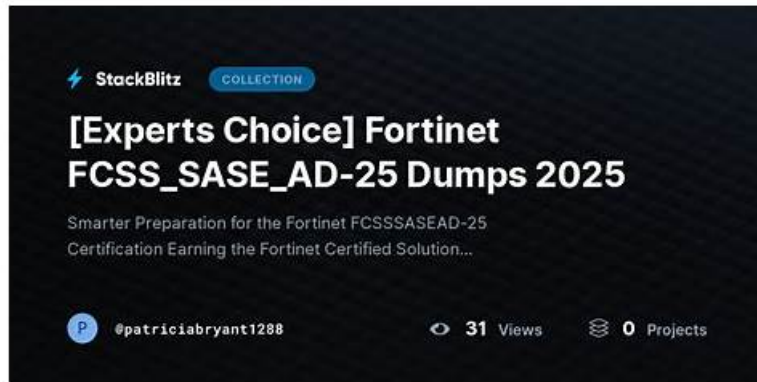


Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25퍼펙트덤프데모문제보기 & FCSS_SASE_AD-25퍼펙트최신버전덤프샘플



BONUS!!! ExamPassdump FCSS_SASE_AD-25 시험 문제집 전체 버전을 무료로 다운로드하세요:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1iGJug-rLtlQQ_q5SSaOgHQBtPoLJp7Mb

우리ExamPassdump 에서 여러분은 아주 간단히Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험을 패스할 수 있습니다. 만약 처음 Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험에 도전한다면 우리의Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험자료를 선택하여 다운받고 고부를 한다면 생각보다는 아주 쉽게Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험을 통과할 수 있으며 무엇보다도 시험시의 자신감 증만에 많은 도움이 됩니다. 다른 자료판매사이트도 많겠지만 저희는 저희 자료에 자신이 있습니다. 우리의 시험자료는 모두 하이퀄리티한 문제와 답으로 구성되었습니다, 그리고 우리는 업데이트를 아주 중요시 생각하기에 어느 사이트보다 더 최신버전을 보실 수 있을것입니다. 우리의Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25자료로 자신만만한 시험 준비하시기를 바랍니다. 우리를 선택함으로써 자신의 시간을 아끼는 셈이라고 생각하시면 됩니다.Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25로 빠른시일내에 자격증 취득하시고FortinetIT업계중에 엘리트한 전문가되시기를 바랍니다.

Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SASE Deployment: This section of the exam measures the knowledge of Implementation Consultants and focuses on the practical aspects of deploying FortiSASE. Candidates will explore user onboarding methods, configuration of administration settings, and the application of security posture checks with compliance rules. The exam also includes key functions such as SIA, SSA, and SPA, alongside the design of security profiles that perform effective content inspection. By combining these tasks, learners demonstrate readiness to roll out secure and scalable deployments.
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SASE Architecture and Components: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers and introduces the fundamentals of SASE within enterprise environments. Candidates are expected to understand the SASE architecture, identify FortiSASE components, and build deployment cases for real-world scenarios. The content emphasizes how SASE can be integrated into a hybrid network, showcasing secure design principles and the use of FortiSASE capabilities to support business and security objectives.
주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advanced FortiSASE Solutions: This section of the exam measures the expertise of Solution Architects and validates the ability to work with advanced FortiSASE features. It covers deployment of SD-WAN using FortiSASE, implementation of Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA), and the overall role of FortiSASE in optimizing enterprise connectivity. The section highlights how these advanced solutions improve flexibility, enforce zero-trust principles, and extend security controls across distributed networks and cloud systems.
주제 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analytics and Monitoring: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and emphasizes the monitoring and reporting aspects of FortiSASE. Candidates are expected to configure dashboards, logging settings, and analyze reports for user traffic and security issues. Additionally, they must use FortiSASE logs to identify potential threats and provide insights into incidents or abnormal behavior. The focus is on leveraging analytics for operational visibility and strengthening the organization's security posture.

>> Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-25퍼펙트 덤프데모문제 보기 <<

FCSS_SASE_AD-25퍼펙트 최신버전 덤프샘플 - FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험 준비공부

ExamPassdump의Fortinet인증 FCSS_SASE_AD-25덤프는 몇십년간 IT업계에 종사한 전문가들이Fortinet인증 FCSS_SASE_AD-25 실제 시험에 대비하여 제작한 시험준비 공부가이드입니다. Fortinet인증 FCSS_SASE_AD-25덤프공부가이드로 시험준비공부를 하시면 시험패스가 쉬워집니다. 공부하는 시간도 적어지고 다른 공부자료에 투자하는 돈도 줄어듭니다. ExamPassdump의Fortinet인증 FCSS_SASE_AD-25덤프는 Fortinet인증 FCSS_SASE_AD-25시험패스의 특효약입니다.

최신 Secure Access Service Edge FCSS_SASE_AD-25 무료샘플문제 (Q26-Q31):

질문 # 26

Refer to the exhibits.

