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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer Sample Questions (Q122-Q127):

NEW QUESTION # 122

Refer to the exhibits.

□

The input array of strings is processed by the batch job that processes, filters, and aggregates the values. What is the last message logged by the Logger component after the batch job completes processing?

- A. ["D", "E"]
- B. ["A", "C", "D", "E"]
- C. ["E"]
- D. ["A", "C", "D"], ["E"]

Answer: C

Explanation:

Logs would look like:

```
INFO 2021-06-09 19:14:56,039[[MuleRuntime].uber.06: [validationtest].batch-job-validationtestBatch_Job- work-manager @6de10f3e] [processor:validationtestFlow/processores/1/route/0/route/0/aggregator/processores /0; event: bfb751e1-9939-11eb-9f69-02053763653a] org.mule.runtime.core.internal.processor.
```

LoggerMessageProcessor:

```
[
  "\A\",
  "\C\",
  "\D\"
]
```

--

```
INFO 2021-06-09 19:15:02,486 [[MuleRuntime].uber.06: [validationtest].batch-job-validationtestBatch_Job- work-manager @6de10f3e] [processor: validationtestFlow/processores/1/route/0/route/0/aggregator/processores /0; event: bfb751e1-9939-11eb-9f69-02053763653a] org.mule.runtime.core.internal.processor.
```

LoggerMessageProcessor:

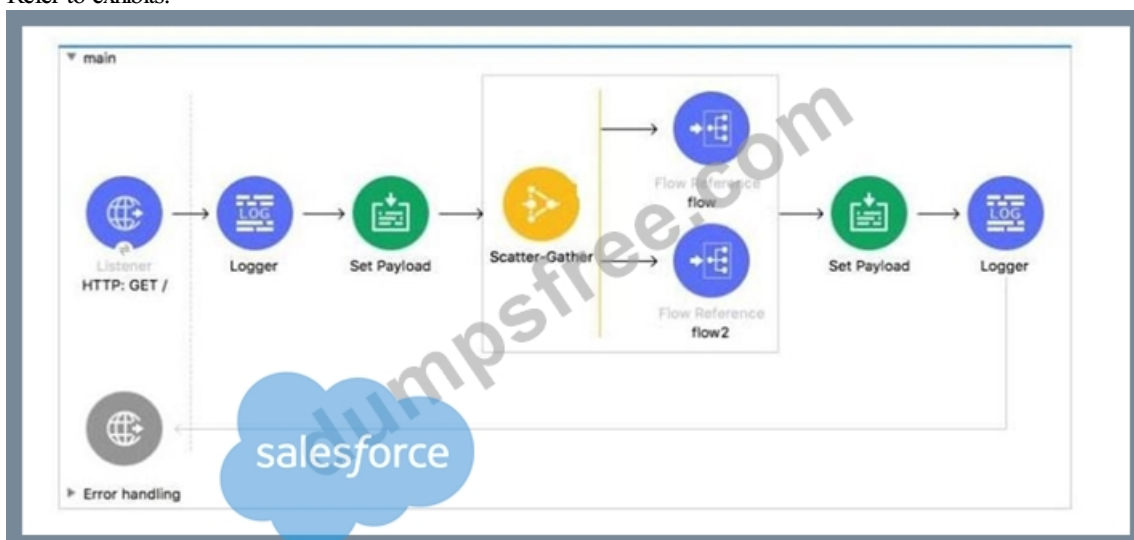
```
[
  "\E\"
]
```

Batch aggregator value is 3. Hence in first time it will print ["A", "C", "D"] and in next iteration it will print ["E"]

----- Correct answer is ["E"]

NEW QUESTION # 123

Refer to exhibits.



In the execution of the Scatter-Gather, the flow route completes after 10 seconds and the flow2 route completes in 40 seconds. How many seconds does it take for the Scatter-Gather to complete?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: C

Explanation:

Scatter-Gather sends the event to each routes concurrently. Hence both route in this example will start in parallel. So total time to complete processing is 40 seconds The Scatter-Gather component is a routing event processor that processes a Mule event through different parallel processing routes that contain different event processors. Each route receives a reference to the Mule event and executes a sequence of one or more event processors. Each of these routes uses a separate thread to execute the event processors, and the resulting Mule event can be either the same Mule event without modifications or a new Mule event with its own payload, attributes, and variables. The Scatter-Gather component then combines the Mule events returned by each processing route into a new Mule event that is passed to the next event processor only after every route completes successfully.

The Scatter-Gather component executes each route in parallel, not sequentially. Parallel execution of routes can greatly increase the efficiency of your Mule application and may provide more information than sequential processing.

Mule Ref Doc : <https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/scatter-gather-concept>

NEW QUESTION # 124

A Mule application configured with Autodiscovery implements an API.

Where is governance enforced for policies defined for this Mule application?

