

# D-PVM-OE-01 Lead2pass Review & D-PVM-OE-01 Latest Exam Experience

Latest Version: 6.0

## Question: 1

You have completed a review of your current security baseline policy. In order to minimize financial, legal, and reputational damage, the baseline configuration requires that infrastructure be categorized for the BIA.

Which categorizations are necessary for the BIA?

Response:

- A. Mission critical and business critical only
- B. Mission critical, safety critical, and business critical
- C. Security critical, safety critical, and business critical
- D. Mission critical and safety critical only

Answer: B

## Question: 2

What is the purpose of the Asset Management category?

Response:

- A. Prevent unauthorized access, damage, and interference to business premises and information
- B. Support asset management strategy and information infrastructure security policies
- C. Avoid breaches of any criminal or civil law, statutory, regulatory, or contractual obligations
- D. Inventory physical devices and systems, software platform and applications, and communication flows

Answer: D

## Question: 3

At what cyber kill chain stage do attackers use malware to exploit specific software or hardware vulnerabilities on the target, based on the information retrieved at the reconnaissance stage?

Response:

- A. Installation
- B. Reconnaissance
- C. Weaponization
- D. Delivery

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PVM-OE-01 exam questions accordingly, so all points are highly fresh about in compliance with the syllabus of the exam. Our D-PVM-OE-01 Exam Materials can help you realize it. To those time-sensitive exam candidates, our high-efficient D-PVM-OE-01 study questions comprised of important news will be best help.

## EMC D-PVM-OE-01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerMax Family Monitoring and Workload Planning: This section of the exam measures the skills of Performance Analysts and focuses on monitoring storage environments and workload planning using Unisphere for PowerMax. Candidates must understand how to track performance metrics, detect issues, and optimize workloads to enhance storage efficiency. One key skill tested is monitoring storage health through Unisphere.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerMax Family Management in a Virtual Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Virtualization Engineers and evaluates the integration of PowerMax storage in virtualized environments. Candidates must understand VMware vSphere, the functionalities of Virtual Storage Integrator (VSI), and how to monitor virtualized workloads using Unisphere for PowerMax. One critical skill assessed is tracking virtual machine storage performance.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerMax Family Local and Remote Replication Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of Backup and Recovery Specialists and covers the features and functionalities of TimeFinder SnapVX. Candidates must differentiate between SnapVX snapshots and clones while understanding their role in data protection. One key skill assessed is comparing the use cases of snapshots and clones.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerMax Family Storage Provisioning: This section of the exam measures the skills of Storage Administrators and covers the architecture, configurations, and management of the PowerMax family. Candidates must understand system models, port and device management, and provisioning methods using Unisphere for PowerMax. They are expected to perform service level-based provisioning and allocate storage through auto-provisioning groups. One key skill assessed is configuring storage using Unisphere for PowerMax.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unisphere for PowerMax 10 Implementation and Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Administrators and covers the implementation and management of Unisphere for PowerMax. Candidates must understand the installation process, post-installation tasks, and interface navigation to efficiently operate the platform. One key skill evaluated is setting up Unisphere for PowerMax.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerMaxOS 10 Data Mobility: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Migration Specialists and covers data mobility and migration features in PowerMaxOS 10. Candidates must understand the benefits of non-disruptive migration and be able to perform migrations using Unisphere for PowerMax. One key skill assessed is executing non-disruptive data migrations.</li> </ul>

## EMC Dell Technologies PowerMax Operate Sample Questions (Q146-Q151):

### NEW QUESTION # 146

A Storage Group is serving host read/write I/O. The Storage Administrator started an MDM migration and ran a symdm sync -stop command, putting the migration in a CutoverNoSync migration state. Where does the customer data in the Storage Group reside?

