

正確的なDVA-C02関連資料 & 合格スムーズDVA-C02試験勉強書 | 大人気DVA-C02テスト模擬問題集

DVA-C01 <small>Valid until Feb 27, 2022</small>		DVA-C02 <small>NEW</small> <small>Available on February 28, 2023</small>	
DOMAIN	% of Examination	DOMAIN	% of Examination
Development with AWS Services	30%	Development with AWS Services	32%
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Deployment	22%	Deployment	24%
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- There is no BETA exam for the DVA-C02 exam version

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>> DVA-C02関連資料 <<

DVA-C02試験勉強書 & DVA-C02テスト模擬問題集

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Amazon DVA-C02試験は、AWS上でアプリケーションを開発および維持するための広範な知識と実践的な経験が必要な難しい認定試験です。試験は、65問の選択式および複数回答式問題からなり、130分以内に解答する必要があります。試験の合格点は1000点中720点です。試験に合格すると、AWS Certified Developer-Associate認定が授与され、AWS上でアプリケーションを開発および維持する能力が証明され、クラウドコンピューティングの急速に成長する分野でのスキルが検証されます。

Amazon AWS Certified Developer - Associate 認定 DVA-C02 試験問題 (Q444-Q449):

質問 # 444

A developer is designing an event-driven architecture. An AWS Lambda function that processes data needs to push processed data to a subset of four consumer Lambda functions. The data must be routed based on the value of one field in the data. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Create a single Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic. Subscribe the four consumer Lambda functions to the topic. Add SNS subscription filter policies to each subscription. Configure the data-processing Lambda function to publish to the topic.
- B. Create an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) queue and event source mapping for each consumer Lambda function. Add message routing logic to the data-processing Lambda function.
- C. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic. Subscribe the four consumer Lambda functions to the topic. Add message filtering logic to each consumer Lambda function. Subscribe the data-processing Lambda function to the SNS topic.
- D. Create a separate Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic and subscription for each consumer Lambda function. Add message routing logic to the data-processing Lambda function to publish to the appropriate topic.

正解: C

質問 # 445

A developer wants to expand an application to run in multiple AWS Regions. The developer wants to copy Amazon Machine Images (AMIs) with the latest changes and create a new application stack in the destination Region. According to company requirements, all AMIs must be encrypted in all Regions. However, not all the AMIs that the company uses are encrypted. How can the developer expand the application to run in the destination Region while meeting the encryption requirement?

- A. Copy the unencrypted AMIs to the destination Region. Enable encryption by default in the destination Region.
- B. Use AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) to enable encryption on the unencrypted AMIs. Copy the encrypted AMIs to the destination Region.
- C. Create new AMIs, and specify encryption parameters. Copy the encrypted AMIs to the destination Region. Delete the unencrypted AMIs.
- D. Use AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) to enable encryption on the unencrypted AMIs. Copy the encrypted AMIs to the destination Region.

正解: D

質問 # 446

A developer is designing a serverless application with two AWS Lambda functions to process photos. One Lambda function stores objects in an Amazon S3 bucket and stores the associated metadata in an Amazon DynamoDB table. The other Lambda function fetches the objects from the S3 bucket by using the metadata from the DynamoDB table. Both Lambda functions use the same Python library to perform complex computations and are approaching the quota for the maximum size of zipped deployment packages.

What should the developer do to reduce the size of the Lambda deployment packages with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Combine the two Lambda functions into one Lambda function. Deploy the Lambda function as a single .zip file archive.
- B. Download the Python library to an S3 bucket. Program the Lambda functions to reference the object URLs.
- C. Package each Python library in its own .zip file archive. Deploy each Lambda function with its own copy of the library.
- D. Create a Lambda layer with the required Python library. Use the Lambda layer in both Lambda functions.

正解: D

質問 # 447

A company needs to rapidly prototype a web application. However, the company has not yet designed the complete architecture. A developer uses AWS Lambda functions to build three endpoints. A frontend team wants to test the endpoints while the team prototypes the frontend.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Set up an Amazon ECS container that runs an open source web proxy and Lambda code. Use the web proxy endpoint for testing.
- B. Set up an AWS AppSync API to have a Lambda resolver. Use a GraphQL endpoint for testing.
- C. Set up an Amazon API Gateway REST API to have a Lambda proxy integration. Use the REST API endpoint URL for testing.
- **D. Set up a Lambda function URL for each endpoint. Use the function URLs for testing.**

正解: D

解説:

For rapid prototyping with the least operational overhead, Lambda function URLs are the best fit. A Lambda function URL provides a built-in HTTPS endpoint directly in front of a Lambda function, allowing the frontend team to invoke each endpoint without requiring additional infrastructure. This is ideal when the overall architecture is not finalized and the team needs a quick way to test. AWS describes Lambda function URLs as a simple way to "add an HTTPS endpoint to your Lambda function" without requiring API Gateway, load balancers, or custom proxy layers. This substantially reduces setup time and avoids the operational tasks associated with provisioning, configuring, and managing an API layer during early-stage development.

Option B (API Gateway REST API) introduces more operational overhead: creating resources, methods, integrations, deployments, stages, and potentially authorization and throttling configuration. API Gateway is powerful, but it is more than needed for quick endpoint testing.

Option C (AppSync) is designed for GraphQL-based APIs and requires schema design and resolvers. That is unnecessary complexity for simply testing three Lambda-backed endpoints.

Option D (ECS proxy) adds the most operational burden because it requires container orchestration, networking, scaling, and patching—completely misaligned with "least operational overhead." Therefore, the fastest and simplest approach is to create a function URL per Lambda endpoint, allowing immediate testing from the frontend with minimal additional AWS configuration.

質問 # 448

A company receives food orders from multiple partners. The company has a microservices application that uses Amazon API Gateway APIs with AWS Lambda integration. Each partner sends orders by calling a customized API that is exposed through API Gateway. The API call invokes a shared Lambda function to process the orders.

Partners need to be notified after the Lambda function processes the orders. Each partner must receive updates for only the partner's own orders. The company wants to add new partners in the future with the fewest code changes possible.

Which solution will meet these requirements in the MOST scalable way?

- A. Create one Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic. Subscribe all partners to the SNS topic.
- B. Create a different Lambda function for each partner. Configure the Lambda function to notify each partner's service endpoint directly.
- **C. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic. Configure the Lambda function to publish messages with specific attributes to the SNS topic. Subscribe each partner to the SNS topic. Apply the appropriate filter policy to the topic subscriptions.**
- D. Create a different Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic for each partner. Configure the Lambda function to publish messages for each partner to the partner's SNS topic.

正解: C

解説:

Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) is a fully managed messaging service that enables pub/sub communication between distributed systems. The developer can create an SNS topic and configure the Lambda function to publish messages with specific attributes to the topic. The developer can subscribe each partner to the SNS topic and apply the appropriate filter policy to the topic subscriptions. This way, each partner will receive updates for only their own orders based on the message attributes. This solution will meet the requirements in the most scalable way and allow adding new partners in the future with minimal code changes.

Reference:

[Amazon Simple Notification Service (SNS)]

[Filtering Messages with Attributes - Amazon Simple Notification Service]

質問 # 449

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