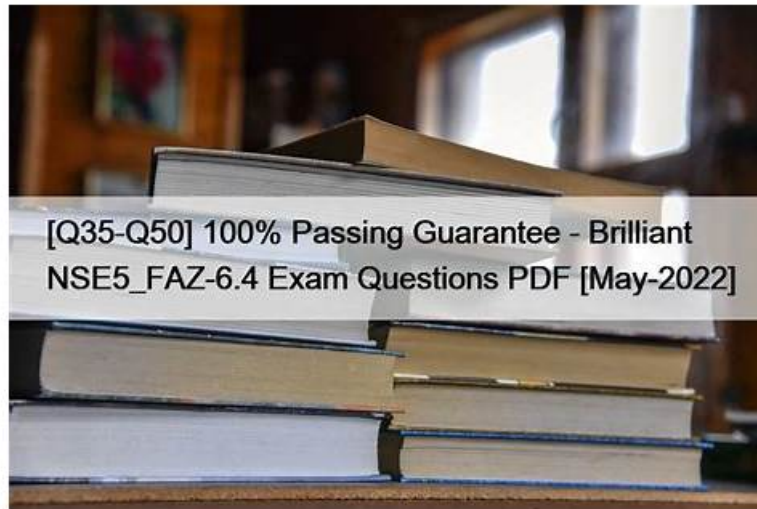


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Fortinet NSE 5 - FortiSASE and SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

NEW QUESTION # 29

Refer to the exhibit.

Diagnose output

```
fgt_1 # diagnose sys sdwan service4

Service(1): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(priority),
link-cost-factor(latency), link-cost-threshold(10), health-check(Corp_HC)
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(2 port2 underlay), alive, latency: 0.906, selected
  2: Seq_num(1 port1 underlay), alive, latency: 1.079, selected
Application Control(2): Microsoft.Portals(41469,0) Business(0,29)
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Service(2): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(1):
  1: Seq_num(2 port2 underlay), alive, selected
Application Control(2): Social.Media(0,23) General.Interest(0,12)
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Service(2): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(1):
  1: Seq_num(2 port2 underlay), alive, selected
Application Control(2): Social.Media(0,23) General.Interest(0,12)
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(sla
hash-mode-round-robin)
Members(3):
  1: Seq_num(4 HQ_T1 overlay), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(0),
local cost(0), selected
  2: Seq_num(5 HQ_T2 overlay), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(1),
local cost(0), selected
  3: Seq_num(6 HQ_T3 overlay), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(2),
local cost(0), selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255
```

The exhibit shows output of the command `diagnose sys sdwan service` collected on a FortiGate device.

The administrator wants to know through which interface FortiGate will steer traffic from local users on subnet 10.0.1.0/255.255.255.192 and with a destination of the social media application Facebook.

Based on the exhibits, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate steers traffic for social media applications according to the service rule 2 and steers traffic through port2.
- B. There is no service defined for the Facebook application, so FortiGate applies service rule 3 and directs the traffic to headquarters.
- C. When FortiGate cannot recognize the application of the flow, it steers the traffic through the preferred member of rule 3, HQ_T1.
- D. When FortiGate cannot recognize the application of the flow, it load balances the traffic through the tunnels HQ_T1, HQ_T2, HQ_T3.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

"If a flow is identified as belonging to a defined application category (such as social media), FortiGate will match it to the corresponding service rule (rule 2) and route it through the specified interface, such as port2.

However, if the application is not recognized during the session setup, the system defaults to load balancing the traffic using the available tunnels according to the policy for unclassified traffic, ensuring continuous connectivity while waiting for application classification." This guarantees both performance and resilience.

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which two statements about configuring a steering bypass destination in FortiSASE are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. Apply condition can be set only to On-net or Off-net. but not both
- B. Apply condition allows split tunneling destinations to be applied to On-net, off-net, or both types of endpoints
- C. You can select from four destination types: Infrastructure, FQDN, Local Application, or Subnet
- D. Subnet is the only destination type that supports the Apply condition

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

According to the FortiSASE 7.6 Feature Administration Guide, steering bypass destinations (also known as split tunneling) allow administrators to optimize bandwidth by redirecting specific trusted traffic away from the SASE tunnel to the endpoint's local physical interface.

* Destination Types (Option C): When creating a bypass destination, administrators can select from four distinct types: Infrastructure (pre-defined apps like Zoom/O365), FQDN (specific domains), Local Application (identifying processes on the laptop), or Subnet (specific IP ranges).

* Apply Condition (Option B): The "Apply" condition is a flexible setting that allows the administrator to choose when the bypass is active. It can be applied to endpoints that are On-net (inside the office), Off-net (remote), or Both. This ensures that if a user is in the office, they don't use the SASE tunnel for local resources, but if they are home, they might still bypass high-bandwidth sites like YouTube to preserve tunnel capacity.

Why other options are incorrect:

* Option A: Subnet is one of four types and is not the only type supporting these conditions.

* Option D: The system explicitly supports "Both" to ensure consistency across network transitions.

