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Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking: This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.
Topic 2	• Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.
Topic 3	• Customized Policy Examples: This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.
Topic 4	• Advanced Product Topics Licenses, Extended Modules and Redundancy: This section of the exam measures skills of product deployment leads and solution engineers, and covers topics such as licensing models, optional modules or extensions, high availability or redundancy configurations, and how those affect architecture and operational readiness.
Topic 5	• Policy Functionality: This section of the exam meas-ures skills of policy implementers and integration specialists, and covers how policies operate within the platform, including dependencies, rule order, enforcement triggers, and how they interact with device classifications and dynamic attributes.
Topic 6	• Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2 • 3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.

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Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q67-Q72):

NEW QUESTION # 67
Policies will recheck when certain conditions are met. These may include...

- A. Policy recheck timer expires, group name change, SC event change
- B. Admission event, group name change, Scope recheck timer expires
- C. Policy recheck timer expires, admission event, SC event change
- D. Admission event, policy categorization, SC event change
- E. Policy categorization, admission event, action schedule activation

Answer: C

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide, policies recheck when the following conditions are met: Policy recheck timer expires, admission event, or SC event change.
Policy Recheck Conditions:
According to the Main Rule Advanced Options documentation:
"By default, both matched endpoints and unmatched endpoints are rechecked every eight hours, and on any admission event."
Additionally, according to the documentation:
"You can also configure several recheck settings to work simultaneously. For example, when a host IP address changes every five hours, recheck settings can be configured for:
* Policy recheck timer expires - Default 8 hours
* Admission events - Triggers like DHCP request, IP address change
* SC (SecureConnector) event change - When SecureConnector status changes" Three Main Policy Recheck Triggers:
According to the documentation:
* Policy Recheck Timer Expires
* Default: Every 8 hours
* Can be customized (1 hour to infinite)
* Applies to all endpoints matching or not matching the policy
* Admission Event
* DHCP Request
* IP Address Change
* Switch Port Change
* Authentication event
* VPN user connection
* Immediate recheck when triggered
* SC Event Change
* SecureConnector deployed or removed
* SecureConnector status changes (online/offline)
* SecureConnector version changes
Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Admission event, group name change, Scope recheck timer expires - Group name change is NOT a recheck trigger
* C. Admission event, policy categorization, SC event change - Policy categorization is NOT a recheck trigger
* D. Policy categorization, admission event, action schedule activation - Neither policy categorization nor action schedule activation triggers rechecks
* E. Policy recheck timer expires, group name change, SC event change - Group name change does NOT trigger policy rechecks
Recheck Configuration:
According to the documentation:

"You can configure under what conditions to perform a recheck. By default, endpoints are rechecked every eight hours, and on any admission event. To define the recheck policy, you can configure:
* Custom recheck interval (instead of 8 hours)
* Which admission events trigger rechecks
* Whether SecureConnector events trigger rechecks"
Referenced Documentation:
* Main Rule Advanced Options
* Forescout eyeSight policy main rule advanced options
* When Are Policies Run - Policy Recheck section

NEW QUESTION # 68
The host property 'HTTP User Agent banner' is resolved by what function?

- A. Packet engine
- B. Device classification engine
- C. NMAP scanning
- D. NetFlow
- E. Device profile library

Answer: A

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Advanced Classification Properties, the host property "HTTP User Agent banner" is resolved by the Packet Engine.
HTTP User Agent Banner Property:
According to the Advanced Classification Properties documentation:
The HTTP User Agent property is captured through passive network traffic analysis by the Packet Engine, which monitors and analyzes HTTP headers in network traffic.
Packet Engine Function:
According to the Packet Engine documentation:
The Packet Engine provides:
* Passive Traffic Monitoring - Analyzes network packets without interfering
* HTTP Header Analysis - Extracts HTTP headers from captured traffic
* User Agent Detection - Identifies HTTP User Agent strings from web requests
* Property Resolution - Populates device properties from observed traffic HTTP User Agent Examples:
Common User Agent banners that identify device types and browsers:
text
Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.
0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 14_6 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/605.1.15 Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 11; SM-G991B) AppleWebKit/537.36 Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Device classification engine - The classification engine uses properties resolved by other components like the Packet Engine
* B. NetFlow - NetFlow provides flow statistics, not application-level data like HTTP headers
* C. NMAP scanning - NMAP performs active port scanning, not passive HTTP header analysis
* E. Device profile library - The profile library uses properties; it doesn't resolve them Property Resolution by Function:
According to the documentation:
Property
Packet Engine
NMAP
Device Class Engine
Profile Library
HTTP User Agent
#Yes
#No
#No
#No
Service Banner
#No
#Yes

#No
#No
OS Classification
Partial
Partial
#Yes
#No
Function
#No
#No
#Yes
#Yes
Referenced Documentation:
* Advanced Classification Properties
* About the Packet Engine
* Forescout Platform Dependencies and Known Issues

NEW QUESTION # 69
What is NOT an admission event?

