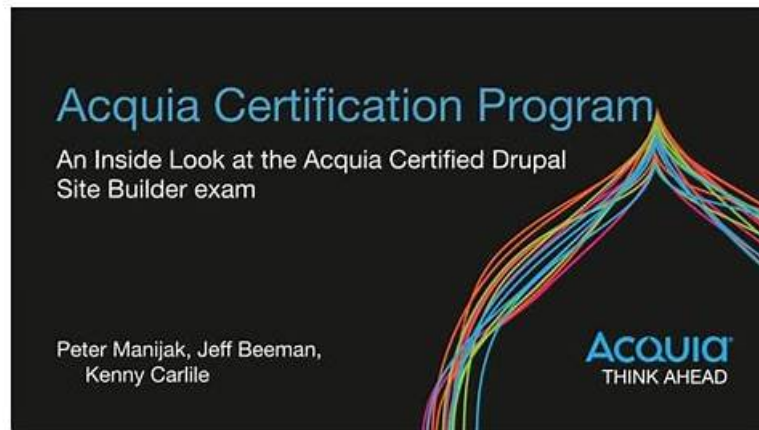


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### Acquia Certified Drupal Site Builder Exam for Drupal 10, 11 Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

#### NEW QUESTION # 22

You have a content type named "Job opening" used by your HR department. The content type has several fields. The HR department wants to rearrange how the fields are displayed on the job opening nodes. They also want to have a different arrangement of fields on different job opening posts. All the core modules are enabled on your site.

How will you build this feature?

- **A. Enable "Use Layout Builder" in layout options for the Job opening content type and allow each content item to have its layout customized.**
- B. Enable "Use Layout Builder" in layout options for the Job opening content type.
- C. Allow the HR department to create an overridden template for each job opening node.
- D. Allow the HR department to change Manage Display settings of job opening content type.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Drupal 10 and Drupal 11 provide the Layout Builder module in core, which allows site builders and content editors to control how fields are displayed. There are two levels of control: content type-level layouts and per- content (per-node) layout overrides .

Option A only allows rearranging fields globally for all nodes of that content type, which does not meet the requirement of having

different layouts per job posting. Option B involves theming and template overrides, which require developer intervention and are not intended for content editors or HR staff.

Option C enables Layout Builder but only at the content type level, meaning all job openings would share the same layout. This still does not satisfy the requirement for different arrangements per node.

Option D is correct because enabling Layout Builder and allowing each content item to have its layout customized activates the "Allow each content item to have its layout customized" setting. Drupal documentation explains that this allows individual nodes to override the default layout, giving flexibility to rearrange fields differently for each job opening while still using a structured, UI-based approach.

Thus, Layout Builder with per-node customization is the correct solution.

### NEW QUESTION # 23

You have a content type "Places" which lists tourist destinations of different countries. You would like the visitors to be able to mark their country while commenting on "Places". This does not apply to other content types.

How will you build this functionality?

- A. Obtain country information from the user profile field while adding comments.
- B. Create a "Country" vocabulary and add a term reference field to "Places" content type.
- C. Use the GeoIP module to tag users with their locations.
- **D. Create a new comment type with a new field "Country" and associate it with Places content type.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Drupal's Comment module supports creating different comment types and attaching them to content entities.

The official Comment module documentation states that Drupal can create new comment types that can be attached to content entities, and the detailed comment documentation explains that when you create a comment type and choose the target entity type as Content, that comment type becomes available when adding a comment field to a content type.

Drupal's field documentation also explains that fields on comments are defined at the content-type level, on the Comment fields tab of the content type edit page. When you add a field for comments, each comment on content items of that type gets that field. Drupal even gives an example of adding a field to comments for one content type but not another, which matches this requirement exactly.

So the right solution is to create a new comment type for Places comments, add a Country field to that comment type, and then use that comment type on the Places content type only. The other options either store the data in the wrong place or do not make it specific to comments on Places.

### NEW QUESTION # 24

Users are complaining that listing pages with a large number of images are loading very slowly. On reviewing this you found that full-sized images are loaded while displaying thumbnails.

How will you ensure that smaller sized images are used as thumbnails?

