

# Quiz Microsoft - GH-900 Perfect Valid Test Tutorial

**GH-900** — GITHUB FOUNDATIONS

EXAM 395+  
PRACTICE QUESTION  
EXPLANATIONS

GitHub Foundations  
Certification Program

2025

STRUCTURED TO PASS THE MICROSOFT GH-900 EXAM ON YOUR FIRST TRY  
Master Git, Pull Requests, GitHub Actions & Security

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ABHISHEK PARMAR

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## Microsoft GH-900 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Benefits of the GitHub Community:</b> This section targets Community Managers and Open Source Contributors, focusing on engaging with the GitHub community. Candidates learn to participate in open source projects, utilize GitHub Discussions for collaboration and support, and contribute meaningfully to community-driven projects.</li></ul>

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Working with GitHub Repositories: This domain targets Repository Administrators and Content Managers, focusing on managing repository settings and permissions. Candidates learn to configure repositories, use templates, and effectively manage files by adding, editing, and deleting. The domain also addresses versioning of files and the use of GitHub Desktop for streamlined file management tasks within repositories.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Privacy, Security, and Administration: This domain measures skills of Security Administrators and Organization Managers in securing and administering GitHub environments. It covers ensuring repository security through branch protection rules, using security tools like Dependabot, managing access and permissions at repository and organization levels, creating and managing organizations, setting up organization-level security, and overseeing teams and members.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Project Management: This section is designed for Project Coordinators and Product Managers and focuses on using GitHub Projects for project management. Candidates learn to create and manage GitHub Projects, utilize project boards for organizing tasks, and integrate project workflows with issues and pull requests to maintain project visibility and progress.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to Git and GitHub: This section of the exam measures skills of Junior Developers and Platform Support Specialists and covers the basic understanding of Git and GitHub. It explains what Git is and why it is used, the fundamental Git workflow, and concepts related to repositories including their local and remote distinctions. Candidates learn essential Git commands such as initializing and cloning repositories, adding and committing changes, pushing and pulling updates, and branching and merging. It also covers navigating GitHub by creating accounts, managing repositories, understanding its interface, and working with issues and pull requests.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modern Development: This domain assesses abilities of DevOps Engineers and Continuous Integration Specialists in implementing modern development practices. It emphasizes understanding DevOps principles and leveraging GitHub Actions for automation and CI</li> <li>• CD pipeline implementation. Candidates also learn GitHub's tools and best practices for conducting and managing code reviews.</li> </ul>

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### Microsoft GitHub Foundations Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

#### NEW QUESTION # 35

What is a gist?

- A. Markdown document
- B. GitHub app
- C. Git repository
- D. GitHub Pages site

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

A gist on GitHub is essentially a Git repository, albeit a simplified one, designed for sharing snippets of code, notes, or other text content. Gists support version control and can be public or secret.

Gist as a Git Repository:

Option B is correct because each gist is a Git repository, meaning you can clone it, commit changes, and even fork it, just like any

other Git repository.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because a gist is not an app; it's a feature of GitHub that provides a simplified repository.

Option C is incorrect because while a gist may contain Markdown documents, it is fundamentally a repository that can hold various file types.

Option D is incorrect because GitHub Pages is a separate service for hosting websites, not related to gists.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: About Gists

### NEW QUESTION # 36

Which of the following are advantages of saved replies?

(Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Saved replies will send auto notifications when a user is tagged to an issue.
- B. Saved replies are allocated at the enterprise level for all users.
- C. Saved replies are tied to a GitHub user's personal account.
- D. Saved replies allow you to create a reusable response to issues and pull requests.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

Saved replies in GitHub are a feature that allows users to create and save templates of commonly used responses for issues and pull requests. This feature can significantly enhance productivity and ensure consistent communication.

Saved Replies Are Tied to a User's Personal Account:

Option A is correct because saved replies are specific to a user's GitHub account, meaning they are accessible to the user across all repositories they have access to.

Saved Replies Allow Reusable Responses:

Option C is correct because the primary purpose of saved replies is to allow users to create reusable responses for issues and pull requests, saving time and ensuring consistency.

Incorrect Options:

Option B is incorrect because saved replies are not allocated at the enterprise level; they are specific to individual user accounts.

Option D is incorrect because saved replies do not send auto notifications; they are manually inserted by the user when responding to issues or pull requests.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Using Saved Replies

### NEW QUESTION # 37

Who can be assigned to an Issue or pull request?

(Each answer presents a complete solution. Choose two.)

- A. Anyone who has a personal GitHub account
- B. Anyone who has commented on the Issue or pull request
- C. Anyone who has an enterprise GitHub account
- D. Anyone with write permissions to the repository

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

In GitHub, issues and pull requests (PRs) are essential tools for managing work and collaboration in a project. Assigning individuals to these issues or PRs is a way to indicate responsibility for addressing the issue or completing the PR.

Anyone with write permissions to the repository:

Users who have write permissions to a repository can be assigned to issues and pull requests. Write permissions allow users to push changes to the repository, create branches, and modify issues and pull requests. Assigning them to an issue or PR ensures they are recognized as responsible for the task.

Anyone who has commented on the Issue or pull request:

GitHub allows you to assign issues or pull requests to users who have already engaged with the discussion by commenting on it. This feature is particularly useful for quickly assigning tasks to those who are already involved in the conversation.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because having an enterprise GitHub account alone does not necessarily grant the ability to be assigned to

issues or PRs. Permission to assign is based on repository-specific roles and permissions.

Option C is incorrect because not all personal GitHub accounts can be assigned to issues or PRs. The user needs either write permissions to the repository or must have commented on the issue or PR.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Assigning Issues and Pull Requests

GitHub Docs: Permission Levels for a Repository

This detailed explanation provides clarity on GitHub's assignment mechanics for issues and pull requests, reflecting the platform's collaborative nature.

### NEW QUESTION # 38

What are two recommended ways of improving the discoverability of a repository?

(Each answer presents a complete solution. Choose two.)

- A. Register the repository with GitHub search.
- B. Add labels to categorize the repository.
- C. Create a README file describing the repository.
- D. Add topics to classify the repository.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

Two recommended ways to improve the discoverability of a repository on GitHub are:

B . Create a README file describing the repository: A well-written README file provides essential information about the project, such as what it does, how to use it, and how to contribute. This is often the first thing potential users or contributors will see, making it critical for discoverability.

D . Add topics to classify the repository: Adding topics to your repository helps classify it under specific categories, making it easier for others to find it through GitHub's search and exploration features. Topics act like tags, helping to connect your project with users interested in similar subjects.

Registering a repository with GitHub search and adding labels are not applicable actions for improving discoverability in the broader sense.

### NEW QUESTION # 39

Which of the following is the best GitHub feature for long-form documentation for a project?

- A. Pull Requests
- B. Insights
- C. Projects
- D. Wikis

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

GitHub offers a variety of features for different aspects of project management and documentation. For long-form documentation, the best feature is Wikis. Wikis in GitHub allow you to create detailed, structured documentation that is easy to navigate and edit. Each repository in GitHub can have its own Wiki, which acts as a space for collaborators to maintain project documentation, guides, manuals, or any other long-form content.

Wikis are specifically designed to host extensive documentation in a way that is easy to reference and edit over time. They support Markdown, allowing you to format your documentation effectively. Unlike the other options, Wikis are explicitly intended for the purpose of long-form content, making them the best choice for this use case.

### NEW QUESTION # 40

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