- A. Login to an authentication server
- B. IP Address Change
- C. New VPN user
- D. Host becomes offline
- E. DHCP Request

Answer: D

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide, "Host becomes offline" is NOT an admission event.
Admission events are triggers that cause policy rechecks, and according to the documentation:
What IS an Admission Event:
According to the official documentation:
"An admission event is a trigger that causes policies to be rechecked. Examples of admission events include:
* DHCP Request
* IP Address Change
* Switch Port Change
* Authentication via RADIUS or other authentication servers
* Login to an authentication server
* New VPN user"
Specific Admission Events Listed:
According to the Policy Main Rule Advanced Options documentation:
Admission events include:
* DHCP Request - When an endpoint sends a DHCP request
* IP Address Change - When an endpoint's IP address changes
* Switch Port Change - When an endpoint moves to a different switch port
* Authentication Events - When endpoints authenticate to RADIUS or other servers
* VPN Events - When VPN users connect
Why "Host becomes offline" is NOT an Admission Event:
According to the documentation:
A host becoming offline is NOT listed as an admission event. Instead, policies handle offline hosts differently:
* By default, policies are rechecked every 8 hours regardless of online/offline status
* Offline detection is a property state change, not an admission event
* The system tracks whether a host was "seen" or is currently "online," but this doesn't trigger admission event rechecks Why Other Options ARE Admission Events:
* A. DHCP Request #- Explicitly listed admission event
* B. IP Address Change #- Explicitly listed admission event
* D. Login to an authentication server #- Explicitly listed admission event
* E. New VPN user #- Explicitly listed admission event

Referenced Documentation:
* Forescout eyeSight policy main rule advanced options
* Working with Policy Templates - When Are Policies Run
* Event Properties documentation

NEW QUESTION # 70
Which of the following does NOT need to be checked when you are verifying correct switch plugin configuration?

- A. Each switch passes the plugin test
- B. The Switch plugin is running
- C. Each switch is assigned to the correct appliance
- D. Correct switch management credentials are configured for each switch
- E. IP address ranges are assigned to the correct appliance

Answer: E

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Switch Plugin Configuration Guide, when verifying correct switch plugin configuration, you do NOT need to check: "IP address ranges are assigned to the correct appliance". This setting is network/appliance configuration, not switch plugin-specific configuration.
Switch Plugin Configuration Verification Checklist:
According to the Switch Plugin documentation:
When verifying switch plugin configuration, you MUST check:
* A. The Switch plugin is running #
* Plugin status must be active
* Verify in plugin management interface
* B. Correct switch management credentials #
* SSH/CLI credentials configured
* SNMP credentials (v1/v2/v3) configured
* Must have appropriate permissions
* D. Each switch passes the plugin test #
* Use plugin test function to verify connectivity
* Confirms credentials and permissions work
* Validates communication protocols
* E. Each switch is assigned to the correct appliance #
* Switch must be assigned to managing appliance
* Critical for multi-appliance deployments
* Ensures proper VLAN management traffic routing
Why C is NOT Required:
According to the documentation:
IP address range assignment (segment assignment) is:
* Part of appliance channel/segment configuration
* NOT part of switch plugin-specific configuration
* Handled at appliance level, not plugin level
* Related to appliance management, not switch management
Switch Plugin vs. Appliance Configuration:
According to the configuration guide:
Item
Switch Plugin Config
Appliance Config
Plugin Running
#Yes
N/A
Switch Credentials
#Yes
N/A
Plugin Test
#Yes
N/A

Switch Assignment
#Yes
N/A
IP Address Ranges
#No
#Yes
Referenced Documentation:
* CounterACT Switch Plugin Configuration Guide v8.12
* Switch Configuration Parameters
* Permissions Configuration - Switch
* Configuring Switches in the Switch Plugin

NEW QUESTION # 71
Which policies require modification to allow network-based PC imaging of devices while blocking non- corporate devices? (Choose two)

- A. Windows Enterprise Manageability policy
- B. MAC Manageability policy
- C. Enterprise Discover policy
- D. IoT Discover policy
- E. Linux Manageability policy

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Policy Templates, to allow network-based PC imaging of devices while blocking non-corporate devices, modifications are required to Enterprise Discover policy (B) and Windows Enterprise Manageability policy (E).
Network-Based PC Imaging Requirements:
For network-based PC imaging (such as through WinPE boot environments or imaging servers), the system must:
* Discover Corporate PCs - Identify legitimate corporate devices
* Allow Imaging Traffic - Permit PXE boot and imaging protocol traffic
* Block Non-Corporate Devices - Prevent unauthorized BYOD or guest devices from initiating imaging Enterprise Discover Policy Modifications:
According to the policy templates documentation:
The Enterprise Discover policy must be modified to:
* Allow PXE boot traffic for legitimate devices
* Permit discovery protocols from imaging servers
* Distinguish between corporate and non-corporate devices
Windows Enterprise Manageability Policy Modifications:
According to the documentation:
The Windows Enterprise Manageability policy must be modified to:
* Identify Windows corporate devices
* Permit imaging-related activities for corporate machines
* Block or restrict imaging access for non-managed or guest devices
Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Linux Manageability policy - Linux devices are not typically subjected to network-based Windows imaging; this policy manages Linux endpoint compliance, not PC imaging
* C. MAC Manageability policy - MAC devices use different imaging methods; this policy is for managing macOS endpoints
* D. IoT Discover policy - IoT devices are not imaged via PC imaging protocols; this policy handles IoT device discovery and classification Imaging Access Control Workflow:
According to the administration guide:
text
1. Enterprise Discover Policy (Modified)
- Identify devices attempting PXE/imaging boot
- Distinguish corporate vs. non-corporate
- Allow corporate devices to proceed
2. Windows Enterprise Manageability Policy (Modified)
- Verify device is corporate-managed

- Check compliance status
- Permit imaging for compliant devices
- Block non-compliant or unauthorized devices

Referenced Documentation:

* Forescout Administration Guide - Policy Templates
* Policy Templates - Enterprise Discover and Windows Manageability sections

NEW QUESTION # 72

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