- A. Only the target array
- B. Only on the source array
- C. On both the source and the target array

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Step by Step Comprehensive Detailed Explanation:

In an MDM (Migration for Dell EMC) migration, data is moved from a source array to a target array. When the symdm sync -stop command is issued, it puts the migration into the CutoverNoSync state. This state signifies that:

- \* Synchronization Stopped: Active data synchronization between the source and target arrays has been stopped.
- \* Data on Both Arrays: However, the customer data still resides on both the source and target arrays. This is because the CutoverNoSync state is a transitional state that allows for a controlled cutover to the target array.
- The next step would typically involve a cutover operation, where host access is switched to the target array, and the source array is removed from the migration configuration.
- Why other options are incorrect:
  - \* A. Only the target array: While the goal is to eventually have the data only on the target, in the CutoverNoSync state, data still exists on both arrays.
  - \* B. Only on the source array: Data has already been partially or fully copied to the target array during the migration process.
- References and documents of Dell's public documentation for PowerMax Operate v.2:
  - \* Dell Solutions Enabler 10.0.0 CLI User Guide: This guide provides detailed information about the symdm command and its various options, including the sync -stop command and the CutoverNoSync state. You can find this document on the Dell Support website by searching for "Solutions Enabler CLI User Guide."
  - \* Dell PowerMax Family: Essentials and Best Practices Guide: This guide may offer general information about data migration and the different states involved in the process.

## NEW QUESTION # 147

What function can a storage administrator enable on the Port Attributes page?

- A. ORS Ceiling
- B. Manage Protocol
- **C. Select Mgt Option**
- D. Volume Set Addressing

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Step by Step Comprehensive Detailed Explanation:

The Port Attributes page in Unisphere for PowerMax allows storage administrators to configure various settings related to the front-end ports on the storage array. One of the functions available on this page is Select Mgt Option.

This option allows you to specify how the port is used for management purposes:

\* Dedicated Management Port: You can designate a port as a dedicated management port, which is used exclusively for communication with management tools like Unisphere and Solutions Enabler.

\* Shared Management Port: You can configure a port to be shared for both management traffic and host I/O traffic.

This flexibility allows you to optimize port usage and segregate management traffic if needed.

Why other options are incorrect:

\* A. Manage Protocol: Protocol settings (like FC or iSCSI) are typically configured elsewhere in Unisphere, not on the Port Attributes page.

\* C. Volume Set Addressing: Volume Set Addressing is a feature related to mainframe connectivity and is not directly managed through the Port Attributes page.

\* D. ORS Ceiling: ORS (Open Replicator Solutions) settings are managed separately and not through the Port Attributes page.

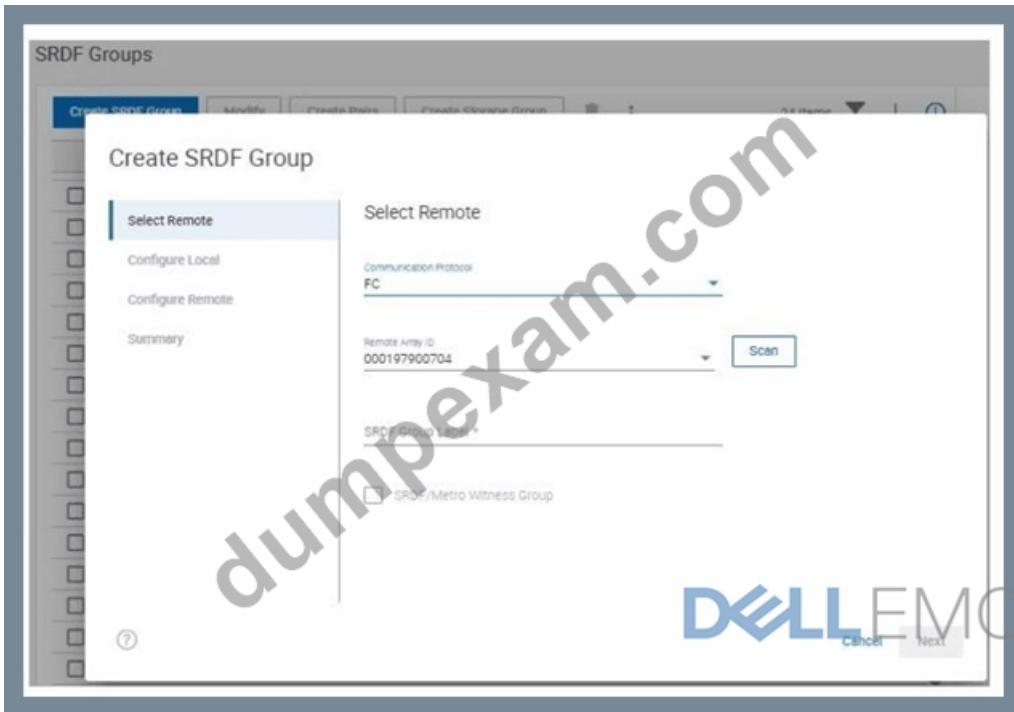
References and documents of Dell's public documentation for PowerMax Operate v.2:

\* Dell Unisphere for PowerMax 10.0.0 Online Help: The online help for Unisphere provides detailed information about the Port Attributes page and the available configuration options, including the "Select Mgt Option" function. You can access this help within Unisphere itself or on the Dell Support website.

\* Dell PowerMax Family: Essentials and Best Practices Guide: This guide may offer general information about port management and configuration in PowerMax.

## NEW QUESTION # 148

Refer to the exhibit.



SRDF/Metro has been configured between two arrays using a physical witness.

When creating a new SRDF group for the configuration, why is the option to create an SRDF/Metro Witness Group greyed out?

- A. SRDF/Metro Witness Groups can only be created with CLI.
- B. The SRDF Group Label needs to be left blank when creating an SRDF/Metro Witness Group
- C. There can only be one SRDF/Metro Witness Group between two arrays

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Step by Step Comprehensive Detailed Explanation:

SRDF/Metro is a high-availability solution that provides synchronous replication between two storage arrays located within a metropolitan distance. It utilizes a witness to prevent data loss in the event of a split-brain scenario (where communication between the arrays is lost).

In SRDF/Metro, there can be only one Witness Group defined between two specific arrays. This Witness Group manages the witness device that acts as a tie-breaker in case of a communication failure between the arrays.

Since the exhibit shows that SRDF/Metro has already been configured between the two arrays using a physical witness, the option to create another SRDF/Metro Witness Group is grayed out because a Witness Group already exists for that pair of arrays.

Why other options are incorrect:

\* B. SRDF/Metro Witness Groups can only be created with CLI: While CLI can be used, Witness Groups can also be created through Unisphere for PowerMax.

\* C. The SRDF Group Label needs to be left blank when creating an SRDF/Metro Witness Group:

This is not a requirement. Witness Groups can have labels.

References and documents of Dell's public documentation for PowerMax Operate v.2:

\* Dell Solutions Enabler 10.0.0 SRDF Family CLI User Guide: This guide provides detailed information about SRDF/Metro configuration, including the role of the witness and the Witness Group.

You can find this document on the Dell Support website by searching for "Solutions Enabler SRDF Family CLI User Guide."

\* Dell PowerMax Family: Essentials and Best Practices Guide: This guide offers a comprehensive overview of SRDF/Metro and its functionalities, including witness configuration and best practices.

## NEW QUESTION # 149

A company is setting up a multi-tenant environment where multiple departments share the same storage array with SID 1762. The IT department requires 2 TB of storage to be available on the ESXi1 host. Use "ESXi1\_SG" for the storage group name, create a port group with Dir- Ports "OR-1C:0 and OR-2C:0," and leave all other settings at their default.

□ Using the simulator, provision the storage required with a single volume using auto-provisioning groups.

**Answer:**

#### Explanation:

See the explanation for step by step solution.

#### Explanation:

We need to provision 2 TB of storage to the ESXi1 host on a PowerMax array (SID 1762) using Unisphere, in a multi-tenant environment. We'll use auto-provisioning with the following specifics:

- \* Storage Group Name:ESXi1\_SG
- \* Port Group:(A new port group with Directors OR-1C:0 and OR-2C:0)
- \* Volume Size:2 TB (single volume)
- \* Other Settings:Default

Here are the step-by-step instructions, tailored for the Unisphere simulator as described in the question:

#### Steps:

1. Launch the Simulator and Navigate to Storage Groups

- \* Open Unisphere for PowerMax in your web browser.
- \* You should already be logged in to the simulator, with the PowerMax array with SID 1762.

