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## Amazon AWS Certified Generative AI Developer - Professional Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

### NEW QUESTION # 29

A company wants to select a new FM for its AI assistant. A GenAI developer needs to generate evaluation reports to help a data scientist assess the quality and safety of various foundation models FMs. The data scientist provides the GenAI developer with sample prompts for evaluation. The GenAI developer wants to use Amazon Bedrock to automate report generation and evaluation. Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Combine the sample prompts into a single JSONL document. Store the document in an Amazon S3 bucket. Create an Amazon Bedrock evaluation job that uses a judge model. Specify the S3 location as input and a different S3 location as output. Run an evaluation job for each FM and select the FM as the generator.
- B. Combine the sample prompts into a single JSON document. Create an Amazon Bedrock knowledge base with the document. Write a prompt that asks the FM to generate a response to each sample prompt. Use the RetrieveAndGenerate API to generate a report for each model.
- C. Combine the sample prompts into a single JSONL document. Store the document in an Amazon S3 bucket. Create an

Amazon Bedrock evaluation job that uses a judge model. Specify the S3 location as input and Amazon QuickSight as output. Run an evaluation job for each FM and select the FM as the evaluator.

- D. Combine the sample prompts into a single JSON document. Create an Amazon Bedrock knowledge base from the document. Create an Amazon Bedrock evaluation job that uses the retrieval and response generation evaluation type. Specify an Amazon S3 bucket as the output. Run an evaluation job for each FM.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Option B is correct because it uses the managed evaluation capability in Amazon Bedrock that is intended specifically for comparing foundation models using a consistent prompt set and producing structured results with minimal custom tooling. In a Bedrock evaluation workflow, you provide an input dataset of prompts, typically in JSON Lines format so each line represents one evaluation record. Storing the JSONL file in Amazon S3 allows Bedrock to read the dataset at scale and write standardized evaluation outputs back to S3 for downstream analysis, sharing, and retention.

The key requirement is to assess both quality and safety across multiple models. A Bedrock evaluation job can use a judge model to score the generated outputs against defined criteria. This approach supports repeatable, apples-to-apples comparisons because the same judge model and scoring rubric can be applied to every candidate foundation model. The candidate models are configured as generators, meaning each evaluation job run uses one selected FM to produce answers for the same prompt set, and the judge model evaluates those answers. That matches the requirement to generate evaluation reports that help a data scientist select the best FM.

Option A does not use Bedrock evaluation jobs, and a knowledge base plus RetrieveAndGenerate is a RAG pattern, not an evaluation framework. It would produce responses but not standardized scoring and reporting suitable for model selection. Option C is incorrect because Bedrock evaluation outputs are delivered to S3, not directly to a BI destination, and selecting the candidate FM as the evaluator conflicts with the intended pattern of using a stable judge model. Option D misuses knowledge bases and retrieval evaluation types when the requirement is prompt-based model assessment rather than evaluating retrieval quality.

### NEW QUESTION # 30

A financial services company is developing a customer service AI assistant by using Amazon Bedrock. The AI assistant must not discuss investment advice with users. The AI assistant must block harmful content, mask personally identifiable information (PII), and maintain audit trails for compliance reporting. The AI assistant must apply content filtering to both user inputs and model responses based on content sensitivity.

The company requires an Amazon Bedrock guardrail configuration that will effectively enforce policies with minimal false positives.

The solution must provide multiple handling strategies for multiple types of sensitive content.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- **A. Configure a guardrail and set content filters to medium for harmful content. Set up denied topics for investment advice and include clear definitions and sample phrases to block. Configure sensitive information filters to mask PII in responses and to block financial information in inputs. Enable both input and output evaluations that use custom blocked messages for audits.**
- B. Configure multiple guardrails by using tiered policies. Create one guardrail and set content filters to high. Configure the guardrail to block PII for public interactions. Configure a second guardrail and set content filters to medium. Configure the second guardrail to mask PII for internal use. Configure multiple topic-specific guardrails to block investment advice and set up contextual grounding checks.
- C. Configure a single guardrail and set content filters to high for all categories. Set up denied topics for investment advice and include sample phrases to block. Set up sensitive information filters that apply the block action for all PII entities. Apply the guardrail to all model inference calls.
- D. Create a separate guardrail for each use case. Create one guardrail that applies a harmful content filter. Create a guardrail to apply topic filters for investment advice. Create a guardrail to apply sensitive information filters to block PII. Use AWS Step Functions to chain the guardrails sequentially.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Option C is the correct solution because it uses a single, well-tuned Amazon Bedrock guardrail that applies different actions to different content types, which is the recommended approach for minimizing false positives while enforcing strong policy controls. Setting content filters to medium rather than high reduces overblocking of benign customer conversations while still preventing harmful content. Amazon Bedrock guardrails are designed to balance precision and recall, and medium sensitivity is commonly recommended for customer-facing financial services use cases.

