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SolarWinds Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Reports: This domain focuses on creating, scheduling, and managing reports that provide insights into network performance, availability, and metrics for documentation and analysis.

Topic 2	• Customization and User Experience: This domain addresses platform customization through dashboards and views, managing user accounts and permissions, implementing custom properties, and organizing resources using groups.
Topic 3	• SolarWinds Platform Architecture and Deployment: This domain covers the SolarWinds Platform's structural components, deployment requirements for installation, and network discovery capabilities for identifying and adding devices to the monitoring environment.

SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals Sample Questions (Q70-Q75):

NEW QUESTION # 70
An alert is needed when the bandwidth utilization on a specific set of router interfaces exceeds 75%. The alert needs to be limited to specific devices and their interfaces. How is this task accomplished?

- A. Use an account limitation to limit the alert to desired devices and interfaces.
- B. Modify the scope on the reset conditions to contain the desired nodes and interfaces.
- C. Create a critical status-based alert and change the interface utilization status.
- D. Modify the scope on the trigger conditions to contain the desired nodes and interfaces.

Answer: D

Explanation:
The alerting engine in the SolarWinds Platform uses a "Scope" and "Condition" logic to determine when an action should fire. According to theSolarWinds Platform Alerting Guide, the "Scope" defineswhichobjects the alert engine should evaluate, while the "Condition" defineswhatperformance metric triggers the alert.
To limit an alert to a specific set of router interfaces, the administrator mustmodify the scope on the trigger conditions. In the Alert Wizard, under the "Trigger Condition" tab, there is a section titled "I want to alert on..." (Interface) and a secondary section for "The scope of the alert". By adding specific rules to this scope- such as Node Name is Router-A or Interface Alias contains WAN-the alert engine will ignore the thousands of other interfaces in the database and only monitor the 75% utilization threshold on those specific targets.
Using account limitations (Option D) is incorrect for this purpose, as account limitations affect what auser sees in the console, not how the backendalerting engineprocesses data.

NEW QUESTION # 71
Which two of the following permissions are default settings for users added to SolarWinds* Hybrid Cloud Observability (HCO)? (Choose two.)

- A. log into web console
- B. edit views
- C. manage reports
- D. view existing reports

Answer: A,D

Explanation:
When new users are added to the SolarWinds Platform, they are typically granted a "Standard User" baseline of permissions to ensure they have immediate visibility without administrative risk. According to the SolarWinds Platform User Account Managementguides, the two primary default rights arelog into web console (B)andview existing reports (D).
The ability to log into the web console is the fundamental prerequisite for any user interaction with the platform. Once logged in, the "View Existing Reports" permission allows the user to navigate the report manager, search for historical data, and run or export reports that have been shared with them. These permissions are considered "safe" or "read-only" baseline rights. In contrast,Edit Views (A)andManage Reports (C)are administrative-level permissions that are disabled by default. "Edit Views" allows a user to change the dashboard layout for everyone, and "Manage Reports" allows for the creation, deletion, and scheduling of reports. By restricting these to an "opt-in" basis, SolarWinds protects the integrity of the monitoring configuration while ensuring that every team member can access the information they need to perform their daily duties.

NEW QUESTION # 72
What are custom properties and how are they used?

- A. user-defined fields to store additional node or element information
- B. built-in attributes used for dynamic device grouping
- C. static, pre-defined fields automatically applied to all monitored nodes
- D. static fields used to identify nodes in SQL database

Answer: A

Explanation:
Custom Propertiesare one of the most versatile features of the SolarWinds Platform, providing a way to extend the metadata associated with monitored objects. TheSolarWinds Platform Administrator Guidedefines them as "user-defined fieldsthat allow you to add custom information to nodes, interfaces, volumes, or other monitored entities".
Unlike built-in attributes like "IP Address" or "Vendor," which are discovered automatically, custom properties are created by the administrator to suit specific business needs. Common examples include "Site Location," "Emergency Contact," "Department," or "Service Level Agreement (SLA) Tier". These fields are critical for organization and automation because they allow for:
* Filtering and Grouping: You can create groups that automatically include any node where the "Department" custom property is set to "Finance".
* Alerting: You can configure alerts to only trigger for nodes marked as "Mission Critical" in a custom property field.
* Reporting: Reports can be generated to show the uptime of all nodes belonging to a specific "Owner" or "Cost Center".
Because they are user-defined, they provide the necessary flexibility to map technical monitoring data to real- world business structures.

NEW QUESTION # 73
Which two of the following group settings can be added as member settings? (Choose two.)

- A. groups
- B. user accounts
- C. intelligent maps
- D. alerts

Answer: B,D

Explanation:
In the SolarWinds Platform, groups are more than just static lists; they are logical containers that allow for the inheritance and management of settings across multiple entities. According to theSolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, when configuring a group, you can define specific "Member Settings" that apply to the objects contained within that group.
The two primary settings that can be integrated as member settings within the group configuration arealerts (A)anduser accounts (D).
* Alerts: This allows administrators to associate specific alerting logic directly with group membership.
For example, you can configure group-specific alert thresholds or suppressions that apply only to the members of that group, ensuring that critical infrastructure groups have more sensitive alerting profiles than development or test groups.
* User Accounts: This refers to the ability to link specific user or group account permissions to the group itself. This is often used in multi-tenant or departmentalized environments where a user account is granted a "Group Limitation." By adding user account settings as a member setting, you can define which users have the rights to view, manage, or edit the specific entities within that group.
While you can nest "groups" (Option B) within each other, they are considered members themselves rather than a "member setting". Similarly, "Intelligent Maps" (Option C) are visualization objects that cancontain groups, but they are not a configurable setting appliedtothe members of a group within the standard group management wizard.

NEW QUESTION # 74
A SolarWinds* Hybrid Cloud Observability (HCO) user account is to be used to run a NOC view in an operations center. The view is to run continuously without being logged out. Which setting should be configured within the user account to accomplish this goal?

- A. grant account manage view permissions
- B. disable session timeout default settings
- C. set account expiration date to 1 year from now
- D. grant account manage dashboard permissions

Answer: B

Explanation:
For Network Operations Centers (NOCs) that display SolarWinds dashboards on large wall-mounted monitors, maintaining a continuous session is vital. By default, the SolarWinds Platform implements a security timeout (often 15 to 20 minutes of inactivity) that automatically logs a user out to protect the console.
According to theSolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, to prevent this for a dedicated NOC account, the administrator mustdisable session timeout default settings (A). This is found within the "Advanced" section of the specific User Account settings. When this toggle is enabled, the platform ignores the global session timeout for that specific login, allowing the dashboard to refresh indefinitely without requiring manual re- authentication.
While granting management permissions (Options B and C) might allow the user tocreatethe view, it does nothing to prevent the session from expiring. Similarly, an "Account Expiration Date" (Option D) only controls the long-term validity of the account, not the duration of an individual active web session. Disabling the timeout is the standard procedural requirement for any "Service Account" or "Display Account" used in a continuous monitoring environment.

NEW QUESTION # 75
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