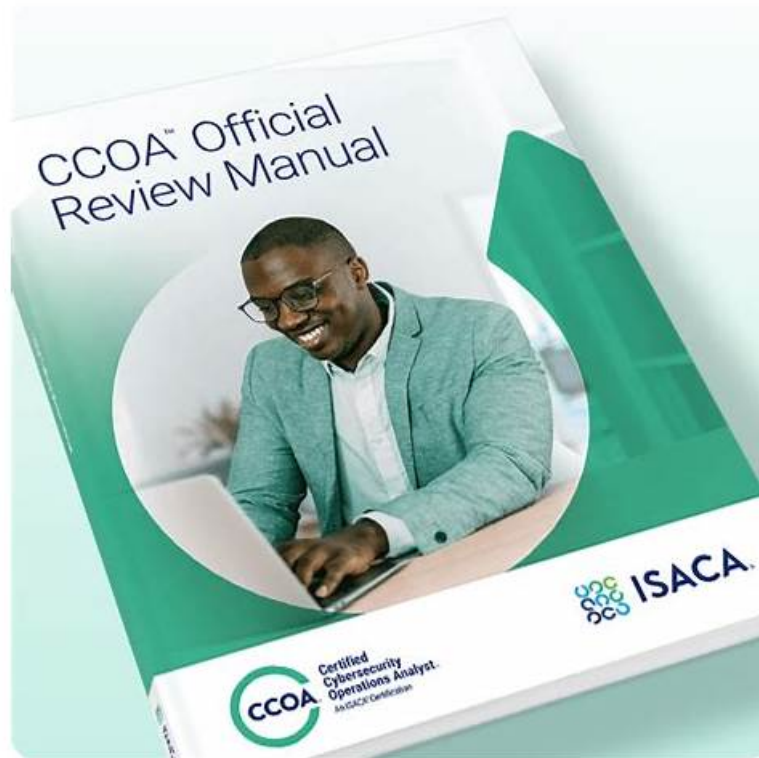


CCOA Exam Braindumps Convey All Important Information of CCOA Exam



What's more, part of that Exams4Collection CCOA dumps now are free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1qMGenF3-XXojQZ57owjqGyv4qqAbHLl6>

According to the research of the past exams and answers, Exams4Collection provide you the latest ISACA CCOA exercises and answers, which have a very close similarity with real exam. Exams4Collection can promise that you can 100% pass your first time to attend ISACA Certification CCOA Exam.

As an authorized website, Exams4Collection provide you with the products that can be utilized most efficiently. We provide 24/7 customer service for all of you, please feel free to send us any questions about ISACA exam test through email or online chat, and we will always try our best to keeping our customer satisfied. CCOA Study Material will give you a better way to prepare for the actual test with its validity and reliability CCOA questions & answers. Now, please choose our CCOA dumps torrent for your 100% passing.

>> CCOA Exam Preparation <<

CCOA Test Objectives Pdf, CCOA Test Dumps Pdf

Our CCOA exam questions are compiled by experts and approved by authorized personnel and boost varied function so that you can learn CCOA test torrent conveniently and efficiently. We provide free download and tryout before your purchase and if you fail in the exam we will refund you in full immediately at one time. Our exam questions just need students to spend 20 to 30 hours practicing on the platform which provides simulation problems, can let them have the confidence to pass the CCOA Exam, so little time great convenience for some workers. It must be your best tool to pass your exam and achieve your target.

ISACA Certified Cybersecurity Operations Analyst Sample Questions (Q87-Q92):

NEW QUESTION # 87

The PRIMARY function of open source intelligence (OSINT) is:

- A. Initiating active probes for open ports with the aim of retrieving service version information.
- **B. leveraging publicly available sources to gather information on an enterprise or on individuals.**
- C. delivering remote access malware packaged as an executable file via social engineering tactics.
- D. encoding stolen data prior to exfiltration to subvert data loss prevention (DLP) controls.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The primary function of Open Source Intelligence (OSINT) is to collect and analyze information from publicly available sources. This data can include:

- * Social Media Profiles: Gaining insights into employees or organizational activities.
- * Public Websites: Extracting data from corporate pages, forums, or blogs.
- * Government and Legal Databases: Collecting information from public records and legal filings.
- * Search Engine Results: Finding indexed data, reports, or leaked documents.
- * Technical Footprinting: Gathering information from publicly exposed systems or DNS records.

