

NCP-EUC Übungstest: Nutanix Certified Professional - End User Computing (NCP-EUC) 6.10 Exam & NCP-EUC Braindumps Prüfung



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Die Schulungsunterlagen zur Nutanix NCP-EUC Zertifizierungsprüfung sind preiswert, sie verfügen auch über hohe Genauigkeiten und große Reichweite. Nachdem Sie unsere Ausbildungsmaterialien zur Nutanix NCP-EUC Zertifizierungsprüfung gekauft haben, werden wir Ihnen einjähriger Aktualisierung kostenlos anbieten. Hier versprechen wir Ihnen, dass wir alle Ihre bezahlten Summe zurückgeben werden, wenn es irgend ein Qualitätsproblem gibt oder Sie die Nutanix NCP-EUC Zertifizierungsprüfung nicht bestehen, nachdem Sie unsere Schulungsunterlagen zur Nutanix NCP-EUC Prüfung gekauft haben.

Die NCP-EUC-Prüfung (Nutanix Certified Professional-End-User Computing (NCP-EUC) ist eine umfassende Zertifizierungsprüfung, um das Wissen und die Fähigkeiten von IT-Fachleuten im Bereich des Endverbrauchers zu testen. Diese Zertifizierung wird von Nutanix angeboten, einem führenden Anbieter von hyperkonvergierten Infrastrukturlösungen. Die NCP-EUC-Prüfung ist für IT-Fachkräfte bestimmt, die sich auf die Bereitstellung, Verwaltung und Wartung von Nutanix End-User Computing-Lösungen spezialisiert haben.

NUTANIX NCP -EUC (NUTANIX Certified Professional - End - User Computing) Zertifizierungsprüfung wurde entwickelt, um das Wissen und die Fähigkeiten von Personen bei der Bereitstellung, Verwaltung und Wartung von Nutanix End User Computing (EUC) -Lösungen zu testen. Die Prüfung ist für IT -Fachkräfte bestimmt, die für die Verwaltung von VDI -Lösungen mithilfe der Nutanix -Technologie verantwortlich sind. Die Zertifizierung validiert die Kenntnisse von Personen bei der Konfiguration und Verwaltung von Nutanix EUC -Lösungen wie Nutanix -Rahmen, Nutanix XI -Rahmen und Nutanix Xi Leap.

Die NCP-EUC-Zertifizierungsprüfung ist speziell darauf ausgelegt, das Wissen eines Einzelnen über Nutanix VDI-Lösungen zu bewerten, einschließlich der Installation, Konfiguration und Verwaltung dieser Lösungen. Die Prüfung soll die Fähigkeit des Kandidaten testen, Probleme zu beheben, die während der Implementierung und Verwaltung von Nutanix VDI-Lösungen auftreten können.

>> NCP-EUC Schulungsunterlagen <<

NCP-EUC Übungsmaterialien & NCP-EUC realer Test & NCP-EUC Testvorbereitung

Ea ist Traum der Angestellten, sich in der IT-Branche engagieren zu können, die Nutanix NCP-EUC Zertifizierungsprüfung zu bestehen. Wenn Sie Ihren Traum verwirklichen wollen, brauchen Sie nur fachliche Ausbildung zu wählen. Fast2test ist eine fachliche Website, die Schulungsunterlagen zur Nutanix NCP-EUC Zertifizierung bietet. Wählen Sie Fast2test. Und wir versprechen, dass Sie

den Erfolg erlangen und Ihren Traum verwirklichen, egal welches hohe Ziel Sie anstreben, können.

Nutanix Certified Professional - End User Computing (NCP-EUC) 6.10 Exam NCP-EUC Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q94-Q99):

94. Frage

The administrator is reviewing Prism Central Tasks (Menu\Activity\Tasks) and noticed that there are a lot of tasks named:

ADS: Remove Resource Contention

The administrator would like to identify the virtual desktops in the environment that are using the most resources to determine how to fix the resource contention.

Which action should the administrator take to complete this task?

- A. Filter the virtual desktops by Constrained: High,
- B. Review Planning scenarios.
- C. Filter the virtual desktops by Metrics: CPU Usage.
- D. Review the Storage Runway

Antwort: A

Begründung:

an action that the administrator should take to identify the virtual desktops in the environment that are using the most resources and causing resource contention is Filter the virtual desktops by Constrained: High.

Constrained is a metric that indicates how often a virtual machine is unable to get its requested CPU resources.