NEW QUESTION # 31

Refer to the exhibit.

SD-WAN rule status and configuration

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service4 3

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(43), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(priority),
link-cost-factor(latency), link-cost-threshold(10), health-check(HUB1_HC)
Members(3):
  1: Seq_num(4 HUB1-VPN1 HUB1), alive, latency: 96.349, selected
  2: Seq_num(5 HUB1-VPN2 HUB1), alive, latency: 141.278, selected
  3: Seq_num(6 HUB1-VPN3 HUB1), alive, latency: 190.984, selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt (service) # show
config service
edit 3
  set name "Corp"
  set mode priority
  set dst "Corp-net"
  set src "LAN-net"
  set health-check "HUB1_HC"
  set priority-members 4 5 6
next
```

The SD-WAN rule status and configuration is shown. Based on the exhibit, which change in the measured latency will first make HUB1-VPN3 the new preferred member?

- A. When HUB1-VPN3 has a latency of 90 ms
- **B. When HUB1-VPN3 has a latency of 80 ms**
- C. When HUB1-VPN1 has a latency of 200 ms
- D. When HUB1-VPN3 has a lower latency than HUB1-VPN1 and HUB1-VPN2

Answer: B

Explanation:

According to the SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator study guide and the FortiOS 7.6 Administration Guide, the selection of a preferred member in a Best Quality (priority) rule is determined by the measured quality metric (latency, in this case) and the link-cost-threshold.

* Rule Logic (Best Quality): In the exhibit, the SD-WAN rule is configured with set mode priority, which corresponds to the Best Quality strategy. This strategy ranks members based on the link-cost- factor, which is set to latency.

* The Link-Cost-Threshold: The exhibit shows link-cost-threshold(10), which is the default 10% value.

This threshold is designed to prevent "link flapping". To replace the current preferred member, a new member must not only have a better latency but must be better by more than 10%.

* The Calculation:

* The current preferred member is HUB1-VPN1 with a real latency of 96.349 ms.

* To calculate the "target" latency a lower-priority member must achieve to take over, we use the formula: $\text{Target} = \frac{\text{Current Latency}}{1 + \frac{\text{Threshold}}{100}}$.

* $\frac{96.349}{1.1} = 87.59 \text{ ms}$.

* Evaluating Options:

* Option A (80 ms): Since 80 ms is lower than the required 87.59 ms target, HUB1-VPN3 successfully overcomes the 10% advantage of HUB1-VPN1 and becomes the new preferred member.

* Option D (90 ms): While 90 ms is lower than 96.349 ms, it is not lower than 87.59 ms. Therefore, the 10% threshold prevents a member switch, and HUB1-VPN1 remains preferred.

* Option B: Incorrect because having a "lower" latency is not enough due to the 10% threshold.

* Option C: If HUB1-VPN1 moved to 200 ms, HUB1-VPN2 (at 141.278 ms) would likely become the new preferred member before HUB1-VPN3 (at 190.984 ms).

NEW QUESTION # 32

Diagnose output

```

fgt_A # diagnose sys sdwan service4

Service(1): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x4200 use-shortcut-sla use-shortcut
Tie break: cfg
Shortcut priority: 2
Gen(8), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0): src(1->65535):dst(1->65535), Mode(sla), sla-compare-order
Members(3):
  1: Seq_num(4 HUB1-VPN1 HUB1), alive, sla(0x1), gid(0), cfg_order(0), local_cost(0), selected
  2: Seq_num(6 HUB1-VPN3 HUB1), alive, sla(0x1), gid(0), cfg_order(1), local_cost(0), selected
  3: Seq_num(5 HUB1-VPN2 HUB1), alive, sla(0x0), gid(0), cfg_order(2), local_cost(0), selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

fgt_A # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep HUB1
Member(4): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB1-VPN1, flags=0xd may_child, gateway: 100.64.1.1,
peer: 192.168.1.29, source 192.168.1.1, priority: 15 1024, weight: 0
Member(5): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB1-VPN2, flags=0xd may_child, gateway: 100.64.1.9,
peer: 192.168.1.61, source 192.168.1.1, priority: 10 1024, weight: 0
Member(6): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB1-VPN3, flags=0xd may_child, gateway: 172.16.1.5,
peer: 192.168.1.93, source 192.168.1.65, priority: 1 1024, weight: 0

