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WGU Cybersecurity Architecture and Engineering (KFO1/D488) Sample Questions (Q129-Q134):

NEW QUESTION # 129

Which is true about access rights?

- A. They limit users to permitted items.
- B. They are part of the System Development Life Cycle.
- C. They require the use of a compiler.
- D. They are defined by the machine language.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Access rights are critical components of access control mechanisms in information security. They specify what actions users or systems can perform on specific resources, limiting them to only permitted items.

* Definition: Access rights, also known as permissions, are rules that define the allowed actions on a resource (e.g., read, write, execute).

* Implementation: Access rights are typically implemented using Access Control Lists (ACLs), Role-Based Access Control (RBAC), or other access control models.

* Purpose: The main goal is to enforce the principle of least privilege, ensuring that users can only access the resources necessary for their role.

References

* NIST Special Publication 800-53

* ISO/IEC 27001:2013

* "Computer Security: Principles and Practice" by William Stallings

NEW QUESTION # 130

What is the purpose of the feature that allows only one user to modify a document at a time in collaboration software?

- **A. Data integrity**
- B. Data accessibility
- C. Data confidentiality
- D. Data availability

Answer: A

Explanation:

* The feature in collaboration software that allows only one user to modify a document at a time ensures data integrity.

* Data integrity refers to the accuracy and consistency of data over its lifecycle.

* By restricting modification access to one user at a time, the system prevents concurrent changes that could lead to data conflicts or corruption.

* The other options:

* Data availability ensures data is accessible when needed.

* Data confidentiality ensures data is protected from unauthorized access.

* Data accessibility refers to the ease of accessing data.

* Therefore, ensuring data integrity is the purpose of this feature.

References:

* "Database Systems: The Complete Book" by Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, and Jennifer Widom, which discusses data integrity.

* "Collaborative Computing: Theory, Practice, and Tools" by Vladimir Dimitrov, which covers features in collaboration software.

NEW QUESTION # 131

A cloud hosting provider is concerned about the potential risks associated with attacks that target the confidentiality and integrity of sensitive data stored on its servers' volatile memory. The provider has decided to implement hardening techniques and endpoint security controls to mitigate the risk.

Which hardening technique will meet the needs of this provider?

- A. Conducting regular security awareness training for all employees
- B. Implementing a next-generation antivirus system to detect and prevent malware attacks
- **C. Implementing secure encrypted enclaves and AMD Secure Memory Encryption**
- D. Enforcing a strong password complexity policy for all user accounts

Answer: C

Explanation:

To protect data in use (within memory), the provider must implement hardware-level memory encryption and trusted execution environments (secure enclaves), which protect against cold boot attacks, memory scraping, and unauthorized access.

NIST SP 800-207A (Hardware-Enabled Security: Enclaves):

"Trusted execution environments and memory encryption mechanisms help ensure that data remains protected even when systems

are compromised at lower levels." This is a modern cloud security best practice especially useful for confidential computing environments.

#WGU Course Alignment:

Domain: System Security Engineering / Cryptography

Topic: Protect data in use with hardware-based encryption and enclaves

NEW QUESTION # 132

Which software allows the user to easily access the hardware of a computer?

- **A. Operating system**
- B. Application
- C. FTP client
- D. Productivity

Answer: A

Explanation:

The operating system (OS) is the primary software that manages all the hardware and other software on a computer. It acts as an intermediary between users and the computer hardware. The OS handles basic tasks such as controlling and allocating memory, prioritizing system requests, controlling input and output devices, facilitating networking, and managing files. Examples include Windows, macOS, and Linux.

NEW QUESTION # 133

A company is preparing to test its disaster recovery plan, which includes procedures for restoring critical systems in the event of a disruption. The company wants to conduct a test that is as close to a real disaster as possible without actually disrupting business operations.

Which disaster recovery test will meet the needs of the company?

- **A. Parallel simulation test**
- B. Walk-through test
- C. Tabletop exercise
- D. Full interruption test

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is B - Parallel simulation test.

WGU Cybersecurity Architecture and Engineering (KFO1 / D488) defines a parallel simulation test as simulating a disaster recovery process where systems are restored at an alternate site without actually taking the primary systems offline. It allows organizations to test full restoration capabilities while avoiding disruption of live operations.

Walk-throughs (A) and tabletop exercises (D) are lower-impact simulations. Full interruption tests (C) would stop operations, which the company wants to avoid.

Reference Extract from Study Guide:

"Parallel simulation tests validate the ability to recover and operate critical systems at an alternate site without affecting primary business operations."

- WGU Cybersecurity Architecture and Engineering (KFO1 / D488), Disaster Recovery Testing Types

NEW QUESTION # 134

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