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**CCRN Pediatric Practice Exam
Questions from AACN ALL ANSWERS
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2022/2023 LATEST RATED GRADE A+**

To promote effective grieving in a 6-year-old sibling following the death of an infant, the nurse should:

- A) Recommend that the sibling not attend the infant's memorial service
 - B) Encourage the parents to minimize their expression of grief with the sibling
 - C) Explain to the sibling that the infant went to heaven
 - D) Explain to the sibling that thoughts and wishes did not cause the infant's death - Answer: D) Explain to the sibling that thoughts and wishes did not cause the infant's death: At age 6, children may take words literally and because of their egocentrism, they believe that thoughts are all-powerful. They may truly believe they caused the death of their sibling. A simple, honest explanation of why the sibling died is indicated. This intervention is consistent with Caring Processes.
- A) Recommend that the sibling not attend the infant's memorial service: This intervention is not a solution to the problem and will not promote effective grieving for the sibling. It is not consistent with Caring Processes.
- B) Encourage the parents to minimize their expression of grief with the sibling: This intervention will lead to ineffective grieving for the sibling and is not consistent with Caring Processes
- C) Explain to the sibling that the infant went to heaven: This intervention will not address the sibling's problem

A 5-year-old with a history of congenital hydrocephalus and VP shunt placement at four weeks of age is admitted with increased somnolence, decreased appetite, and increased complaints of headache. This morning the child vomited twice. The nurse should anticipate:

- A) The physician ordering lumbar puncture and blood and urine cultures
 - B) the patient having a CT scan followed by possible shunt revision
 - C) Administering mannitol or hypertonic saline
 - D) Administering phenytoin (Dilantin) or fosphenytoin (Cerebyx) - Answer: B) The patient having a CT scan followed by possible shunt revision: This patient is demonstrating signs of increased intracranial pressure. The most likely etiology is malfunction of the VP shunt as a result of blockage or disconnection, which is particularly likely over time as the child grows. The definitive diagnosis is made by a CT scan and a shunt series. Surgical intervention for a shunt revision would be indicated.
- A) The physician ordering lumbar puncture and blood and urine cultures: These interventions will not address the most likely primary problem, which is suspected VP

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To be eligible for the AACN CCRN-Pediatric Exam, nurses must have a current, unrestricted RN license in the United States and have worked at least 1,750 hours in direct care of acutely/critically ill pediatric patients within the last two years. Nurses who meet these requirements can register to take the exam and receive study materials from the AACN.

The CCRN-Pediatric Certification Exam is a challenging exam that requires a significant amount of preparation. Nurses who are interested in taking the exam must meet certain eligibility requirements, such as holding a current RN license, having a minimum of 1,750 hours of direct bedside care of critically ill pediatric patients, and having completed 25 hours of continuing education in critical care nursing within the previous three years.

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AACN Critical Care Nursing Exam Sample Questions (Q124-Q129):

NEW QUESTION # 124

A mother of an 18-month-old toddler asks the nurse about the diet of her baby. The nurse learned that the baby has iron deficiency anemia. The nurse should suggest:

- A. a slice of pumpkin pie
- B. slices of whole apple
- C. a cup of grapes
- D. bread pudding with raisins

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation: The nurse should suggest bread pudding with raisins. This provides iron and protein; in addition, it can be eaten with spoon which encourages mastery of fine motor muscle. Pumpkin has iron but has spicy taste. A cup of grapes will be difficult to finish for such a young individual.

NEW QUESTION # 125

A child with chordee was not scheduled for any corrective surgery when he was a kid. During his adolescence, he asks the nurse about any risk of having it. What would be the best response:

- A. recurrent infections
- B. testicular cancer
- C. prostate hypertrophy
- D. reproductive dysfunction

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation: Chordee, if not corrected, can greatly affect the child's future reproductive capabilities due to the inability to inseminate directly.

NEW QUESTION # 126

A 10-year-old child presents with peri-umbilical pain, rebound tenderness, nausea, and fever up to 102° F (38.9°C). The pain prevents him from standing up straight. Which of the following should a nurse anticipate first?

- A. Initiate oral rehydration
- B. Consult pediatric surgery
- C. Insert a nasogastric tube
- D. Administer antiemetics

Answer: B

Explanation:

This child presents with classic signs of acute appendicitis potentially progressing to peritonitis or perforation. The priority is to consult pediatric surgery immediately, as delaying surgical evaluation can lead to worsening complications, including sepsis. "Clinical presentation of acute appendicitis includes right lower quadrant or peri-umbilical pain, nausea, fever, and rebound tenderness. Surgical consultation is the priority in suspected appendicitis." (Referenced from CCRN Pediatric - Direct Care: Gastrointestinal, Acute Abdomen and Surgical Emergencies)

NEW QUESTION # 127

Which of the following is a prerenal cause of acute renal failure?

- A. Septic shock
- B. Lead poisoning
- C. Kidney stones
- D. Transfusion reaction

Answer: A

Explanation:

Prerenal failure is caused by conditions that impair renal perfusion without direct injury to the kidneys themselves. Septic shock leads to systemic vasodilation, hypotension, and decreased renal perfusion, making it a classic prerenal etiology.

"Prerenal causes of acute kidney injury (AKI) include any condition resulting in reduced renal blood flow.

Septic shock is a common prerenal cause, where hypoperfusion leads to decreased glomerular filtration." (Referenced from CCRN Pediatric - Direct Care: Renal Dysfunction and Fluid Balance)

NEW QUESTION # 128

Charlie, a toddler, is going to take his Ferrous Fumarate. The order reads: 25 mg BID. The suspension contains 40 mg/0.5 ml. The nurse should give:

- A. 0.10 ml
- B. 0.25 ml
- C. 0.30 ml
- D. 0.5 ml

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation: To a toddler who is going to take his Ferrous Fumarate, the nurse should give D/S x Q which is $25\text{mg}/40\text{mg} \times 0.5\text{ ml} = 0.3\text{ ml}$

NEW QUESTION # 129

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