Denied topics explicitly prevent the assistant from discussing investment advice, which is a regulatory requirement. Including definitions and sample phrases improves detection accuracy and reduces ambiguity.

Sensitive information filters support different actions per context. Masking PII in responses preserves conversational usefulness for

legitimate customer support while preventing exposure of sensitive data.

Blocking sensitive financial information in inputs prevents downstream processing of disallowed content before it reaches the foundation model.

Critically, enabling both input and output evaluation ensures that guardrails are applied consistently at every stage of interaction.

Custom blocked messages and audit logging provide clear compliance evidence for regulators and internal audits.

Option A causes excessive false positives by blocking all PII outright. Option B introduces unnecessary complexity and is not how Bedrock guardrails are intended to be applied. Option D uses orchestration logic that Bedrock guardrails already handle natively. Therefore, Option C best satisfies enforcement, flexibility, auditability, and accuracy requirements.

### NEW QUESTION # 31

A financial services company uses an AI application to process financial documents by using Amazon Bedrock. During business hours, the application handles approximately 10,000 requests each hour, which requires consistent throughput.

The company uses the `CreateProvisionedModelThroughput` API to purchase provisioned throughput. Amazon CloudWatch metrics show that the provisioned capacity is unused while on-demand requests are being throttled. The company finds the following code in the application:

```
python
```

```
response = bedrock_runtime.invoke_model(modelId="anthropic.claude-v2", body=json.dumps(payload))
```

The company needs the application to use the provisioned throughput and to resolve the throttling issues.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Add exponential backoff/retry logic to handle throttling exceptions during peak hours.
- **B. Replace the model ID parameter with the ARN of the provisioned model that the `CreateProvisionedModelThroughput` API returns.**
- C. Modify the application to use the `InvokeModelWithResponseStream` API instead of the `InvokeModel` API.
- D. Increase the number of model units (MUs) in the provisioned throughput configuration.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Option B is correct because the application is currently invoking the base foundation model identifier, which routes traffic to the on-demand capacity pool rather than the company's purchased provisioned throughput. In Amazon Bedrock, provisioned throughput is attached to a specific provisioned resource created through the provisioned throughput APIs. To consume that reserved capacity, inference requests must target the provisioned resource identifier that represents the purchased throughput, not the generic model identifier used for on-demand inference.

The code snippet uses `modelId="anthropic.claude-v2"`. This value selects the on-demand endpoint for that model. As a result, requests are subject to on-demand quotas and throttling behavior, while the provisioned throughput remains idle. This directly explains the CloudWatch observation: provisioned capacity metrics show unused capacity because no traffic is being directed to the provisioned resource, and the on-demand path is throttling because it is exceeding the applicable on-demand limits during peak volume.

Replacing the `modelId` value with the provisioned throughput ARN returned by the `CreateProvisionedModelThroughput` workflow ensures the runtime invocation is routed to the reserved capacity. Once traffic is directed correctly, the purchased model units provide the consistent throughput required for predictable performance during business hours, which is exactly why provisioned throughput is used.

Option A could increase capacity, but it does not fix the core issue that the application is not using the provisioned resource at all. Option C can reduce the impact of throttling temporarily, but it adds latency and does not guarantee consistent throughput; it also still wastes the provisioned capacity. Option D changes the response delivery mechanism, but throttling is a capacity routing and quota issue, not a streaming API issue.

### NEW QUESTION # 32

A healthcare company is using Amazon Bedrock to build a system to help practitioners make clinical decisions. The system must provide treatment recommendations to physicians based only on approved medical documentation and must cite specific sources.

