

試験の準備方法-素敵なL4M7予想試験試験-権威のあるL4M7最新日本語版参考書



P.S. Fast2testがGoogle Driveで共有している無料かつ新しいL4M7ダンプ: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1FGxKpSAGw21_5-Oig9E2lLxMIEKNpthH

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資産管理は、組織が資産のパフォーマンスを最適化し、資産の効率を改善し、コストを削減するために重要です。CIPS L4M7試験は、候補者に資産計画、調達、運用、メンテナンス、処分、交換など、資産管理の原則を包括的に理解するように設計されています。この試験は、計画から処分まで、資産管理のすべての側面をカバーするように構成されており、個人が資産管理に対する全体的なアプローチを開発するのに役立ちます。

>> L4M7予想試験 <<

L4M7最新日本語版参考書、L4M7資格専門知識

L4M7試験問題はグローバルなものであるとCIPS誇らしく言えます。したがって、どんな種類のL4M7テストトレントを求めて、当社のアフターサービスサービススタッフは、最も専門的な方法でL4M7練習問題の問題を解決するお手伝いをします。L4M7のCIPS Whole Life Asset Management学習ツールを目指しているお客様は世界中のさまざまな国から来ており、間違なく時間差があるため、L4M7トレーニングガイドで1日24時間、7日間、思いやりのあるFast2testオンラインアフターサービスを提供します週に数日、いつでもどこでも気軽にご連絡ください。

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CIPS L4M7試験は、グローバルに認知され、業界で高く評価されています。この試験は、アセットマネジメントの専門家の知識、スキル、理解を評価し、彼らが自分たちの役割で成功するために必要なツールや技術を備えていることを確認するために設計されています。この試験は、アセットマネジメントの専門家が、最新の業界動向やベストプラクティスに常にアップデートされていることを保証することも目的としています。

CIPS Whole Life Asset Management 認定 L4M7 試験問題 (Q178-Q183):

質問 #178

XYZ Ltd is a major distributor of electrical equipment protection products in the United States. XYZ found that there was a lack of communication between the company and its key supplier, leading to the supplier trying to predict distributor needs and distributor attempting to estimate lead times. Essentially, both the supplier and the distributor have different sets of information, spending time and money trying to predict what the other will do. To deal with this problem, XYZ Ltd decides to implement new inventory management method in which the supplier manage the replenishment of items for sale. Both parties are obliged to share information on variations in demand and stock levels for goods used for or sale. Which inventory management method is XYZ Ltd implementing?

- A. Vendor managed inventory
- B. Reverse logistics
- C. Floor-ready merchandise
- D. Economic order quantity

正解: A

解説:

Vendor Managed Inventory (VMI) is a business model where the buyer of a product provides information to a vendor of that product and the vendor takes full responsibility for maintaining an agreed inventory of the material, usually at the buyer's consumption location.

Floor-Ready Merchandise can be defined as the merchandise that is pre-tagged, pre-ticketed and pre-occupied with all the necessary details and information such as marked to their specifications for style, size, type, color and price, this information is required in the retail store and is done before it reaches the retail store.

Economic order quantity (EOQ) is the ideal order quantity a company should purchase to minimize inventory costs such as holding costs, shortage costs, and order costs. This production-scheduling model was developed in 1913 by Ford W. Harris and has been refined over time. The formula assumes that demand, ordering, and holding costs all remain constant.

The full definition of reverse logistics, as according to The Council of Logistics Management, is the process of implementing, controlling, and planning the cost-effective flow of finished goods, raw materials, and in-process inventory. The flow is from the point of consumption (i.e. the customer) to the point of origin (i.e. the manufacturer), to properly dispose of these or to recapture value.

In the scenario, XYZ solves the current situation by letting the supplier to management the inventory and sharing stock level information with the supplier. Vendor managed inventory is the most suitable answer.

質問 #179

U-shape flow layout can utilise handling equipment if the high demands items locate adjacent to shipping docks. Is this statement true?

- A. No, because cross-docking is impossible in U-shape flow warehouse
- B. Yes, because U-shape layout allows S-line routing more efficient
- C. Yes, because this layout places receiving docks and despatch docks close to one another

- D. No, because aisles between racks in U-shape flow are too small for any handling equipment

正解: C

解説:

A 'U' flow occurs when the goods receipt and dispatch functions are located at the same end of a warehouse building. Products flow in at receiving, move in to storage in the back of the warehouse, and then to shipping, which is located at the adjacent to receiving on the same side of the building.