fgt_A # get router info routing-table all | grep HUB1
S      10.0.0.0/8 [10/0] via HUB1-VPN3 tunnel 172.16.1.5, [1/0]
B      10.0.3.0/24 [200/0] via 192.168.1.2 [3] (recursive is directly connected, HUB1-VPN1), 04:11:41, [1/0]
        [200/0] via 192.168.1.34 [3] (recursive is directly connected, HUB1-VPN2), 04:11:41, [1/0]
B      10.1.0.0/24 [200/0] via 192.168.1.29 (recursive via HUB1-VPN1 tunnel 100.64.1.1), 04:11:42, [1/0]
        [200/0] via 192.168.1.61 (recursive via HUB1-VPN2 tunnel 100.64.1.9), 04:11:42, [1/0]
        [200/0] via 192.168.1.93 (recursive via HUB1-VPN3 tunnel 172.16.1.5), 04:11:42, [1/0]

```

An administrator is troubleshooting SD-WAN on FortiGate. A device behind branch1_fgt generates traffic to the 10.0.0.0/8 network. The administrator expects the traffic to match SD-WAN rule ID 1 and be routed over HUB1-VPN1. However, the traffic

is routed over HUB1-VPN3.

Based on the output shown in the exhibit, which two reasons, individually or together, could explain the observed behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. HUB1-VPN1 does not have a valid route to the destination.
- B. HUB1-VPN3 has a lower route priority value (higher priority) than HUB1-VPN1.
- C. HUB1-VPN3 has a higher member configuration priority than HUB1-VPN1.
- D. The traffic matches a regular policy route configured with HUB1-VPN3 as the outgoing device.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

According to the SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator curriculum and the diagnostic outputs shown in the exhibit, the reason traffic is steered to HUB1-VPN3 instead of the expected HUB1-VPN1 (defined in SD-WAN rule ID 1) can be explained by two core routing principles in FortiOS:

* Valid Route Requirement (Option A): In the `diagnose sys sdwan service 4` output (which corresponds to Rule ID 1), it shows the rule has members HUB1-VPN1, HUB1-VPN2, and HUB1-VPN3. A key principle of SD-WAN steering is that for a member to be "selectable" by a rule, it must have a valid route to the destination in the routing table (RIB/FIB). If the routing table output (the third section of the exhibit) shows a route to 10.0.0.0/8 via HUB1-VPN3 but not through HUB1-VPN1, the SD-WAN engine will skip HUB1-VPN1 entirely because it is considered a "non-reachable" path for that specific destination.

* Policy Route Precedence (Option D): In the FortiOS route lookup hierarchy, Regular Policy Routes (PBR) are evaluated before SD-WAN rules. If an administrator has configured a traditional Policy Route (found under `Network > Policy Routes`) that matches traffic destined for 10.0.0.0/8 and specifies HUB1-VPN3 as the outgoing interface, the FortiGate will forward the packet based on that policy route and will never evaluate the SD-WAN rules for that session. This "bypass" occurs regardless of whether the SD-WAN rule would have chosen a "better" link.

Why other options are incorrect:

* Option B: While member configuration priority (`cfg_order`) is a tie-breaker in some strategies, the SD-WAN rule logic is only applied if the routing table allows it or if a higher-priority policy route doesn't intercept the traffic first.

* Option C: Lower route priority (which means higher preference in the RIB) affects the Implicit Rule (standard routing). However, SD-WAN rules are designed to override RIB priority for matching traffic.

If HUB1-VPN1 was a valid candidate and no Policy Route existed, the SD-WAN rule would typically ignore RIB priority to enforce its own steering strategy.

NEW QUESTION # 33

A FortiGate device is in production. To optimize WAN link use and improve redundancy, you enable and configure SD-WAN.

What must you do as part of this configuration update process? (Choose one answer)

- A. Replace references to interfaces used as SD-WAN members in the firewall policies.
- B. Disable the interface that you want to use as an SD-WAN member.
- C. Purchase and install the SD-WAN license, and reboot the FortiGate device.
- D. Replace references to interfaces used as SD-WAN members in the routing configuration.

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator study guide and the FortiOS 7.6 Administration Guide, when you are migrating a production FortiGate to use SD-WAN, the most critical step involves reconfiguring how traffic is permitted and routed.

* Reference Removal Requirement: Before an interface (such as `wan1` or `wan2`) can be added as an SD-WAN member, it must be "unreferenced" in most parts of the FortiGate configuration. Specifically, if an interface is currently being used in an active Firewall Policy, the system will prevent you from adding it to the SD-WAN bundle.

* Firewall Policy Migration (Option A): In a production environment, you must replace the references to the physical interfaces in your firewall policies with the new SD-WAN virtual interface (or an SD-WAN Zone). For example, if your previous policy allowed traffic from internal to `wan1`, you must update that policy so the Outgoing Interface is now SD-WAN. This allows the SD-WAN engine to take over the traffic and apply its steering rules.

* Modern Tools: While this used to be a purely manual process, FortiOS 7.x includes an Interface Migration Wizard (found under `Network > Interfaces`). This tool automates the "search and replace" function, moving all existing policy and routing references from the physical port to the SD-WAN object to ensure minimal downtime.

Why other options are incorrect:

* Option B: While you do need to update your routing (e.g., creating a static route for 0.0.0.0/0 pointing to the SD-WAN interface), the curriculum specifically emphasizes the replacement of references in firewall policies as the primary administrative hurdle, as

policies are often more numerous and complex than the single static route required for SD-WAN.

* Option C: You don't need to disable the interface. It must be up and configured, just removed from other configuration references so it can be "absorbed" into the SD-WAN bundle.

* Option D: SD-WAN is a base feature of FortiOS and does not require a separate license or a reboot to enable.

NEW QUESTION # 34

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