A high value means that the virtual machine is frequently starved for CPU and may experience performance degradation. By filtering the virtual desktops by Constrained: High, the administrator can see which ones are suffering from resource contention and take appropriate actions such as migrating them to less loaded hosts or increasing their CPU allocation.

https://portal.nutanix.com/page/documents/details?targetId=Prism-Central-Guide-Prism-v6_0:mul-tasks-view-pa

95. Frage

An administrator has configured three web servers that are used to access VDIs. One of the cluster nodes has become unresponsive and users can no longer reach a web server VM to access their VDI. What should the administrator configure to avoid this issue in the future?

- A. Create a Protection Policy.
- B. Create Anti-Affinity rules.
- C. Create an Isolation Policy.
- D. Create Affinity rules.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

To ensure high availability for distributed applications such as load-balanced web servers, Nutanix AHV allows administrators to configure Anti-Affinity rules.

An Anti-Affinity rule specifies that a group of virtual machines should never run on the same AHV host simultaneously. By applying an Anti-Affinity rule to the three web server VMs, the Acropolis Scheduler ensures they are distributed across different physical nodes in the cluster.

In the scenario described, the web servers likely resided on the same host (or the failing host held the only active instance). If Anti-Affinity rules had been configured, the other web server VMs would have been running on healthy hosts, ensuring continued user access to the VDI environment despite the single node failure.

96. Frage

An administrator is investigating a complaint about poor performance and slow response times for a virtual desktop environment.

The administrator has obtained the following statistics from the environment:

- * vCPU to pCPU ratio is 9:1
- * VM Guest OS is Windows 10
- * VMs are configured with 8 vCPUs each
- * VMs are configured with 16GB of RAM
- * The SSD cache tier is 80% full

* The capacity tier is 45% full

* Host CPU utilization is < 80%

What is the most likely cause of the poor performance?

- **A. Host CPU is overcommitted**
- B. Host Memory is overcommitted
- C. Host Cache tier is overcommitted
- D. Host Capacity tier is overcommitted

Antwort: A

Begründung:

The performance issue is caused by Host CPU overcommitment, specifically regarding CPU scheduling (Ready Time) rather than total utilization.

While the Host CPU utilization is below 80% (meaning the processor has idle cycles), the configuration of 8 vCPUs per VM combined with a high 9:1 vCPU-to-pCPU ratio creates a bottleneck known as "Co-stop" or high "CPU Ready" time. The hypervisor scheduler must wait until 8 physical cores are available simultaneously to execute a single clock cycle for one VM. In a dense VDI environment, finding 8 free cores at the exact same moment is difficult, causing the VMs to pause (freeze) while waiting for the scheduler, even if the overall CPU usage of the host appears moderate. Reducing the vCPU count per VM would likely resolve the performance issues.

97. Frage

An administrator has this configuration:

Category DesktopVM associated with a non-default storage policy

A Virtual Machine Desktop1 associated with the DesktopVM category

A virtual machine with the Enable 'Default-Storage' policy toggle switch enabled The administrator notices that expected storage policy settings are not applied.

What is the reason for this?

- A. Default storage policy is ignored when using categories.
- B. When two or more storage policies are applied, they both are ignored.
- **C. Non-default storage policy gets precedence over the default storage policy.**
- D. When two or more storage policies are applied, they both are applied.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Nutanix End User Computing documents:

According to the Prism Central Guide on Storage Policy Management and Precedence Rules:

* Precedence Rule: Nutanix documentation explicitly states: "If you assign a category associated with a non-default storage policy to an entity and also enable the Enable 'Default-Storage' policy toggle switch, the non-default storage policy gets precedence over the default storage policy."

* Explanation: The "Default-Storage" toggle acts as a fallback or baseline policy assignment (specifically linking the VM to the Storage: \$Default category). However, if the administrator specifically tags the VM with a user-defined category (like DesktopVM) that has its own specific storage policy, the system honors the specific (non-default) policy over the generic default one.

* Result: The "expected" settings (if the administrator expected the Default policy to override the specific one because they toggled the switch) are not applied because the specific category policy takes priority.

98. Frage

What are the two types Of Launchpads that exist in Frame? (Choose two.)

- A. VDI Launchpad
- **B. Application Launchpad**
- **C. Desktop Launchpad**
- D. user Launchpad

Antwort: B,C

Begründung:

<https://www.nutanix.com/blog/work-from-home-anywhere-in-five-easy-steps>

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NCP-EUC Zertifizierungsfragen: <https://de.fast2test.com/NCP-EUC-premium-file.html>

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<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1CEzczzSLGwHtem3q9BgHr1618fuiNmz>