Jumpbox and Windows-AD are endpoints from the same remote location. Jumpbox can access the internet through FortiSASE, while Windows-AD can no longer access the internet.

Based on the information in the exhibits, which reason explains the outage on Windows-AD?

- A. The device posture for Windows-AD has changed.
- B. The FortiClient version installed on Windows AD does not match the expected version on FortiSASE.
- C. Windows-AD is excluded from FortiSASE management.
- D. The remote VPN user on Windows-AD no longer matches any VPN policy.

정답: A

설명:

The Windows-AD endpoint now has both "FortiSASE-Compliant" and "FortiSASE-Non-Compliant" tags due to failing the antivirus software check. As a result, the Secure Internet Access Policy matches the "Non-Compliant" rule, which is set to Deny, causing the device to lose internet access.

질문 # 27

Refer to the exhibit.

A company has a requirement to inspect all the endpoint internet traffic on FortiSASE, and exclude Google Maps traffic from the FortiSASE VPN tunnel and redirect it to the endpoint physical Interface. Which configuration must you apply to achieve this requirement?

- A. Configure the Google Maps FQDN as a split tunneling destination on the FortiSASE endpoint profile.
- B. Configure a static route with the Google Maps FQDN on the endpoint to redirect traffic
- C. Change the default DNS server configuration on FortiSASE to use the endpoint system DNS.
- D. Exempt the Google Maps FQDN from the endpoint system proxy settings.

정답: A

설명:

To meet the requirement of inspecting all endpoint internet traffic on FortiSASE while excluding Google Maps traffic from the FortiSASE VPN tunnel and redirecting it to the endpoint's physical interface, you should configure split tunneling. Split tunneling allows specific traffic to bypass the VPN tunnel and be routed directly through the endpoint's local interface.

Split Tunneling Configuration:

Split tunneling enables selective traffic to be routed outside the VPN tunnel.

By configuring the Google Maps Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) as a split tunneling destination, you ensure that traffic to Google Maps bypasses the VPN tunnel and uses the endpoint's local interface instead.

Implementation Steps:

Access the FortiSASE endpoint profile configuration.

Add the Google Maps FQDN to the split tunneling destinations list.

This configuration directs traffic intended for Google Maps to bypass the VPN tunnel and be routed directly through the endpoint's physical network interface.

FortiOS 7.2 Administration Guide: Provides details on split tunneling configuration.

FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Explains how to set up and manage split tunneling for specific destinations.

질문 # 28

Refer to the exhibits.

When remote users connected to FortiSASE require access to internal resources on Branch-2, how will traffic be routed?

- A. FortiSASE will use the AD VPN protocol and determine that traffic will be directed to Branch-2 directly, using a dynamic route
- B. FortiSASE will use the AD VPN protocol and determine that traffic will be directed to Branch-2 directly, using a static route
- C. FortiSASE will use the SD-WAN capability and determine that traffic will be directed to HUB-1, which will then route traffic to Branch-2.
- D. FortiSASE will use the SD-WAN capability and determine that traffic will be directed to HUB-2, which will then route traffic to Branch-2.

정답: A

질문 # 29

Which of the following describes the FortiSASE inline-CASB component?

- A. It uses API to connect to the cloud applications.
- B. It is placed directly in the traffic path between the endpoint and cloud applications.
- C. It detects data at rest.
- D. It provides visibility for unmanaged locations and devices.

정답: B

설명:

The FortiSASE inline-CASB (Cloud Access Security Broker) component is designed to provide real-time security and visibility by being placed directly in the traffic path between the endpoint and cloud applications. Inline-CASB inspects traffic as it flows to and from cloud applications, enabling enforcement of security policies, detection of threats, and prevention of unauthorized access. This approach ensures that all interactions with cloud applications are monitored and controlled in real time.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

A. It provides visibility for unmanaged locations and devices: While inline-CASB enhances visibility, its primary function is to inspect and secure traffic in real time. Visibility for unmanaged locations and devices is typically achieved through other components like endpoint agents or API-based CASB.

C. It uses API to connect to the cloud applications: API-based CASB is a different approach that relies on APIs provided by cloud applications to monitor and manage data. Inline-CASB operates directly in the traffic flow rather than using APIs.

D. It detects data at rest: Detecting data at rest is typically handled by Data Loss Prevention (DLP) tools or API-based CASB solutions. Inline-CASB focuses on inspecting traffic in motion, not data stored in cloud applications.

Fortinet FCSS FortiSASE Documentation - Inline-CASB Overview

FortiSASE Administration Guide - Cloud Application Security

질문 # 30

What happens to the logs on FortiSASE that are older than the configured log retention period?

- A. The logs are compressed and archived.
- B. The logs are backed up on FortiCloud.
- C. The logs are indexed and can be stored in a SQL database.
- D. The logs are deleted from FortiSASE.

정답: D