OSINT is crucial in both defensive and offensive security strategies, providing insights into potential attack vectors or organizational vulnerabilities.

Incorrect Options:

- * A. Encoding stolen data prior to exfiltration: This relates to data exfiltration techniques, not OSINT.
- * B. Initiating active probes for open ports: This is part of network scanning, not passive intelligence gathering.
- * C. Delivering remote access malware via social engineering: This is an attack vector rather than intelligence gathering.

Exact Extract from CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition:

Refer to Chapter 2, Section "Threat Intelligence and OSINT", Subsection "Roles and Applications of OSINT"

- OSINT involves leveraging publicly available sources to gather information on potential targets, be it individuals or organizations.

NEW QUESTION # 88

Which of the following is the MOST effective way to ensure an organization's management of supply chain risk remains consistent?

- A. Regularly seeking feedback from the procurement team regarding supplier responsiveness
- B. Periodically counting the number of incident tickets associated with supplier services
- **C. Periodically confirming suppliers' contractual obligations are met**
- D. Regularly meeting with suppliers to informally discuss issues

Answer: C

Explanation:

To maintain consistent management of supply chain risk, it is essential to periodically confirm that suppliers meet their contractual obligations.

- * Risk Assurance: Verifies that suppliers adhere to security standards and commitments.
- * Compliance Monitoring: Ensures that the agreed-upon controls and service levels are maintained.
- * Consistency: Regular checks prevent lapses in compliance and identify potential risks early.
- * Supplier Audits: Include reviewing security controls, data protection measures, and compliance with regulations.

Incorrect Options:

- * A. Seeking feedback from procurement: Useful but not directly related to risk management.
- * C. Counting incident tickets: Measures service performance, not risk consistency.
- * D. Informal meetings: Lacks formal assessment and verification of obligations.

Exact Extract from CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition:

Refer to Chapter 9, Section "Supply Chain Risk Management," Subsection "Monitoring and Compliance" - Periodic verification of contractual compliance ensures continuous risk management.

NEW QUESTION # 89

Target discovery and service enumeration would MOST likely be used by an attacker who has the initial objective of:

- **A. port scanning to identify potential attack vectors.**
- B. corrupting process memory, likely resulting in system instability.
- C. gaining privileged access in a complex network environment.
- D. deploying and maintaining backdoor system access.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Target discovery and service enumeration are fundamental steps in the reconnaissance phase of an attack.

An attacker typically:

- * Discovers Hosts and Services: Identifies active devices and open ports on a network.
- * Enumerates Services: Determines which services are running on open ports to understand possible entry points.
- * Identify Attack Vectors: Once services are mapped, attackers look for vulnerabilities specific to those services.
- * Tools: Attackers commonly use tools like Nmap or Masscan for port scanning and enumeration.

Other options analysis:

- * A. Corrupting process memory: Typically associated with exploitation rather than reconnaissance.
- * C. Deploying backdoors: This occurs after gaining access, not during the initial discovery phase.
- * D. Gaining privileged access: Typically follows successful exploitation, not discovery.

CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition References:

- * Chapter 6: Threat Hunting and Reconnaissance: Covers methods used for identifying attack surfaces.
- * Chapter 8: Network Scanning Techniques: Details how attackers use scanning tools to identify open ports and services.

NEW QUESTION # 90

An employee has been terminated for policy violations. Security logs from win-webserver01 have been collected and located in the Investigations folder on the Desktop as win-webserver01_logs.zip.

Generate a SHA256 digest of the System-logs.evtx file within the win-webserver01_logs.zip file and provide the output below.

Answer:

Explanation:

See the solution in Explanation.

Explanation:

To generate the SHA256 digest of the System-logs.evtx file located within the win-webserver01_logs.zip file, follow these steps:

Step 1: Access the Investigation Folder

- * Navigate to the Desktop on your system.
- * Open the Investigations folder.
- * Locate the file:

win-webserver01_logs.zip

Step 2: Extract the ZIP File

- * Right-click on win-webserver01_logs.zip.
- * Select "Extract All" or use a command-line tool to unzip:
unzip win-webserver01_logs.zip -d ./win-webserver01_logs
- * Verify the extraction:

ls ./win-webserver01_logs

You should see:

System-logs.evtx

Step 3: Generate the SHA256 Hash

Method 1: Using PowerShell (Windows)