- **A. Use an image style to resize the images.**
- B. Enable the "Optimize images" option on the Performance administration page.
- C. Use JavaScript to resize the images.
- D. Use CSS to resize the images.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

In Drupal 10 and Drupal 11, the correct way to display resized images (such as thumbnails) is by using Image Styles. Image styles allow Drupal to generate derivative images with specific dimensions (e.g., thumbnail size) and serve those instead of the original full-sized image. This significantly improves performance because smaller image files are loaded, reducing page load time and bandwidth usage.

Drupal's Image module documentation explains that image styles can apply effects such as scaling, cropping, and resizing, and are typically used in Views or field display settings to ensure appropriately sized images are rendered.

Options C and D (JavaScript and CSS resizing) only change how images appear visually but still load the full-size image, which does not improve performance. Option A refers to performance settings but does not specifically handle image resizing.

Therefore, using an image style is the correct, recommended, and documented approach for optimizing image display and improving site performance.

### NEW QUESTION # 25

You have installed a contributed module called "Sample Module" that looks like it will be a great fit for the business case you are trying to solve. However, upon closer examination, it looks like the module only supplies a drush command; it does not have an admin interface.

As a site builder with no command-line experience, this will not work for you! You need a web user interface to use this module. How should you request a web UI in the module's issue queue?

- A. Create a "Feature Request" issue for the module with the subject line, "Create web UI for Sample Module."
- B. Create a "Bug Report" issue for the module with the subject line, "Create web UI for Sample Module."
- C. Create a "Feature Request" issue for the module with the subject line, "URGENT: Module Broken!!!Needs UI."
- D. Create a "Plan" issue for the module with the subject line, "Create web UI for Sample Module."

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Drupal's issue queue guidelines clearly distinguish between different issue types. A Bug Report is used when existing functionality is broken or not working as intended. In this case, the module is functioning correctly- it simply does not provide a UI-so option A is incorrect.

A Feature Request is the correct issue type when asking for new functionality or enhancements to an existing module. Requesting a web-based UI for a module that currently only provides Drush commands is a classic example of a feature enhancement, making option C correct.

Option B ("Plan") is typically used for outlining larger initiatives or coordinated development efforts, not for requesting a specific feature. Option D is incorrect because Drupal issue queue best practices emphasize clear, descriptive, and professional issue titles , avoiding urgency or misleading wording like "Module Broken!!!" when it is not actually broken.

Drupal.org documentation encourages contributors to categorize issues properly and write clear, concise summaries so maintainers and the community can effectively review and respond. Therefore, submitting a Feature Request with a clear subject line is the correct and recommended approach.

### NEW QUESTION # 26

An audit of a corporate Drupal website revealed that a lot of user accounts are being created on the site, with the status "blocked". The site was initially set up to allow editors to self-register with additional administrator approval. However, the audit revealed that robots are creating a lot of user accounts and administrators are not able to keep up with the approval process.

How can we eliminate fake user registration?

- A. Enable the Drupal core captcha field on the user registration form.
- B. Change who can register accounts to "Administrators only."
- C. Configure new user accounts to "require email verification when a visitor creates an account."
- D. Hide user login by disabling the login block and/or move the login page.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The most effective and Drupal-recommended way to prevent automated (bot-driven) user registrations is to implement a challenge-response mechanism such as CAPTCHA. In Drupal 10 and Drupal 11, this is achieved using the CAPTCHA module (often paired with reCAPTCHA), which integrates directly into forms like user registration. By enabling a CAPTCHA field on the registration form, bots are prevented from submitting automated requests because they cannot solve the challenge, while legitimate users can proceed normally.

Drupal's security best practices emphasize mitigating automated abuse at the form level rather than relying solely on post-registration controls. Option A (email verification) still allows bots to create accounts and flood the system, even if they cannot activate them. Option C (hiding login) does not affect registration endpoints and provides no real protection. Option D (restricting registration to administrators only) eliminates self- registration entirely, which may not meet business requirements and is not a balanced solution. Therefore, enabling CAPTCHA directly addresses the root cause-automated submissions-making it the most appropriate and scalable solution according to Drupal security guidelines.

### NEW QUESTION # 27

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