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CrowdStrike Certified Identity Specialist(CCIS) Exam Sample Questions (Q21-Q26):

NEW QUESTION # 21

The Enforce section of Identity Protection is used to:

- A. Gain an overview of the domain and indicate whether the domain follows best security practice
- B. Configure domains, appliances, subnets, connectors, risk configuration, and settings
- C. Define policy rules that determine what actions to take in response to certain triggers observed in the environment**
- D. View all identity-based detections and identity-based incidents in the environment

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Enforce section of Falcon Identity Protection is dedicated to policy-based identity enforcement.

According to the CCIS curriculum, this section allows administrators to define and manage Policy Rules and Policy Groups that specify how the platform should respond when identity-related conditions are detected.

These rules evaluate triggers such as risky authentication behavior, privilege misuse, compromised credentials, or elevated risk scores, and then execute actions like blocking access, enforcing MFA, or initiating Falcon Fusion workflows. Enforce is therefore the execution layer of Falcon's identity security model.

The other options correspond to different sections of the platform.

Configuration tasks are handled in Configure.

Detections and incidents are reviewed in Monitor or Explore.

Domain posture overviews are displayed in Domain Security Overview.

Because Enforce directly controls what actions are taken in response to identity risk, Option B is the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 22

Within the Falcon Identity Protection portal, which page allows you to enable/disable Policy Rules?

- A. Policy Enforcement
- B. Identity-Based Detections
- C. Enforce
- D. Configure

Answer: C

Explanation:

In Falcon Identity Protection, Policy Rules are managed within the Enforce section of the portal. The CCIS documentation explains that Enforce is the operational area where administrators create, enable, disable, and manage Policy Rules and Policy Groups. This section is specifically designed for identity enforcement logic, allowing security teams to activate or suspend rules without modifying underlying configurations or analytics. Enabling or disabling a Policy Rule immediately affects how identity conditions are enforced across the environment.

Other sections serve different purposes:

Configure manages connectors, domains, subnets, and risk settings.

Identity-Based Detections is used for investigation and monitoring.

Policy Enforcement is not a standalone navigation section in Falcon Identity Protection.

Because rule activation and enforcement control reside exclusively in Enforce, Option B is the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 23

When an endpoint that has not been used in the last 90 days becomes active, a detection for Use of Stale Endpoint is reported.

- A. 90 days
- B. 60 days
- C. 30 days
- D. 180 days

Answer: A

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection identifies stale endpoints as systems that have not authenticated or shown activity for an extended period and then suddenly become active. According to the CCIS curriculum, an endpoint that has been inactive for 90 days and then resumes activity will trigger a Use of Stale Endpoint detection.

This detection is important because attackers frequently exploit dormant or forgotten systems to re-enter environments, evade monitoring, or move laterally. A long period of inactivity followed by sudden authentication activity is considered a strong identity risk signal.

The 90-day threshold is used to establish a reliable inactivity baseline while minimizing false positives.

Shorter timeframes could incorrectly flag normal usage patterns, while longer timeframes could delay detection of genuine threats. Because Falcon explicitly defines stale endpoint activity using a 90-day inactivity window, Option B is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 24

Which of the following best describes how Policy Group and Policy Rule precedence works?

- A. Policy Groups only group Policy Rules together. Precedence is dictated by the Rules
- B. Policy Groups are evaluated in the order in which the groups appear on the page. The Policy Rules within those groups are evaluated in the order in which they appear in the group
- C. There is no precedence with Policy Groups or Policy Rules; they enact policy if the conditions match
- D. Policy Groups are evaluated in the order in which the groups appear on the page; however, Policy Rules within those groups have no precedence

Answer: B

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection enforces deterministic policy execution using a clear and predictable precedence model. As outlined in the CCIS curriculum, Policy Groups are evaluated top to bottom, based on their order in the console. Within each Policy Group, Policy Rules are evaluated sequentially, also from top to bottom.

This ordered evaluation ensures consistent enforcement behavior and allows administrators to design layered identity controls. When a rule's conditions are met and an action is executed, subsequent rules may or may not be evaluated depending on rule logic and configuration. This model gives administrators precise control over enforcement priority.

The incorrect options misunderstand how precedence works. Policy enforcement is not unordered, nor are Policy Groups merely visual containers. Both grouping and rule order matter.

This precedence model is critical for avoiding conflicting enforcement actions and aligns with Zero Trust principles by ensuring predictable, auditable identity enforcement. Therefore, Option A is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 25

Any countries or regions included in the _ will trigger a geolocation detection.

- A. Exclusion
- **B. Blocklist**
- C. Allowlist
- D. Dictionary

Answer: B

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection supports geolocation-based detections to identify potentially risky authentication activity originating from unexpected or prohibited locations. According to the CCIS curriculum, any countries or regions added to the Blocklist will automatically trigger a geolocation-based detection when authentication traffic is observed from those locations.

The Blocklist is designed to explicitly define disallowed geographic regions. When an authentication attempt originates from a blocklisted country or region, Falcon treats the activity as suspicious and generates a detection or contributes to increased identity risk.

By contrast:

- * An Allowlist defines approved locations and suppresses detections.
- * A Dictionary is used for password-related analysis.
- * An Exclusion suppresses detections rather than generating them.

Because geolocation detections are triggered by blocklisted locations, Option A is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 26

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