\* In the left-hand navigation pane, click onStorage>Storage Groups.

2. Initiate Storage Group Creation

- \* Click theCreatebutton (likely a plus "+" icon) in the Storage Groups section to start the Create Storage Group wizard.

3. Name the Storage Group

- \* In the "Create Storage Group" wizard:

\* Storage Group Name:Enter ESXi1\_SG.

\* Enable FAST/Service Level:Do not check this option, as we are leaving all other settings at their default.

\* ClickNextorContinue(the exact wording might vary).

4. Add Volumes

- \* Ensure "Create new volumes" is selected.

\* Number of Volumes:Enter 1.

\* Volume Size:

\* Enter 2.

\* Select TB from the dropdown for the unit.

\* ClickNext.

5. Create the Port Group

- \* You should now be on the "Connectivity" or "Host" step, where you will add a new port group.

\* Select "Create Port Group"

\* Port Group Name:Give the new port group a name. You can use something descriptive like "ESXi1\_PG," or any name that follows your organization's naming conventions.

\* Select Ports:

\* Find and select the following Directors and ports from the list of available ports:

\* OR-1C:0

\* OR-2C:0

\* Note:The simulator may not allow you to highlight the exact director ports as in a production environment. It will likely display all directors and ports under the selected array. Just ensure they are selected as part of the port group.

\* ClickNext.

6. Add host to the Masking View

\* Select "Add Host"

\* Select "Create New Host"

\* Host Name:ESXi1

\* Initiators:You don't have specific initiators to add in this simulation, so you can skip this part or add any from the available options. This is because we are working within a simulated environment.

\* ClickNext

7. Review and Create

\* You'll be presented with a summary page that shows:

\* Storage Group: ESXi1\_SG

\* Volume: 1 x 2 TB volume

\* Port Group: (The new port group you created with OR-1C:0 and OR-2C:0)

\* Host: ESXi1

\* Carefully review all the settings to make sure they are correct.

\* ClickRun NoworFinish(or similar wording) to create the storage group, volume, port group, and masking view.

8. Verification (Optional)

\* After the operation completes, you can verify the results:

\* Go back to theStorage Groupslist. You should see the ESXi1\_SG storage group.

\* Click on ESXi1\_SG to view its details. You should see the 2 TB volume and the associated host (ESXi1) and port group.

- \* You can also navigate to **Hosts>Port Groups** to verify that the new port group was created correctly.
- \* Finally, you can navigate to **Hosts>Masking Views** to verify that a masking view was created correctly.

## NEW QUESTION # 150

A customer has an existing host with two 100 GB volumes that are assigned from existing PowerMax storage. They would like to add three additional volumes of 100 GB each and change the service level that is assigned to the storage group from Gold to Platinum to support the current application SLO requirements.

□

### Answer:

Explanation:

See the explanation for step by step solution.

Explanation:

You want a detailed, step-by-step guide on how to add three 100 GB volumes to an existing host and change the service level of the associated storage group from Gold to Platinum on a PowerMax array, using the Unisphere for PowerMax interface shown in the image.

Here's a comprehensive guide, broken down into manageable steps:

Phase 1: Provisioning the New Volumes

Step 1: Log in to Unisphere for PowerMax

- \* Open your web browser and enter the URL for your Unisphere for PowerMax management interface.

- \* Log in with your administrator credentials.

Step 2: Navigate to Storage Groups

- \* In the left-hand navigation pane, click on **Storage** to expand the storage management section.

- \* Click on **Storage Groups** under the **Storage** section. This will display a list of existing storage groups on your PowerMax array.

Step 3: Locate the Target Storage Group

- \* Identify the storage group that currently contains the host's existing two 100 GB volumes.

- \* Tip: You can find this by:

- \* Looking at the "Hosts" tab within each storage group's details. It will list the hosts connected to that storage group.