- * Open PowerShell as an Administrator.
- * Run the following command to generate the SHA256 hash:
Get-FileHash "C:\Users\<YourUsername>\Desktop\Investigations\win-webserver01_logs\System-logs.evtx" - Algorithm SHA256
- * The output will look like:

Algorithm Hash Path

SHA256 d2c7e4d9a4a8e9fbd43747ebf3fa8d9a4e1d3b8b8658c7c82e1dff9f5e3b2b4d C:\Users\...\System-logs.
evtx

Method 2: Using Command Prompt (Windows)

- * Open Command Prompt as Administrator.
- * Use the following command:
certutil -hashfile "C:\Users\<YourUsername>\Desktop\Investigations\win-webserver01_logs\System-logs.
evtx" SHA256

* Example output:

SHA256 hash of System-logs.evtx:
d2c7e4d9a4a8e9fbd43747ebf3fa8d9a4e1d3b8b8658c7c82e1dff9f5e3b2b4d

CertUtil: -hashfile command completed successfully.

Method 3: Using Linux/Mac (if applicable)

- * Open a terminal.

* Run the following command:

```
sha256sum ./win-webserver01_logs/System-logs.evtx
```

* Sample output:

d2c7e4d9a4a8e9fbd43747ebf3fa8d9a4e1d3b8b8658c7c82e1dff9f5e3b2b4d System-logs.evtx The SHA256 digest of the System-logs.evtx file is:

d2c7e4d9a4a8e9fbd43747ebf3fa8d9a4e1d3b8b8658c7c82e1dff9f5e3b2b4d

Step 4: Verification and Documentation

* Document the hash for validation and integrity checks.

* Include in your incident report:

* File name: System-logs.evtx

* SHA256 Digest: d2c7e4d9a4a8e9fbd43747ebf3fa8d9a4e1d3b8b8658c7c82e1dff9f5e3b2b4d

* Date of Hash Generation: (today's date)

Step 5: Next Steps

* Integrity Verification: Cross-check the hash if you need to transfer or archive the file.

* Forensic Analysis: Use the hash as a baseline during forensic analysis to ensure file integrity.

NEW QUESTION # 91

An organization moving its payment card system into a separate location on its network (or security reasons is an example of network:

- A. segmentation.
- B. redundancy.
- C. centrality.
- D. encryption.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The act of moving a payment card system to a separate network location is an example of network segmentation because:

* Isolation for Security: Segregates sensitive systems from less secure parts of the network.

* PCI DSS Compliance: Payment card data must be isolated to reduce the scope of compliance.

* Minimized Attack Surface: Limits exposure in case other parts of the network are compromised.

* Enhanced Control: Allows for tailored security measures specific to payment systems.

Other options analysis:

* A. Redundancy: Involves having backup systems, not isolating networks.

* C. Encryption: Protects data but does not involve network separation.

* D. Centrality: Not a recognized concept in network security.

CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition References:

* Chapter 7: Network Segmentation and Isolation: Emphasizes segmentation for protecting sensitive data.

* Chapter 9: PCI Compliance Best Practices: Discusses network segmentation to secure payment card environments.

NEW QUESTION # 92

.....

Hundreds of candidates want to get the CCOA certification exam because it helps them in accelerating their ISACA careers.

Cracking the ISACA Certified Cybersecurity Operations Analyst (CCOA) exam of this credential is vital when it comes to the up gradation of their resume. The CCOA certification exam helps students earn from online work and it also benefits them in order to get a job in any good tech company. The CCOA Exam is on trend but the main problem that every applicant faces while preparing for it is not making the right choice of the CCOA Questions.

CCOA Test Objectives Pdf: <https://www.exams4collection.com/CCOA-latest-braindumps.html>

How our CCOA study questions can help you successfully pass your coming CCOA exam, We also ensure that our support team and the core team of ISACA CCOA Test Objectives Pdf Certified Professionals provide 24/7 services to resolve all your issues, We offer you free demo for CCOA Soft test engine, you can have a try before buying so that you can have a better understanding of what you are going to buy, ISACA CCOA Exam Preparation If you have any doubt about this, we will provide you professional personnel to remotely guide the installation and use.

This chapter also outlines the secure interoperability requirements CCOA that exist between various application servers, There are a

DOWNLOAD the newest Exams4Collection CCOA PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1qMGenF3-XXojOZ57owjqGvv4qqAbHLL6>