, testing the model's behavior for unacceptable outputs before deployment is the most aligned approach with AI governance best practices and obligations.

質問 # 24

What is the best method to apply to an AI model so that it is statistically unlikely that a specific piece of training data can be identified from a model's output?

- A. Data sharding.
- **B. Differential privacy.**
- C. Homomorphic encryption.
- D. Data compartmentalization.

正解: B

解説:

Differential privacy adds controlled noise to the training process, making it statistically unlikely to identify specific training data from the model's outputs.

質問 # 25

An artist has been using an AI tool to create digital art and would like to ensure that it has copyright protection in the United States. Which of the following is most likely to enable the artist to receive copyright protection?

- A. Update the images in a creative way to demonstrate that it is the artist's.
- B. Provide a log of the prompts the artist used to generate the images.
- C. Ensure the tool was trained using publicly available content.
- D. Obtain a representation from the AI provider on how the tool works.

正解: A

解説:

Copyright protection typically requires a human author's creative input, so modifying AI-generated images in a creative way demonstrates the artist's originality needed for copyright.

質問 # 26

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