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The SCP-NPM Certification Exam is an essential credential for network professionals who use SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor. It validates the practical skills and knowledge of network administrators in using the software to monitor, troubleshoot, and optimize network performance. SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor (NPM) Exam certification is widely recognized in the industry and can help professionals advance their careers by demonstrating their proficiency in using the SolarWinds NPM software.

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SolarWinds SCP-NPM certification exam is an essential credential for IT professionals who work with network monitoring tools and are responsible for ensuring optimal network performance. SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor (NPM) Exam certification validates the knowledge and skills of IT professionals in network performance monitoring and demonstrates their proficiency in using SolarWinds NPM. The SCP-NPM certification provides a competitive edge in the job market and helps IT professionals advance their careers.

SolarWinds SCP-NPM Certification Exam is an excellent way for IT professionals to demonstrate their expertise in network performance monitoring and management. It validates the candidate's skills and knowledge of SolarWinds NPM and their ability to use it effectively to monitor and manage network performance. SCP-NPM exam covers a wide range of topics and is designed for professionals with at least one year of experience in network performance monitoring and management.

SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor (NPM) Exam Sample Questions (Q50-Q55):

NEW QUESTION # 50

How can you quickly generate a report in NPM to show the top 50 interfaces by percent utilization?

- A. Create a web-based report and filter the data to restrict to the top 50 interfaces
- B. Copy a similar default report and edit it for different time-frames
- C. Create an advanced SQL query report
- **D. Copy a similar default report and edit it for the top 50 interfaces**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 51

You need to implement service level agreement (SLA) reporting for a new hosted data center service. Which SLA performance metric should you track?

- **A. Response time**
- B. Memory utilization
- C. CPU utilization
- D. Interface discards

Answer: A

Explanation:

Response time is the amount of time it takes for a service request to return a response. It is a critical SLA performance metric for a hosted data center service, as it directly affects the user experience and satisfaction.

High response time can indicate network congestion, server overload, or other performance issues that can degrade the quality of the service. By tracking response time, you can monitor the availability and reliability of the service, identify and troubleshoot potential problems, and ensure that the service meets the SLA expectations and standards. References: How to measure your SLA: 5 Metrics you should be Monitoring and Reporting, Data Center SLA Frequently Offer a 100% Uptime Guarantee, How To Measure SLA Performance in 4 Steps (With Tips).

NEW QUESTION # 52

You configured devices to send SNMP traps to NPM, but do not see the messages in the Orion Web Console. You verified that the firewall ports are open and the devices are correctly configured.

What can you verify to troubleshoot the cause?

- **A. Verify the SNMP trap service is running**
- B. Verify that you have the SNMP Trap module installed for NPM
- C. Verify you use Log Analyzer to view traps
- D. Verify you configured the SNMP Traps view in the Orion Web Console

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 53

While building an Orion map in the NPM web console you notice that two of your devices do not show a connection between them. You verify the two devices are connected. How can you resolve this issue? (Choose all that apply.)

- **A. Build a custom connection between the devices**
- B. Change the monitoring method from SNMP to CLI
- C. Build a new Orion map and add the related entities instead of the nodes
- **D. Verify you are monitoring Layer 2 and 3 topologies**

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

To show the connection between two devices on an Orion map, you need to meet the following requirements1:

The devices must be monitored by NPM.

The devices must support topology and be interconnected.

The devices must have the corresponding interfaces monitored and identified as full or half duplex.

The Orion Maps feature must be enabled and configured.

If you do not see the connection between two devices on an Orion map, you should first verify that you are monitoring Layer 2 and 3 topologies for the devices. You can do this by checking the NPM Network Topology widget on the device details page. This widget will reflect what connections will be automatically drawn in Orion Maps2. If the widget does not show the expected connection, you may need to enable topology polling for the devices or check the SNMP credentials and configuration3.

If you are monitoring the correct topologies and still do not see the connection, you can build a custom connection between the devices using the Orion Maps feature. In the Map Editor, you can add the two devices to the canvas, select them, and click the Connect Objects button. Here you can specify the interface on either side and choose to add the manual connection to the database2.

Building a new Orion map and adding the related entities instead of the nodes will not resolve the issue, as the related entities are based on the same topology data as the nodes. Changing the monitoring method from SNMP to CLI will not resolve the issue, as CLI is not supported for topology polling3.

References: Orion Maps; Orion Map Devices not connect - Forum; Polling methods used by Orion.

NEW QUESTION # 54

What can you use to retrieve a single value in SNMP? (Choose all that apply.)

- **A. GET**
- B. GET TABLE
- C. GET VALUE
- **D. GET NEXT**

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is a protocol that allows network managers to monitor and control network devices using a set of standardized messages and data structures. SNMP uses a client-server model, where the network manager (client) sends requests to the network device (server) and receives responses. The network device has an SNMP agent that collects and reports the data using a MIB (Management Information Base), which is a hierarchical database of variables that describe the device's status and configuration. Each variable in the MIB has a unique identifier called an OID (Object Identifier), which is a dot-separated sequence of numbers that follows a tree structure12.

To retrieve a single value in SNMP, you can use two types of requests: GET and GET NEXT. A GET request asks for the value of a specific OID, and the SNMP agent responds with the value if it exists, or an error if it does not. A GET NEXT request asks for the value of the next OID in the MIB tree, and the SNMP agent responds with the value and the OID of the next variable, or an error if there is no next variable. A GET NEXT request can be useful for discovering the OIDs and values of a device, or for iterating over a table of values34.

A GET VALUE request is not a valid SNMP request, and a GET TABLE request is not a single request, but a series of GET NEXT requests that retrieve all the values in a table. References: 1: SNMP Basics, 2: SNMP Tutorial Part 1 - Understanding MIBs and OIDs, 3: SNMP Tutorial Part 2 - SNMP Get, GetNext, GetBulk, 4: SNMP Commands, : SNMP Table Operations, : SNMP Table Retrieval

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