- A. In API manager
- B. In RuntimeManager
- C. Runtime Manager
- D. In the Mule application

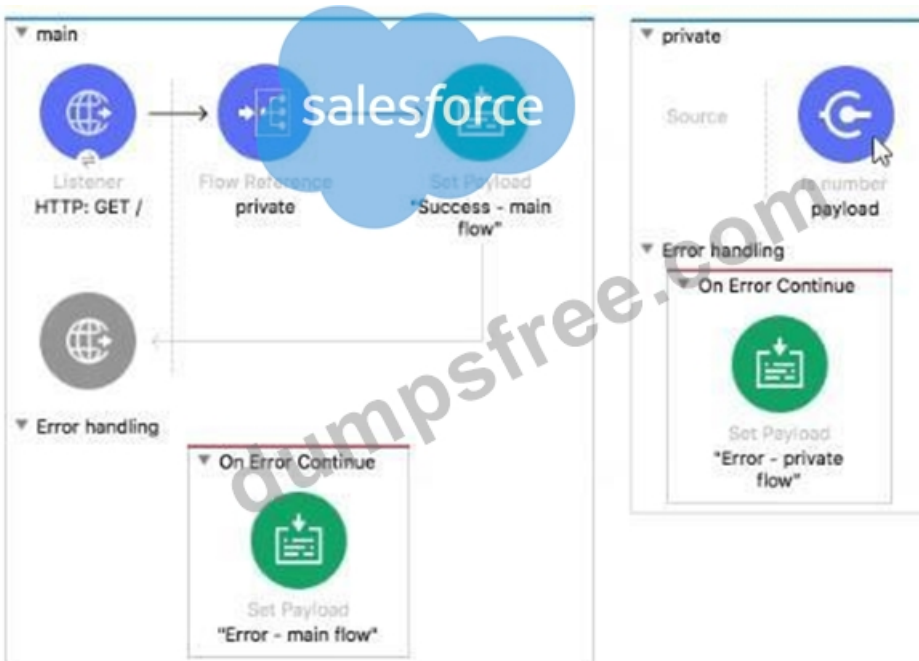
Answer: A

Explanation:

Correct answer is API manager

NEW QUESTION # 125

Refer to the exhibits.



```

<flow name="main" >
  <http:listener doc:name="HTTP: GET /" config-ref="HTTP Listener Config" path="/" />
  <flow-ref doc:name="private" />
  <set-payload value="Success - main flow" doc:name="Success - main flow" />
  <error-handler>
    <on-error-continue enableNotifications="true" logException="true" doc:name="On Error Continue" >
      <set-payload value="Error - main flow" doc:name="Error - main flow" />
    </on-error-continue>
  </error-handler>
</flow>

<flow name="private" >
  <validation:is-number numberType="INTEGER" doc:name="payload" value="#[payload]"
  message="Validation Error" />
  <error-handler >
    <on-error-continue enableNotifications="true" logException="true" doc:name="On Error Continue" >
      <set-payload value="Error - private flow" doc:name="Error - private flow" />
    </on-error-continue>
  </error-handler>
</flow>

```

The Validation component in the private flow throws an error. What response message is returned to a client request to the main flow's HTTP Listener?

- A. Error - main flow
- B. Success - main flow
- C. Validation Error
- D. Error - private flow

Answer: A

Explanation:

Error in validation component will get processed by Processor level On Error Propagate block and the error will be rethrown which will get processed by flow level error handler which will set payload to "Error- main flow". Hence correct answer is Error - main flow

- 1) Request is received by HTTP listener
- 2) Try scope gets executed
- 3) The validator component in the Try scope creates an Error Object because the payload is not null.
- 4) The On Error Propagate handles the error. The payload is set to "Error - Try scope"
- 6) "Error - Try scope" is returned to the 'On Error Continue' block. Main flow execution stops. Payload is set to "Error - main flow"
- 7) "Error - main flow" is returned to the requestor in the body of the HTTP request. HTTP Status Code: 200

----- Reference Diagram though not exactly same, conditions are similar. They will help you answer any new question on error handling in real exam:

Timeline Description automatically generated

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/on-error-scope-concept#on-error-continue>

NEW QUESTION # 126

Refer to the exhibits.



The Validation component in the Try scope throws an error.

What response message is returned to a client request to the main flow's HTTP Listener?

The Validation component in the Try scope throws an error. What response message is returned to a client request to the main flow's HTTP Listener?

- A. Success - main flow
- B. Error - Try scope
- C. Error - main flow
- D. Validation Error

Answer: A

Explanation:

Note that private flow has error scope defined as On Error Continue . So when error occurs in private flow , it is handled by this On Error Continue scopewhich sends success response back to main flow and does not throw back an error. So main continues normally and payload is set to Success - main flow.

Hence correct answer is Success - main flow

1) HTTP listener received request

2) The Flow Referencecalls the child flow

3) The Is Number validator creates an Error Object because the payload isn't an integer. Child Flow execution stops

`#[error.description] = "payload is not a valid INTEGER value"`

`#[error.errorType] = VALIDATION:INVALID_NUMBER`

4) The OnError Continue handles the errorThe payload is set to "Error - Sub Flow"

5) "Error - Sub Flow" is returned to the main flow as if the child flow was a success. The Set Payload is executed. The payload is reset to "Success - Finished Main Flow"

6) "Success- Main Flow" is returned to the requestor in the body of the HTTP request. HTTP Status Code:

200

As you can see, in the above example, because the error was caught by an On Error Continue scope in the child flow (RED in, GREEN out) when the Mule Message returns to the parent flow, the parent flow knows none-the-different that there was a failure because the on error continue returns a 200 success message. Note that because, to the mainFlow, the childFlow appeared to succeed, the processing of mainFlow resumed after the flow reference.

A picture containing timeline Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION # 127

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