Items with higher throughput level are located closer to the loading bays. An example of a 'U' flow design can be seen in the diagram below.

Advantages of 'U' Flow

- Excellent utilization of dock resources because the receiving and shipping processes can share dock doors
- Facilitating cross-docking because the receiving and shipping docks are adjacent to one another and may be co-mingled
- Excellent lift truck utilization because put away and retrieval trips are easily combined and because the storage locations closest to the receiving and shipping docks are natural locations to house fast moving items
- Yields excellent security because there is a single side of the building used for entry and exit

質問 # 180

A warehouse manager (WM) has been given the task of redesigning the interior layout of the organisation's main storage facility. There are numerous issues with how stock items can be moved around the facility.

There are often delays, items are damaged, and there have been some health and safety incidents. The issue the WM is trying to resolve is known as ...

- A. volume
- B. capacity
- C. flexibility
- D. flow

正解: D

質問 # 181

Toll Group has thousands of end-of-life IT assets that need to be disposed of. The senior management of Toll Group is largely concerned about sustainability in waste management, especially electronic waste. Before selecting a supplier to manage the process, the procurement team is required to assess the environmental risks regarding disposal of the assets. Risk assessment is basically based on the measurement of which factors?

1. Impact
2. Reward
3. Surveillance
4. Likelihood

- A. 1 and 4 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 2 and 4 only

正解: A

解説:

All risk management processes follow the same basic steps, although sometimes different jargon is used to describe these steps. Together these 5 risk management process steps combine to deliver a simple and effective risk management process.

Step 1: Identify the Risk. You and your team uncover, recognize and describe risks that might affect your project or its outcomes. There are a number of techniques you can use to find project risks. During this step you start to prepare your Project Risk Register.

Step 2: Analyze the risk. Once risks are identified you determine the likelihood and consequence of each risk.

You develop an understanding of the nature of the risk and its potential to affect project goals and objectives.

This information is also input to your Project Risk Register.

Step 3: Evaluate or Rank the Risk. You evaluate or rank the risk by determining the risk magnitude, which is the combination of likelihood and consequence. You make decisions about whether the risk is acceptable or whether it is serious enough to warrant treatment. These risk rankings are also added to your Project Risk Register.

Step 4: Treat the Risk. This is also referred to as Risk Response Planning. During this step you assess your highest ranked risks and

set out a plan to treat or modify these risks to achieve acceptable risk levels. How can you minimize the probability of the negative risks as well as enhancing the opportunities? You create risk mitigation strategies, preventive plans and contingency plans in this step. And you add the risk treatment measures for the highest ranking or most serious risks to your Project Risk Register. Step 5: Monitor and Review the risk. This is the step where you take your Project Risk Register and use it to monitor, track and review risks.

質問 # 182

Objective forecasting techniques must be based on which of the following?

1. Opinions
2. Figures
3. Facts
4. Judgement

- A. 3 and 4 only
- B. 1 and 4 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 2 and 3 only

正解: D

解説:

Subjective forecasting uses qualitative methods (surveys, opinions) which rely on perception and opinion.

Objective forecasting uses quantitative methods (facts and figures). Both methods have to make assumption about how closely (or not) the future will resemble the present and the past. Forecasting is never exact.

Reference: CIPS study guide page 111-112

LO 2, AC 2.3

質問 # 183

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L4M7最新日本語版参考書: <https://jp.fast2test.com/L4M7-premium-file.html>

- 信頼的なL4M7予想試験 - 合格スムーズL4M7最新日本語版参考書 | 大人気L4M7資格専門知識 □ 【 www.xhs1991.com 】を入力して ➡ L4M7 □を検索し、無料でダウンロードしてくださいL4M7受験練習参考書
- 実用的なL4M7予想試験試験-試験の準備方法-最新のL4M7最新日本語版参考書 □ [www.goshiken.com]を開き、➡ L4M7 □□□を入力して、無料でダウンロードしてくださいL4M7日本語版問題集
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- L4M7試験の準備方法 | 最高のL4M7予想試験試験 | 権威のあるCIPS Whole Life Asset Management最新日本語版参考書 □ サイト【 jp.fast2test.com 】で □ L4M7 □問題集をダウンロードL4M7リンクグローバル
- kampunginggris.site, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,

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