- \* If you know the host's name, you might be able to search for it using the Unisphere search bar (if available).

Step 4: Initiate Adding Volumes

- \* Once you've found the correct storage group, select it by clicking on its name.

- \* Look for a button or option related to adding volumes. The exact wording might vary slightly depending on your Unisphere version, but it could be:

- \* "Add to Storage Group"

- \* "+" (a plus icon, which often signifies adding something)

- \* "Add Volumes"

- \* Click this button to start the process of adding new volumes to the storage group.

Step 5: Configure Volume Details

- \* A new window or panel will appear, allowing you to specify the characteristics of the new volumes.

- \* Select "Create new volumes"

- \* Number of Volumes: Enter 3 in the field for the number of volumes.

- \* Capacity: Enter 100 in the field for the capacity of each volume. Make sure the unit is set to GB.

- \* Volume Name (Optional): You can give the volumes a specific name or prefix, or you can let Unisphere auto-generate names.

- \* Service Level: Since the final goal is to move the entire Storage Group to platinum, you can either set this to platinum now or change it for the whole group later.

- \* Other Settings: Review any other available settings (e.g., thin provisioning, data reduction). In most cases, the default settings should be fine, but adjust them if needed based on your environment's best practices.

Step 6: Execute Volume Creation

- \* After you've configured all the volume settings, review them carefully to make sure they are correct.

- \* Click the button to execute the operation. This button might be labeled:

- \* "Run Now"

- \* "OK"

- \* "Finish"

- \* "Apply"

- \* Unisphere will start creating the new volumes. This might take a few moments.

Phase 2: Changing the Storage Group's Service Level

Step 7: Navigate Back to Storage Groups

- \* Once the volume creation is complete, go back to the list of storage groups. You can usually do this by clicking "Storage Groups" in the left-hand navigation pane again.

#### Step 8: Select the Target Storage Group

- \* Find the same storage group you worked with in Phase 1 (the one containing the host's volumes).
- \* Click on the storage group's name to open its properties.

#### Step 9: Modify the Service Level

- \* Look for a setting related to the "Service Level." It might be a dropdown menu, a field you can edit, or a link to a separate settings page.

- \* Change the Service Level from Gold to Platinum.

#### Step 10: Save the Changes

- \* Click the button to save the changes to the storage group's service level. This button might be labeled:
  - \* "Apply"
  - \* "Save"
  - \* "OK"

#### Phase 3: Host-Side Configuration

##### Step 11: Rescan for New Storage on the Host

- \* The host needs to be made aware of the newly provisioned storage. The exact process for this depends on the host's operating system:

- \* Windows:

- \* Open Disk Management (diskmgmt.msc).

- \* Go to Action > Rescan Disks.

- \* Linux:

- \* Identify the SCSI host bus numbers (e.g., ls /sys/class/scsi\_host).

- \* Use the command echo "- - -" > /sys/class/scsi\_host/hostX/scan, replacing hostX with the appropriate host bus number.

- \* You might also be able to use tools like rescan-scsi-bus.sh.

- \* VMware ESXi:

- \* In the vSphere Client, select the host.

- \* Go to Configure > Storage Adapters.

- \* Select the relevant storage adapter (e.g., your HBA).

- \* Click Rescan Storage.

##### Step 12: Initialize, Partition and Mount (if needed):

- \* Once the host detects the new volumes, you'll need to initialize them, create partitions, format them with a filesystem, and mount them, depending on your operating system and how you intend to use the storage. This is done using the host's operating system tools.

#### Phase 4: Verification and Monitoring

##### Step 13: Verify in Unisphere

- \* Go back to the storage group in Unisphere and check the "Volumes" tab. You should see the three new 100 GB volumes listed along with the original two, and they should all have the "Platinum" service level.

##### Step 14: Verify on the Host

- \* Confirm that the host can see and access the new volumes.

##### Step 15: Monitor Performance

- \* After making these changes, monitor the performance of the storage group and the application using Unisphere's performance monitoring tools. Ensure that the Platinum service level is meeting your application's requirements.

## NEW QUESTION # 151

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