The system must not hallucinate or produce factually incorrect information.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use an Amazon Bedrock knowledge base with `Retrieve` API calls and `InvokeModel` API calls to retrieve approved clinical source documents. Implement verification logic to compare against retrieved sources and to cite sources.
- **B. Use Amazon Bedrock and Amazon Comprehend Medical to extract medical entities. Implement verification logic against a medical terminology database.**

- C. Integrate Amazon Bedrock with Amazon Kendra to retrieve approved documents. Implement custom post-processing to compare generated responses against source documents and to include citations.
- D. Deploy an Amazon Bedrock Knowledge Base and connect it to approved clinical source documents. Use the Amazon Bedrock RetrieveAndGenerate API to return citations from the knowledge base.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Option B is the correct solution because Amazon Bedrock Knowledge Bases with the RetrieveAndGenerate API provide a fully managed Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) capability that directly addresses grounding, citation, and hallucination prevention with the least operational overhead.

Amazon Bedrock Knowledge Bases automatically manage document ingestion, chunking, embedding, retrieval, and ranking from approved data sources. When used with the RetrieveAndGenerate API, the model is constrained to generate responses only from retrieved, approved clinical documentation, significantly reducing the risk of hallucinations or unsupported claims. The API also returns explicit source citations, which satisfies regulatory and clinical transparency requirements without requiring custom comparison or validation logic.

This approach aligns with AWS best practices for healthcare GenAI workloads, where correctness and traceability are critical. Because retrieval and generation are tightly integrated, the system avoids multi-step orchestration, custom verification pipelines, or additional compute layers that would increase latency and maintenance burden.

Option A introduces Amazon Kendra and custom post-processing logic, increasing operational complexity.

Option C focuses on entity extraction rather than controlled knowledge grounding and does not guarantee citation or hallucination prevention. Option D requires manual orchestration between retrieval and generation and custom verification logic, which increases development and maintenance effort.

Therefore, Option B delivers accurate, grounded, and cited clinical recommendations with minimal infrastructure and operational overhead.

### NEW QUESTION # 33

A company runs a generative AI (GenAI)-powered summarization application in an application AWS account that uses Amazon Bedrock. The application architecture includes an Amazon API Gateway REST API that forwards requests to AWS Lambda functions that are attached to private VPC subnets. The application summarizes sensitive customer records that the company stores in a governed data lake in a centralized data storage account. The company has enabled Amazon S3, Amazon Athena, and AWS Glue in the data storage account.

The company must ensure that calls that the application makes to Amazon Bedrock use only private connectivity between the company's application VPC and Amazon Bedrock. The company's data lake must provide fine-grained column-level access across the company's AWS accounts.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Run Lambda functions in private subnets. Configure a NAT gateway to provide access to Amazon Bedrock and the data lake. Use S3 bucket policies and ACLs to manage permissions. Export AWS CloudTrail logs to Amazon S3 to perform weekly reviews.
- B. Create a gateway endpoint only for Amazon S3 in the application account. Invoke Amazon Bedrock through public endpoints. Use database-level grants in AWS Lake Formation to manage data access. Stream AWS CloudTrail logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs. Do not set up metric filters or alarms.
- C. In the application account, create interface VPC endpoints for Amazon Bedrock runtimes. Run Lambda functions in private subnets. Use IAM conditions on inference and data-plane policies to allow calls only to approved endpoints and roles. In the data storage account, use AWS Lake Formation LF-tag- based access control to create table-level and column-level cross-account grants.
- D. Use VPC endpoints to provide access to Amazon Bedrock and Amazon S3 in the application account. Use only IAM path-based policies to manage data lake access. Send AWS CloudTrail logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs. Periodically create dashboards and allow public fallback for cross-Region reads to reduce setup time.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The first option labeled B is the correct solution because it fully satisfies both private connectivity and fine- grained cross-account data governance requirements using AWS-native services.

Creating interface VPC endpoints for Amazon Bedrock runtimes ensures that all inference calls remain on the AWS private network and never traverse the public internet. Running AWS Lambda functions in private subnets enforces network isolation, and using IAM conditions that restrict access to specific VPC endpoints and roles prevents unauthorized inference calls.

For the governed data lake, AWS Lake Formation LF-tag-based access control is the recommended AWS mechanism for

enforcing cross-account, column-level permissions. LF-tags allow the company to define data access policies once and apply them consistently across accounts, databases, tables, and even individual columns. This is required for sensitive customer records and is not achievable with S3 bucket policies or IAM alone.

The second option labeled B uses a NAT gateway, which violates the private connectivity requirement.

Option C uses public Bedrock endpoints and only database-level grants, which are insufficient. Option D relies on IAM path-based policies, which cannot enforce column-level access and introduces public fallback paths.

Therefore, the first option labeled B is the only solution that meets all networking, security, and data governance requirements.

## NEW QUESTION # 34

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