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Easy4Engine has come up with the latest and real CrowdStrike CCCS-203b Exam Dumps that can solve these drastic problems for you. We guarantee that these questions will be enough for you to clear the CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist (CCCS-203b) examination on the first attempt. Doubtlessly, cracking the CrowdStrike CCCS-203b test of the CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist (CCCS-203b) credential is one tough task but this task can be made easier if you prepare with CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist (CCCS-203b) practice questions of Easy4Engine.

CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist Sample Questions (Q66-Q71):

NEW QUESTION # 66
Which method allows you to identify running processes in a cloud environment without deploying a Falcon sensor?

- A. Leveraging Falcon Insight's endpoint detection capabilities.
- B. Utilizing CrowdStrike's Falcon Horizon to assess cloud workloads.
- C. Using the Falcon Discover module to perform an agentless scan.
- D. Deploying Falcon OverWatch to monitor the environment in real time.

Answer: C

Explanation:
Option A: Falcon Insight requires the installation of the Falcon sensor on endpoints to provide EDR capabilities. It cannot operate in agentless mode for runtime process discovery.
Option B: The Falcon Discover module enables organizations to perform agentless visibility of cloud workloads. It allows security teams to find what is running in the environment without deploying a Falcon sensor, making it particularly useful for runtime protection and initial assessments. This approach reduces the overhead of agent installation and provides instant visibility into unmanaged resources.
Option C: Falcon Horizon focuses on cloud posture management by identifying misconfigurations and compliance risks, not runtime visibility into processes or workloads. It does not offer runtime insights into active processes without a sensor.
Option D: Falcon OverWatch is a proactive threat hunting service that leverages Falcon Insight and related modules. It requires the deployment of sensors to function, making it unsuitable for environments without sensors.

NEW QUESTION # 67
How can cloud groups reduce noise and focus responsibility for users?

- A. Assign permissions to users within the group
- B. Apply exclusions for accounts assigned to the cloud group
- C. Narrow a user's scope of analysis by filtering cloud resources

Answer: C

Explanation:
Cloud Groups in CrowdStrike Falcon Cloud Security are designed to logically segment cloud resources so users can focus only on what is relevant to their role or responsibility. The primary way cloud groups reduce noise is bynarrowing a user's scope of analysis through filtered cloud resources.
By grouping resources based on criteria such as account, region, service, or tags, Cloud Groups ensure that analysts and responders only see findings related to the resources they own or manage. This minimizes alert fatigue, reduces unnecessary exposure to unrelated findings, and improves investigation efficiency.
Cloud Groups do not assign permissions directly; permissions are managed through Falcon RBAC roles. They also do not primarily function as exclusion mechanisms-although exclusions may be applied, their core purpose is scoping and contextualization.
CrowdStrike best practices emphasize Cloud Groups as a way to align security visibility with organizational structure, enabling teams to operate more efficiently and responsibly. Therefore, the correct answer isNarrow a user's scope of analysis by filtering cloud resources.

NEW QUESTION # 68
Which Falcon sensor installation should you use for a Kubernetes endpoint that is hosting container workloads when you have access to the kernel?

- A. Falcon Sensor for Linux
- B. Falcon Sensor for Linux deployed as a DaemonSet
- C. Falcon Operator Container Image
- D. Falcon Container Sensor for Linux

Answer: B

Explanation:
When protecting a Kubernetes endpoint that hosts container workloadswith access to the Linux kernel, CrowdStrike recommends deploying theFalcon Sensor for Linux as a DaemonSet.
This deployment model installs the full Falcon Linux sensor on each Kubernetes worker node using a DaemonSet, ensuring one sensor runs per node. Because the sensor has kernel-level access, it provides deep visibility into system calls, process execution, network activity, and container behavior-delivering robust runtime protection.
TheFalcon Container Sensor for Linuxis used when kernel access is not available (for example, in managed or restricted environments). TheFalcon Operator Container Imagesimplifies lifecycle management but is not itself the sensor. Deploying the standard Falcon Sensor for Linux outside a DaemonSet would not scale correctly in Kubernetes.
Therefore, for Kubernetes environments with kernel access, the correct and CrowdStrike-recommended installation isFalcon Sensor for Linux deployed as a DaemonSet.

NEW QUESTION # 69
Which of the following is a requirement for deploying the Kubernetes and Container Sensor in a Kubernetes cluster?

- A. The cluster must have at least three nodes with GPU support.
- B. All workloads in the cluster must use privileged containers.
- C. The sensor requires a DaemonSet to be deployed within the Kubernetes cluster.
- D. The cluster must have the kube-proxy component disabled.

Answer: C

Explanation:
Option A: Requiring all workloads to use privileged containers would create unnecessary security risks. The Kubernetes and Container Sensor can secure non-privileged containers, which is the recommended best practice for containerized workloads.
Option B: Disabling the kube-proxy component is not required for deploying the Kubernetes and Container Sensor. Kube-proxy is an essential component of Kubernetes networking, and its removal would break cluster functionality.
Option C: The Kubernetes and Container Sensor is typically deployed as a DaemonSet to ensure that a sensor pod is running on each node in the Kubernetes cluster. This enables comprehensive monitoring and threat detection across all workloads in the cluster. The DaemonSet is a standard Kubernetes construct for deploying cluster-wide services.
Option D: GPU support is not a requirement for deploying the Kubernetes and Container Sensor.
GPU nodes are only necessary for specific workloads, such as machine learning applications, and are unrelated to the sensor's deployment.

NEW QUESTION # 70
A security team is deploying CrowdStrike Falcon Cloud Workload Protection to secure containerized workloads. During a security audit, they discover that despite deploying the agent correctly, some containers are running without being monitored.
Which of the following is the most likely misconfiguration causing this issue?

- A. The Falcon Sensor was installed on the host but not configured for container visibility.
- B. The host machine does not meet the minimum hardware requirements for Falcon Sensor deployment.
- C. The Kubernetes cluster lacks internet connectivity to communicate with the Falcon Cloud.
- D. The Falcon Sensor version does not support containerized environments.

Answer: A

Explanation:
Option A: While hardware requirements can affect sensor performance, they do not selectively disable monitoring for specific containers.
Option B: While internet connectivity is required for full functionality (such as telemetry reporting and policy updates), the sensor can still provide local runtime protection based on pre-configured policies.
Option C: While older versions may have limited support, CrowdStrike Falcon does support containerized workloads. If the sensor was deployed recently, it is likely a configuration issue rather than an unsupported environment.
Option D: CrowdStrike Falcon uses kernel-level hooks to monitor container activity, but proper configuration is required to ensure visibility into containerized workloads. If the agent is installed on the host but not set up for container monitoring, it might not attach correctly to containerized environments, leaving workloads unprotected.

NEW QUESTION # 71
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