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Splunk Core Certified Advanced Power User Sample Questions (Q108-

Q113):

NEW QUESTION # 108

When working with an accelerated data model acc_datmodel and an unaccelerated data model unacc_datmodel, what tstats query could be used to search one of these data models?

- A. | tstats count where index=datamodel by index, datamodel
- B. | tstats count where datamodel=acc_datmodel summariesonly=false
- C. | tstats count from datamodel=acc_datmodel summariesonly=false
- D. | tstats count from datamodel=unacc_datmodel summariesonly=true

Answer: C

Explanation:

The tstats command in Splunk is optimized for performance and is typically used with accelerated data models. The summariesonly parameter determines whether the search should use only the summarized (accelerated) data or fall back to raw data if necessary.

* Setting summariesonly=false allows the search to use both summarized and raw data, making it suitable for both accelerated and unaccelerated data models.

* Setting summariesonly=true restricts the search to only summarized data, which would result in no data returned if the data model is not accelerated.

Therefore, to search an accelerated data model and allow fallback to raw data if needed, the correct query is:

| tstats count from datamodel=acc_datmodel summariesonly=false

References:

tstats - Splunk Documentation

NEW QUESTION # 109

Which syntax is used when referencing multiple CSS files in a view?

- A. <dashboard style="custom.css, userapps.css">
- B. <dashboard stylesheet="custom.css stylesheet=userapps.css">
- C. <dashboard stylesheet="custom.css | userapps.css">
- D. <dashboard stylesheet="custom.css, userapps.css">

Answer: B

Explanation:

When referencing multiple CSS files in a Splunk dashboard view (within Simple XML), the correct approach is to include separate stylesheet attributes for each CSS file. The syntax for this would be similar to

<dashboard stylesheet="custom.css" stylesheet="userapps.css"> (Option C). This method allows the dashboard to load and apply the styles from both CSS files, enhancing the dashboard's visual appearance and user interface design.

NEW QUESTION # 110

What is a performance improvement technique unique to dashboards?

- A. Using report acceleration
- B. Using global searches
- C. Using datamodel acceleration
- D. Using stats instead of transaction

Answer: A

Explanation:

Using report acceleration (Option C) is a performance improvement technique unique to dashboards in Splunk.

Report acceleration involves pre-computing the results of a report (which can be a saved search or a dashboard panel) and storing these results in a summary index, allowing dashboards to load faster by retrieving the pre-computed data instead of running the full search each time. This technique is especially useful for dashboards that rely on complex searches or searches over large datasets.

NEW QUESTION # 111

Which of the following is true about the `multikv` command?

- A. The `multikv` command requires field names to be ALL CAPS when `multitable=false`.
- B. The `multikv` command derives field names from the last column in a table-formatted event.
- C. The `multikv` command displays an event for each row in a table-formatted event.
- D. The `multikv` command creates an event for each column in a table-formatted event.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Step by Step Explanation: The `multikv` command in Splunk is used to extract fields from table-like events (e.g., logs with rows and columns). It creates a separate event for each row in the table, making it easier to analyze structured data.

Here's why this works:

- * Purpose of `multikv`: The `multikv` command parses table-formatted events and treats each row as an individual event. This allows you to work with structured data as if it were regular Splunk events.
- * Field Extraction: By default, `multikv` extracts field names from the header row of the table and assigns them to the corresponding values in each row.
- * Row-Based Events: Each row in the table becomes a separate event, enabling you to search and filter based on the extracted fields.

Example: Suppose you have a log with the following structure:

Name Age Location

Alice 30 New York

Bob 25 Los Angeles

Using the `multikv` command:

| `multikv`

This will create two events:

Event 1: Name=Alice, Age=30, Location>New York

Event 2: Name=Bob, Age=25, Location=Los Angeles

Other options explained:

- * Option A: Incorrect because `multikv` derives field names from the header row, not the last column.
- * Option B: Incorrect because `multikv` creates events for rows, not columns.
- * Option C: Incorrect because `multikv` does not require field names to be in ALL CAPS, regardless of the `multitable` setting.

References:

* Splunk Documentation on `multikv`: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/Multikv>

* Splunk Documentation on Parsing Structured Data: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Data/Extractfieldsfromstructureddata>

NEW QUESTION # 112

Which of the following are potential string results returned by the `typeof` function?

- A. Number, String, Bool
- B. True, False, Unknown
- C. Number, String, Null
- D. Field, Value, Lookup

Answer: A

Explanation:

The `typeof` function in Splunk is used to determine the data type of a field or value. It returns one of the following string results:

- * Number: Indicates that the value is numeric.
- * String: Indicates that the value is a text string.
- * Bool: Indicates that the value is a Boolean (true/false).

Here's why this works:

- * Purpose of `typeof`: The `typeof` function is commonly used in conjunction with the `eval` command to inspect the data type of fields or expressions. This is particularly useful when debugging or ensuring that fields are being processed as expected.
- * Return Values: The function categorizes values into one of the three primary data types supported by Splunk: Number, String, or Bool.

Example:

```
| makeresults
| eval example_field = "123"
| eval type = typeof(example_field)
```

This will produce:

time example field type

<current timestamp> 123 String

Other options explained:

* Option A: Incorrect because `True`, `False`, and `Unknown` are not valid return values of the `typeoffunction` function.

These might be confused with Boolean logic but are not related to data type identification.

* Option C: Incorrect because Null is not a valid return value of type `eof`. Instead, Null represents the absence of a value, not a data type.

* Option D: Incorrect because `field`, `value`, and `lookup` are unrelated to the type of function. These terms describe components of Splunk searches, not data types.

References:

* Splunk Documentation on [type of https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/CommonEvalFunctions](https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/CommonEvalFunctions)

* Splunk Documentation on Data Types: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Search/Aboutfields>

NEW QUESTION # 113

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